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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain BRUCE, *arrived at Boſton, in four Weeks from London, we have the following Advices, viz.*

LONDON, September 10.

An impartial Account of a late intereſting *CONFERENCE, with the ſeveral Particulars, previous and ſubſequent.*

SOME weeks before the riſing of Parliament, Mr. C. declared to ſeveral of his friends, a reſolution he had taken to reſign; becauſe, as he ſaid, his ſituation was become extremely diſagreeable to him; he was overruled in his opinion of meaſures, which he did not adviſe; and becauſe he was by his office neceſſarily obliged to act in oppoſition to his friends, with whom he wiſhed to be re-united. And he made the ſame declaration, or ſomething not very unlike it, to a Great Perſonage, but at the ſame time ſaid, he would ſtay till a ſucceſſor was appointed. In conſequence of this declaration, he ceaſed to tranſact any buſineſs in his office, and circular letters were ſent to the Ambaſſadors for four weeks together, ſignifying that he was out of employment.

A few days before the riſing of Parliament, the L--d Pr---d--t (L--d N.) declared to the ſame Great Perſonage, his reſolution to reſign, on account of his ill ſtate of health, and real inability to attend the public buſineſs; and adviſed the Great Perſon to ſend for the D. of B. L--d T. and Mr. G. &c. whom he had before publicly declared, *were equal to their offices*.

This, though an expected event, bore no relation to the preceding declaration of Mr. C. nor were the two perſons in the ſmalleſt degree connected.

A few days after the riſing of Parliament, the Great Perſon wrote a letter with his own hand, to one of his principal ſervants, who lay ſick at Hampſtead, acquainting him of his reſolution to make ſome alterations in his ſervants, and deſiring his aſſiſtance or advice. The ſervant ſent a *verbal* anſwer to this effect, 'That ſuch was his ſtate of health, the Great Perſon muſt 'not expect from him any further advice, or aſſiſtance, in any 'arrangement whatever.'

It being now certain, that application muſt be made to ſome part of the oppoſition, the Duke of N. who dreaded nothing ſo much as a diviſion of them, and therefore had for ſome time ſtrongly recommended a firm union among them, againſt the ſecret deſigns of the Favourite; whom, it is ſaid, he ſuſpected would attempt to repeat his old trick of dividing them. His Grace converſed with the friends of all the leaders in oppoſition; and preſſed, with particular aſſiduity, and extraordinary ardour, the great and indiſpenſable neceſſity of a faithful and ſteady adherence to each other. He ſhewed the advantages which muſt reſult from ſuch an union, and he exhibited the wretched and ruined ſituation into which any part of them muſt inevitably fall, if they ſuffered themſelves to be ſeduced from their friends. His Grace took infinite and incredible pains to unite the houſes of Ruſſell and Wentworth, left by the ſecret machinations of the F-------e (againſt whoſe p--------s influence no adminiſtration has hitherto been able to ſtand, the moment he chuſes to become their enemy) either of them ſhould be over-reached, or drawn in by a principle of miſtaken duty; when in reality it is a much more eſſential duty, and a matter of ſtrict juſtice, to enquire after the author of the public grievances, than to connive at the protection afforded him. With a view to the final accompliſhment of this union, ſo extremely intereſting to the welfare of the country, the Lords G-w-r, W-ym---h, and Mr. R-gby, dined with his Grace at Cl-----nt; and a few days afterwards (July 5, 1767) the Marquis of R. and ſeveral of his friends, dined likewiſe with his Grace at the ſame place.

At this period we will leave the oppoſition, and turn to the proceedings of the C--rt.

In conſequence of the *verbal* anſwer received from Hampſtead, the F--------e applied to his former aſſociate Lord H----, who had ſo materially aſſiſted him in procuring approbation of the late peace, and other meaſures. That perſon ſent him his advice on Sunday morning, July 5th: Soon after the receipt of which, the F--------e ſet out for R-ch--nd; and it was remarkable, and taken notice of at the time, that a Great Perſonage did not come to town that day. Whatever was the plan then adopted for a new arrangement of m------s, is not exactly known; and if it were, might be more decently gueſſed at, than related. Certain it is, that that part of the oppoſition ſuppoſed to be the leaſt hoſtile to the F--------e, was immediately applied to. The D. of G. wrote a letter, by order of the C--rt, to the Marquis of R. 'requeſting his Lordſhip's return to court, to aſſiſt in the preſent 'critical ſituation of affairs.' This naturally brought on an interview between the Duke and the Marquis; when, among other things, his Grace ſaid, 'That he was tired of his office, and 'wiſhed his Lordſhip might be his ſucceſſor.' Lord R. aſked, 'Whether his Grace ſaid this from his own, or from the authority of an higher power.' The Duke ſaid, 'he could not anſwer that queſtion.' The conference broke off; but, two days after, was renewed; when Lord R. aſked the Duke, 'Whether 'he was treating with the -----'s m--------r, or with the D. of 'G.' The Duke anſwered, 'with the -----'s m--------r.' Lord R. then ſaid, 'he would not conclude upon any thing, without 'the advice and participation of his friends.' Accordingly on Saturday, July 11, he ſet out for Wooburn; where he found Lord A. who had ſtopped there in his way to Buxton, for his health; when the above particulars were laid before his Grace the D. of B. who ſaid, 'that as the Great Perſonage had made choice of 'the Marquis of R. for his m-------r, he ſhould readily acquieſce 'in that nomination, for the ſake of putting an end to parties; 'and of reſtoring unanimity, ſo peculiarly eſſential at this time 'to the management of the public buſineſs; but though he renounced all pretenſions to any place or emolument for himſelf, 'yet he did not mean his friends ſhould for that reaſon be excluded: On the contrary, he ſtipulated, that they ſhould be conſidered in the new arrangement; and upon that occaſion he 'chearfully offered his ſupport to the adminiſtration. And he 'added, that if the Great Perſonage had made choice of himſelf 'to treat with, he ſhould have expected the ſame kind of renounciation from his lordſhip, regarding himſelf perſonally, and 'his friends ſhould, in like manner, have been taken care of. 'However, his grace ſaid, That all this was conditionally only, 'for he would not agree to any thing, without firſt conſulting 'Lord T. and Mr. G.' Accordingly Mr. R. went to them, and their joint anſwer was, an exact concurrence with the D. of B. into whoſe hands they committed the entire management of this negotiation. They ſaid, 'They would take nothing themſelves, 'for the ſame laudable reaſons which had influenced his grace, 'and they only deſired, as he had done, that their friends might 'be conſidered, and upon that condition they promiſed to ſupport 'the new adminiſtration with all their power and ability.' It muſt not be forgot, that the D. of N-wc-ſtle ſaid preciſely the ſame.

Thus theſe four great and reſpectable perſons, of acknowleged ability, and great experience, agreed to ſacrifice themſelves, in order to reſtore tranquility to the public, unanimity to the -----'s counſels, and eſtabliſh an able and permanent adminiſtration, compoſed of men of talents, judiciouſly ſelected from all parties. Lord R. impreſſed with this idea, and following, as he had done in his conference with the D. of B. the advice and direction of his good and worthy friend Lord A. returned to London, with full powers to treat upon the formation of a new adminiſtration, upon a *broad and comprehenſive ſyſtem*.

The D. of G. was made acquainted with this, and deſired to report it to a Great Perſonage, which he did on the 15th of July. The Great Perſonage took two days to conſider of it. On Friday, the 17th, an anſwer was ſaid to be returned to the D. of G. to this effect, 'That the Great Perſonage adopted and approved 'of the idea of a *comprehenſive ſyſtem*, and hoped it was not meant 'to exclude his friends, and thoſe about his perſon; for the reſt, 'he entirely agreed.' Which anſwer being given to Lord R. he ſent for the D. of B. to London, who arrived on Sunday evening the 19th.

On Monday, the 20th of July, it was agreed, that there ſhould be a meeting of the ſeveral perſons in town at Newcaſtle-houſe that day, and accordingly there came the Dukes of B-df--d, N-wc-ſtle, R--hmo-d, and P--tl-nd; the Marquis of R-ck--g-h-m, the Earl of S-ndw--h; Viſcount W--y---th; Mr. D--dſw-ll, Mr. R-gby, and Admiral K-ppel.

Mr. R. read a letter from Mr. G. wherein that Gentleman 'promiſed his ſupport to the new adminiſtration, out of office, 'provided the dependance and obedience of the colonies were 'aſſerted and maintained.' Much altercation inſtantly aroſe upon reading this letter. The Marquis of R. was warm. The Duke of B. remarkably cool and temperate. At length Lord S--dw-ch ſaid, 'that it was needleſs to debate about that letter, for he was 'certain they all meant the ſame thing; that their conduct, 'reſpecting the colonies, muſt be regulated by the future be'haviour of the colonies, and not by any regard or retroſpect to 'former tranſactions. If the colonies, added his L---ſh-p, are 'dutiful and loyal, there will be no occaſion to exerciſe any ex'traordinary power over them; and if they ſhould be otherwiſe, 'he did not doubt but all preſent, as well as their friends, would 'join in every proper and neceſſary meaſure to enforce obedi'ence.' This reaſoning being approved of, and all uniting in the ſame ſentiments, Mr. D-wd-ſw-ll took up the letter, and ſtruck out the two words *aſſerted* and *maintained*, and put in *ſupported* and *eſtabliſhed*. Here all altercation upon this ſubject entirely ended, M. R-gby folded up the letter, and put it into his pocket; and there was not another word uttered concerning it.

They then came on to the arrangement of men to the great offices; the ſubject upon which they had met. The Marquis of R. propoſed himſelf for firſt Lord of the Treaſury, with the powers uſually annexed to that poſt, and Mr. D-wd-ſ--ll for his, Chancellor of the Exchequer; to all which the D. of B. agreed. The Marquis next propoſed Mr. C-nw-y for Secretary of State, and *Miniſter of the Houſe of Commons* *. To which the D. of B. ſaid, 'that he had for two ſeſſions ſeen ſufficient proofs of Mr. C's 'inability in a civil capacity, ever to agree to that propoſal; that 'he thought the military was Mr. C's proper line; that he had 'always entertained a very high opinion of him as a military 'officer; that he had not the leaſt objection to Mr. C's being 'amply provided for on the military eſtabliſhment; nay, to his 'being gratified to the utmoſt of his wiſhes.'

The Marquis of R. ſaid, 'that it was a propoſal from which 'he would not recede;' and other words to the ſame effect. Upon which Mr. R-gby ſaid, 'that they ſtopped at the threſh'old, and that it was needleſs to go any further into the matter.'

The parties broke up, without any other condition being ſo much as mentioned.

Next morning (Tueſday, July 21) the Earl of S--dw-ch having occaſion to make a viſit to the Duke of N. his Grace took the opportunity of reſuming the ſubject of laſt night's conference; 'he earneſtly conjured his Lordſhip to exert his abilities, 'and employ all his good offices in endeavouring to reconcile the 'parties who had differed; he urged again and again, the neceſſity of their agreeing upon this great, this important occa'ſion; he trembled for the miſchiefs and dangers, which muſt 'ariſe from a diviſion of their ſtrength and intereſts; and con'cluded with repeatedly ſupplicating, in the ſtrongeſt terms, that 'they might be brought together again to his houſe that evening.' Lord S--dw-ch waited on the D. of B. and the D. of N. went himſelf to the Marquis of R. Accordingly the following five met at N-wc-ſtle-houſe that evening; viz. the Dukes of B. and N. the Marquis of R. Mr. D-wdeſw-ll, and Mr. R-gby. When the Marquis inſiſting on the propoſal he had before made reſpecting Mr. C. and declaring he would not agree to any arrangement in which Mr. C. was not included in that capacity, and the D. of B. refuſing to agree to it, the conference finally broke off.

Next day, Wedneſday, the Marquis of R. waited on a Great Perſonage; and, it is ſaid, acquainted him, that he had met his friends, who had agreed to the propoſal of his being firſt Lord of the Treaſury, but that they had differed in providing for Mr. C. and that in conſequence of that difference, he had no plan of adminiſtration to lay before him. The Great Perſonage thanked his L--dſh-p for the pains he had taken, and the regard he had ſhewn to his ſervice; but added, *that he never knew the Treaſury was deſigned for his L--dſh-p* †.

From the concluſion of this anſwer it is clear, that either the Marquis of R. greatly miſtook the D. of G. in the conferences he had with his Grace; or, that his Grace was not ſufficiently candid and explicit in his converſations with the Marquis. The latter is ſaid to have been the caſe; upon which the reader will make his own remarks.

The Marquis of R. waited on the Duke of B. (Thurſday, July 23) and expreſſed his deſire that no difference might ariſe between them, on account of what had paſſed, but that they might continue in the ſame union and friendſhip as before; which was accepted.

On Friday, July 24, Mr. C. attempted to renew the negotiation with the Marquis of R. excluſively; but the Marquis refuſed to leave his friends.

All negotiation being now at an end, the leading perſons in adminiſtration met, to conſider on what ſhould be their future conduct. They all agreed to remain in their places.

It is to the honour of the oppoſition, that all ſiniſter efforts, and temptations, which were repeatedly held out to different parts of them, were ſteadily repelled, and uniformly refuſed. It is to be lamented, that they were not able to compromiſe their own differences; though it is not difficult for a man of penetration to ſee, that if the reſpectable perſons who met at N-wc-ſtle houſe had agreed, there was ſtill a poſſibility of other obſtacles being ſecretly thrown in their way, which might have afterwards appeared in another place. And it is ſhrewdly imagined, that this negotiation was not intended to ſucceed, when it was found they were not to be divided. Certain it is, that an unhappy ſuffering country is ſtill deprived of the much-wiſhed-for ſervices of its real and moſt able friends; of that deſirable union, which alone can give ſtability to government, and can relieve, or rather reſcue, us, from the ------ hand of a ----- F--------e.

* *This officer is but of modern inſtitution; and to the inexperienced reader, may require ſome explanation. The firſt we find upon record, is he, who, in November* 1755, *couched his firſt written inſtructions in the following words:*

"SIR,

"The King has declared his intention to make me Secretary of State, and I (very unworthy as I fear I am of ſuch an undertaking) muſt take the conduct of the Houſe of Commons. I cannot therefore well accept the office till after the firſt day's debate, which may be a warm one. A great attendance that day of my friends will be of the greateſt conſequence to my future ſituation, and I ſhould be extremely happy, if you would, for that reaſon, ſhew yourſelf among them, to the great honour of, &c. &c. H. F."

† *Immediately after the Marquis of R's coming out, Lord H. was introduced to the Great Perſonage, and his L--dſh-p had the honour of a private conference, which laſted a conſiderable time.*

"Though the wings of prerogative have been clipt, the influence of the crown is greater than ever it was in any period of our hiſtory. For when we conſider, in how many boroughs the government has the voters at its command; when we conſider the vaſt body of perſons employed in the collection of the revenue in every part of the kingdom, the inconceivable number of placemen, and candidates for places in the cuſtoms, in the exciſe, in the poſt-office, in the dock-yards, in the ordnance, in the ſalt-office, in the ſtamps, in the navy and victualling-offices, and in a variety of other departments: When we conſider again the extenſive influence of the money corporations, ſubſcription jobbers and contractors; the endleſs dependance created by the obligations conferred on the bulk of the Gentlemens families throughout the kingdom, who have relations preferred in our navy, and numerous ſtanding army; when, I ſay, we conſider how wide, how binding a dependance on the crown is created by the above-enumerated particulars; and the great, the enormous weight and influence which the crown derives from this extenſive dependance upon its favours and power, any Lord in waiting, any Lord of the Bed-chamber, any man, may be appointed Miniſter."

A doctrine to this effect is ſaid to have been the advice of L--- H----.

Juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold by

JAMES GORDON,

At his ſtore in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

BLUE, brown, ſcarlet and faſhionable mixed broadcloths, ſhaloons and rattinets, blue, cloth coloured and red coating, beaver frize, Colcheſter baize, emboſſed ſerges, naps, ſwanſkins, ſtriped and plain camblets, calimancoes, dorſetteens, tammies, durants, worſted damaſks, ſpotted, green and blue rugs, 6, 7, 8, and 9-qr. blankets, Indian blanketing, flannels, halfthicks, Barcelona handkerchiefs, cravats, black taffeties, ſattins, pelongs, white ſarſnets, black, blue, green and bluſh half yd. perſians, black, blue, green and ſtriped ell wd. perſians, ſilk fringes, knee garters, ſilk and cotton romals, black and cloth coloured paduaſoy ribbons, black and white ſattin ditto, faſhionable figured ditto, bar lead, gooſe, duck and pidgeon ſhot, London and Whitechapel needles, pins, paper, crewels and marking canvas, boys, girls, mens and womens worſted, yarn and cotton hoſe, womens worſted mitts, mens yarn gloves, womens beſt purple grain lamb gloves, plain and flowered mens, womens and maids white, yellow and cloth coloured ditto, roſet handkerchiefs, Scotch thread, ivory and horn combs, black, blue, cloth, green, white and crow coloured ſewing ſilk, ſham buck and bone knives and forks, cutteau, piſtol cap and Barlow penknives, ſciſſars, Ruſſia and Britiſh ozenbrigs, Drogheda linens, Ruſſia drills and ſheeting, Iriſh linen and ſheeting, death-head and baſket buttons, with twiſt, childrens Morocco pumps, cottons, calicoes, chintz, and chintz furniture, yd. wd. 7-8ths, 10, 11 nail, and yd. 3-8ths cotton and linen checks and ſtripes, &c. &c. &c.

The Third IMPORTATION ſince laſt SPRING, by

ROBERT BASS,

APOTHECARY and CHYMIST, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the priſon, who has juſt received, in the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London,

A FRESH aſſortment of capital DRUGS, which, with pleaſure, he can recommend to the niceſt and moſt careful practitioners in phyſic.

A ſmall aſſortment of apothecary's ſhop furniture, very compleat and ſuitable for young beginners.

Caſes and pouches of ſurgeons capital and ſmall inſtruments, with divers ſpare ones, to be had ſingly, for the compleating gentlemens ſetts.

A few patent medicines, particularly thoſe moſt in fame, of the celebrated Dr. Hill.

Officinal medicines, carefully prepared, from the laſt reform of the London college of phyſicians, and as neat as in London.

Practitioners preſcriptions, and family receipts, diſpenſed and compounded in a proper manner.

Medicine boxes for ſea Captains, of any price, with directions ſuitable to the country or climate they are intended for. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

THE noted TAVERN at Cheſter, formerly occupied by Aubrey Bevan, and now in the poſſeſſion of Davis Bevan; it is conveniently ſituated, and a well accuſtomed houſe, has a very fine garden, a good ſtone ſtable, waſh-houſe, cat-houſe, ſheds, and all other conveniencies ſuitable for an inn, or tavern. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to DAVIS BEVAN, on the premiſes, to JOHN PEARSON, in Darby, or THOMAS PRYOR, and MARY BEVAN, in Philadelphia. ¶ S. W.

By the Ship CATHERINE, Captain HENDERSON, from Briſtol, in a very ſhort Paſſage, we have the following Advices.

GENOA, Auguſt 15.

THE maſter of a veſſel, who is arrived in 6 days from Mahon, brings advice, that 5 Venetian ſhips of war were arrived there, with the Venetian Conſul, from Algiers, not having been able to renew the peace between the Republic of Venice and the Dey and Regency, and had declared war againſt the Algerines.

Leghorn, Auguſt 12. The following edict has been publiſhed in Corſica.

" You are well apprized, dear people, that our nation has no enemy but the Republic of Genoa, and that it is with her only that we are at war. The departure of the troops of his Moſt Chriſtan Majeſty, offers us a very favourable opportunity of further eſtabliſhing that liberty we ſo much value. This is our precious moment, wherein our zeal and courage ſhould be ſhewn. The people of Calvi continue in the firmeſt reſolution of acting for the common welfare; and if you ſuſtain this reſolution, by your courage, we may anſwer for the happy ſucceſs of our enterprizes.

" Mean while, in endeavouring for the good of our country, to animate your courage, it is our intention, that in the preſent circumſtances the ſincereſt marks of reſpect be ſhewn by the nation towards the arms of their Moſt Chriſtan and Catholic Majeſties, together with the high veneration we have for the company of St. Ignatius, and our compaſſion for their misfortunes.

" It is therefore our order and will, that, under pain of death, no perſon uſe any hoſtility againſt the nations above-mentioned; and it is our expreſs order, that the Fathers of the company of Jeſus be well received, and furniſhed with all poſſible aſſiſtance, as being worthy of attention. (Signed)

JOHN ANTHONY ORTICONI, Chancellor."

Genoa, Auguſt 29. Yeſterday arrived two Spaniſh frigates of war, with a convoy of nine ſhips, and one polacca, having on board 560 Jeſuits expulſed from Spain: They came laſt from Hiace in Corſica; but there not being room in that town to receive them, the Corſicans occupying the town, the Spaniſh Commodore brought them hither, as he was likewiſe in want of proviſions, having bread left only for 48 hours. Laſt night a courier was diſpatched to Madrid for orders where they muſt be carried to, as the towns belonging to the Republic in Corſica are filled with thoſe that are already landed; and another veſſel is daily expected from Carthagena with about 50 more.

Letters from Calvi of the 25th ſay, that hoſtilities were committed daily, between the Republic's troops in garriſon, and the Corſicans: That on the 24th a ſmart ſkirmiſh happened; and that the Corſicans had been diſlodged from the convent of St. Frances, which was almoſt deſtroyed by the bomb ſhells and cannon-ſhot fired from the caſtle.

Venice, Auguſt 22. Yeſterday arrived here an expreſs to the Senate, with the news, that the Dey of Algiers had, immediately after the departure of the Venetian fleet from the harbour of Algiers, come to the reſolution to beg peace of the Venetians, as ſoon as he found that the orders of the Senate to Admiral Emo were, to keep cruizing with the eight ſhips under his command, and to ſink, burn, and deſtroy all Algerine veſſels that he could meet with.

Warſaw, Auguſt 22. Prince Poniatowſki, Chamberlain of the Crown; Prince Czartoryſki, General of Padolia; Count Branicki, Great Huntſman of the Crown, and ſeveral other great Officers, ſigned the acceſſion to the general confederacy on the 14th inſtant, but each of them under certain reſtrictions.

On the 14th of this month the Envoy of the new Chan of the Tartars arrived here, on his return from Byaliſtock, where he has had an audience of Count de Branicki, Great-General of the Crown. The cuſtomary guard was immediately aſſigned him, and ten ducats a day are allowed him for his table, and other expences, beſides five ducats a week for his lodging. This day he makes his public entry into the city on horſeback. It is ſaid he will remain here till the cloſing of the diet, that he may receive the anſwers of the three orders of the ſtate, to the propoſitions which he is charged to make them. The laſt letters from Conſtantinople, nevertheleſs, adviſe, that the Tartars are not pleaſed with their preſent Chan, but would much rather that the perſon he replaces had been continued in the dignity.

Whitehall, September 8. The King has been pleaſed to appoint Henry Hulton, John Temple, William Burch, Charles Paxton, and John Robinſon, Eſqrs. to be Commiſſioners for the Receipt and Management of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and other Duties in America.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto John Porter, Eſq; the Office of Comptroller on the Caſhier of the Accounts of the Cuſtoms and other Duties in America.

LONDON.

Aug. 31. On Saturday in the afternoon ſome diſpatches arrived in town from the Earl of Stormont, his Majeſty's ambaſſador at the court of Vienna.

It is ſaid that an extraordinary privy-council will be ſummoned to meet this week.

By a letter from Bengal there is advice, that the Morattoes and Zimmindars, having made an incurſion upon Midnapour, a frontier country, were repulſed with great loſs by the forces of the Eaſt-India company, and obliged to retire to the north of Piply river.

Extract of a letter from Algiers, July 23.

" M. Angelo Emo, who commands the Venetian ſquadron, has not been able to re-eſtabliſh the peace between his Republic and this Regency. The Dey, with whom he has had ſeveral interviews, abated, indeed, in the demand which he firſt made of 50,000 ſequins, and reduced it to 30,000, but on condition that the Republic made him an annual preſent of 12,000 ſequins, with a cargoe of timber, proper for the conſtruction of ſhips. Admiral Emo, on his ſide, offered no more than 10,000 ſequins, beſides the preſents which the Dey demanded on his acceſſion to the Regency, but without the ſhip-timber. The Dey refuſed theſe offers, and told M. Emo, that, ' if he did not agree to what he had demanded, he had nothing to do but to return.' This laſt interview paſſed the 20th of this month, and next day the four ſhips, which compoſed the Venetian ſquadron, put to ſea. Immediately after their departure, notice was given to the Corſairs, that they might attack the Venetian ſhips, and take them wherever they meet with them.

" The Dey has alſo notified to the Daniſh conſul, " that if " his nation does not ſend, within the term of three months, " the preſents which the Dey demanded on his advancement to " that dignity, war ſhall be declared againſt the Danes."

Sept. 1. *The Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, Eſq; is appointed Lieutenant General of the Ordnance, in the room of Lord Viſcount Townſend.*

We hear Mr. De Grey is appointed Chancellor of Ireland.

His Majeſty has appointed John Randolph, Eſq; to be Attorney General, and Commiſſary of the Court of Vice Admiralty, in Virginia.

Sept. 3. They write from Civita Vecchia, that two thouſand Corſicans have poſſeſſed themſelves of a convent of Capuchins, within muſket ſhot of Calvi, and raiſed a battery there. Five hundred Jeſuits are landed at Agajola, and eight hundred at Calvi.

Sept. 5. The people of Ireland are ſo extremely ſanguine for a ſeptennial Parliament, that all the corporations in the kingdom are inſtructing the Members to obtain ſuch a meaſure at their next aſſembly.

Sept. 7. *Before the Earl of Chatham ſet out on his journey to Somerſetſhire, his Lordſhip wrote to a Great Perſonage, and a ſhort note to his Grace the D. of G. importing his apprehenſion that (from the weak ſtate of his health) of being ſoon obliged to give over all thoughts, and to take a final leave of every ſort of public buſineſs for the future.*

The late Right Hon. Charles Townſend, Eſq; has paſſed through the ſeveral offices, beſides thoſe already mentioned, of Lord of Trade and Plantations, of Lord of the Admiralty, of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Chambers, of Secretary at War, of Pay-Maſter General of his Majeſty's Forces. His great force was in the ſenate, where no one ever excelled him in eloquence or ability. To this may be added, that there could not be a more affectionate huſband, tender parent, a better maſter, or more enchanting and inſtructive companion. He was 42 years of age.

Sept. 8. *We hear that an expreſs is arrived, with an account, that the iſland of Segovia, the principal of the Phillipine iſles, has been entirely deſtroyed by an earthquake, except about* 100 *houſes.*

According to letters from Warſaw, of the 19th ult. the ſituation of affairs there becomes every day more and more critical, their grandees being all in movement, and Prince Radzivil having never been at court, ſince the audience he obtained of his Majeſty.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon, Aug. 30.

The 24th of this month arrived in the Tagus, a ſhallop with an expreſs on board, diſpatched by the Governor of Senegal, with orders to repair to London as ſoon as poſſible, to inform the government, that a mortality rages with ſuch violence among the troops, that out of 300 *men, of which they were compoſed, ſcarce* 60 *are remaining; and moreover, that there is a great ſcarcity of proviſions."*

Laſt Saturday's gazette contains two orders of his Majeſty in council, dated the 28th ult. by the firſt of which, the free importation, into this kingdom, of oats, or oat-meal, rye or rye-meal, wheat or wheat flour, barley or barley-meal, peas, beans, tares, callivances, malt, bread, biſcuit, and ſtarch, from any part of Europe, is permitted from the expiration of the time before limited, viz. the 10th inſtant, until 20 days after the commencement of the next ſeſſions of parliament. By the ſecond, the prohibition of the exportation of any ſort of corn, grain, meal, malt, flour, bread, biſcuit, or ſtarch, is further extended from the ſaid 10th inſtant, until 20 days after the commencement of the next ſeſſion of parliament.

They write from Penſacola, that the Spaniſh Governor of New-Orleans had received poſitive orders from his Court, to prevent the ſubjects of Great-Britain from having the leaſt commercial intercourſe with thoſe of his Catholic Majeſty under his command.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon.

" We think it no ſmall aggravation here, that the petty ſtate of Algiers can at any time terrify the haughty Portugueſe into the payment of enormous ſums, merely to purchaſe a temporary truce, while Great-Britain, their friend and ally, has not been able to procure even common juſtice to her trading ſubjects in this kingdom, by a four years negotiation."

We are credibly informed by the laſt letters from Sallee, that a perſon of diſtinction is arrived at the Court of Morocco, from Portugal, with an offer to the King of a preſent of 600,000 Spaniſh dollars for a treaty of peace, beſides 15,000 dollars per annum while the peace may laſt.

Another offer of 500,000 dollars down, and 15,000 per annum, has been made to the Bey of Algiers, on condition that all the Portugueſe ſlaves there ſhall be delivered up, and alſo the Algerine ſlaves at Portugal to be ſet at liberty.

Friday a packet, with ſome diſpatches, was received from Admiral Parry, Commander in chief of his Majeſty's ſquadron on the Leeward Iſland ſtation, in the Weſt-Indies.

On the ſame day ſome diſpatches arrived in town from the factories at Liſbon and Oporto, which have ſince been laid before the Lords of trade.

Sept. 10. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Sir William Trelawny, to be Vice Admiral of Jamaica, in the room of William Henry Lyttleton, Eſq;

By a gentleman who arrived yeſterday from Burton Pynſent, in Somerſetſhire, we are informed Lord Chatham had received great benefit from his journey thither, was ſurpriſingly recovered, and propoſed to ſet out for Bath, for the further eſtabliſhment of his health.

Yeſterday the right hon. Lord Mansfield was ſworn in Chancellor of the Exchequer, *pro tempore*, and the ſeals were delivered to him accordingly.

It is ſaid Lord Chatham has already ſold one of the great eſtates left him by the late Mr. Pynſent, to Mr. Taylor, for 20,000 l.

Sept. 12. It is ſaid that Lord North, and Mr. Dowdeſwell, have both declined accepting the place of Chancellor of the Exchequer.

It is ſaid the Earl of Bute is very ill, and attended by three eminent phyſicians.

Several perſons are talked of to ſucceed Lord Townſend as Chancellor of the Exchequer, but we are well aſſured no one is yet fixed on.

The apartments at St. James's are fitting up againſt her Majeſty's lying-in, which is expected in a few weeks.

We hear the quantity of plate allowed to the Lord Lieutenants of Ireland, is always valued at 2,800 l.

Sept. 15. *It is ſaid that the Parliament will meet for the diſpatch of buſineſs the beginning of December.*

Lord Chatham is ſaid to be much better ſince his retirement into the weſt; but it is believed will never undertake any public buſineſs again.

A commiſſion is ſaid to be received, to purchaſe ſeveral ſtout ſhips of burden, to be fitted up for war, and laden with naval ſtores, for the ſervice of the Corſicans.

Sept. 16. *Their Majeſty's intentions of honouring the Duke of Marlborough with a viſit at Blenheim Houſe, are laid aſide, on account of her Majeſty being ſo far advanced in her pregnancy.*

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Hon. William Lord Manſfield, Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, the Office of Chancellor of his Majeſty's Exchequer, in the room of the Right Hon. Charles Townſend, deceaſed.

On Wedneſday next his Excellency Lord Townſend will have his firſt levee, at his houſe in South Audley-ſquare, ſince his being Lord Lieutenant of Ireland; and we hear that his Excellency intends ſetting out the twentieth of next month.

It is ſaid the Earl of Carliſle will have one of the vacant green ribbons.

They write from Paris, that the celebrated John James Rouſſeau is at preſent at the ſeat of a perſon of quality, in Auvergne, where he is compoſing with all his might, a piece upon the manners and genius of the Engliſh; and that, beſides 1800 *livres a year of his own, he has actually a penſion of* 2000 *livres per annum conferred on him by his Britannic Majeſty.*

According to letters from Gibraltar, the Dey of Algiers had cauſed the Commander of one of his Xebeques to be ſtrangled immediately on coming into port, for having plundered a Mahoneſe veſſel in the Mediterranean, belonging to the ſubjects of his Britannic Majeſty.

The new Negotiation for a new ſett of Miniſters, advances daily, ſays a daily paper of yeſterday.

We are credibly informed, an Elector of a capital borough in the ſouth, noted for a ſpirit of, and as noted for miſcarriage in, oppoſition, has been highly honoured with a key from the weſt, the grand uſe of which, it is preſumed, is for him to retire into certain parks or gardens, in order to contemplate when it will be moſt proper to open the gates or doors of bribery, corruption, publicans and ſinners, to let in a Caledonian, or Nabob, in which it is hoped he will meet his uſual diſappointment, that two of the very few independent members may be re-elected.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Hertford had the honour of a conference with his Majeſty at Kew.

Orders are ſent to Woolwich, for a quantity of military ſtores, and alſo a quantity of timber, to be got in readineſs to be ſhipped for Gibraltar and Minorca.

Sept. 17. Yeſterday Lord Viſcount Townſend took leave of his Majeſty at St. James's, on his departure for Ireland, next week.

John Elliot, Eſq; is appointed Vice Admiral of Weſt-Florida, in the room of John Johnſton, Eſquire.

The 17th regiment, from New-York, is arrived at Portſmouth.

They write from Breſt, that 2000 tons of ſhip timber had juſt arrived there, in Swediſh tranſports, from the Baltick, for the uſe of the king's dock yards.

This morning Mr. Durand had a long conference with the Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Conway, at his houſe in Little Warwick-ſtreet, on the ſubject of diſpatches from the court of Verſailles.

According to private letters from a certain kingdom, our Ambaſſador has been received with a coldneſs by that court, which ſeemed to promiſe but very indifferent ſucceſs to his negotiations.

Letters from Italy, by yeſterday's mail, bring a confirmation of a violent earthquake, in the iſle of Caſtaloni, belonging to the Venetians; half the capital town is deſtroyed; a great number of the inhabitants loſt their lives; and the number of the maimed is ſtill greater. The Governor of the iſland very narrowly eſcaped with his family and domeſtics on board a ſhip, the houſe which he occupied being entirely demoliſhed. The ſhocks had not ceaſed when the letters came away; and they were alſo felt at the iſlands of St. Maure, Tenedos, and Argos, which have all greatly ſuffered.

Thomas Bowers, and Iſaac Hulls, porters, concerned together in ſtealing 2000 l. *from Meſſ. Paynes, Bankers in Lombard-ſtreet, which they were intruſted to carry to the Nottingham waggon, were yeſterday ſentenced to be tranſported.*

Letters from Madrid of the 23d *ſay,* " *Expreſſes continue to arrive at Aranjuez very frequently, from Paris and Liſbon, which have occaſioned many councils to be held. It is pretended that they relate chiefly to the affairs of the Jeſuits; but thoſe whoſe judgment and information are moſt to be relied on, and who dare ſpeak out, make no ſcruple to declare, that ſome matters of great importance, reſpecting Great Britain, are in agitation between this court, and thoſe of Paris and Liſbon.*"

We learn from Copenhagen of the 8th ult. that a treaty of commerce is negotiating between the courts of England and Denmark, by which, among other beneficial articles, the ſubjects of Great Britain are to enjoy an excluſive privilege, in caſe of a future war, in being ſupplied with naval and military ſtores from the Daniſh ſettlements in the Weſt-Indies.

Sept. 18. *Some diſpatches of importance are ſaid to have been received yeſterday from Commodore Graves, Commander in Chief on the African ſtation.*

Yeſterday his Excellency the Earl of Rochford took leave of their Majeſties at St. James's, on his departure to the French court; and we hear his Lordſhip purpoſes ſetting out to-morrow.

Some letters from Leghorn mention, that deputies from all the chief towns in Corſica, ſtill remaining under the dominion of the Genoeſe, had been ſent to General Paoli's head quarters, with propoſals for effectually throwing off the yoke of the republic, which was daily expected to take place.

They write from Cagliari, in Sardinia, that 14 *xebecs and armed gallies, with two Engliſh built frigates, of* 30 *guns, are now fitting out there, to cruiſe againſt the Algerine corſairs, and other Barbary pirates, in the Mediterranean.*

A letter from Dublin, dated Sept. 8, *ſays,* " *It is reported here, that at the next meeting of our parliament, the ſtate of the penſions upon the civil eſtabliſhment of Ireland, will be taken into conſideration.*

BOSTON, October 26.

The freeholders and other inhabitants of this town, are notified to meet at Faneuil Hall on Wedneſday next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in order, amongſt other things, to conſider and agree upon ſome effectual meaſures to promote induſtry, oeconomy, and manufactures, thereby to prevent the unneceſſary importation of European commodities, which threaten the country with poverty and ruin:---That the mind and reſolution of the town may be taken, with reſpect to the expedience of an humble requeſt to his Excellency the Governor, that he will convene the General Aſſembly as ſoon as may be; and the giving proper inſtructions to the repreſentatives of the town for their conduct at this very critical conjuncture of our public affairs: Alſo to conſider of ſome meaſures for employing the poor of the town of Boſton, by reviving the linen manufacture, and in ſuch other ways as ſhall be thought moſt beneficial.

It is with pleaſure we can inform our readers, That within the laſt year, 30,000 yards of cloth were manufactured in one ſmall country town in this province; ſo far does the ſpirit of induſtry begin to prevail among us, and we hope will in this way, aſſiſted by frugality and oeconomy, daily afford us a more promiſing proſpect of our emergency from the preſent alarming ſcarcity of money, and conſequent ſtagnation of trade; and from the almoſt univerſally encreaſing complaints of debt and poverty.

By Captain Bruce we learn, that the gentlemen in England who were appointed commiſſioners of the Board of Cuſtoms, had taken their paſſage in Captain Watt, who was to ſail in a few days after him for this place.

PHILADELPHIA, November 5.

On Thurſday Night laſt, Mr. RICHARD BACHE, of this City, Merchant, was married to Miſs SALLY FRANKLIN, only Daughter of the ingenious Doctor FRANKLIN; a young Lady adorned with every Accompliſhment requiſite to render the married State happy.----The next Day the Shipping ſhewed their Colours on the Occaſion.

Friday laſt his Excellency General GAGE ſet out for his Excellency Governor FRANKLIN's at Burlington, and is to proceed, we hear, accompanied by the Governor, and other Gentlemen of Diſtinction, to review his Majeſty's Troops quartered at Brunſwick.

On Thurſday laſt died, in his 25th Year, the Reverend NATHANIEL EVANS, M. A. Miſſionary to the Society for Glouceſter County, in New-Jerſey; the only and moſt dutiful Child of his aged and affectionate Parents; a Gentleman, who, in his early Youth, had given ſuch Specimens of an amiable Diſpoſition, fervent Piety, exalted Genius, quick Apprehenſion, warm Imagination, and animated Turn of Expreſſion, that there was the utmoſt Reaſon to hope he would have become an Ornament to his ſacred Profeſſion, had it pleaſed GOD to ſpare him to a longer Date.

His Remains, attended by a reſpectable Number of his ſorrowful Pariſhoners, were attended from Haddonfield, the Place of his Reſidence, to this City, on Saturday laſt, and, agreeable to his Deſire, interred in Chriſt Church. His Pall was ſupported by the Clergy of different Denominations, and a Sermon, ſuitable to the mournful Occaſion, preached by the Rev. Mr. PETERS, Rector of Chriſt Church, &c. from *Numbers* xxiii. 10.

Saturday laſt the Schooner Sally, Captain Wilſon, arrived here from Providence; on the 16th ult. in the late Gale, a Sea ſtruck the Veſſel, which carried away her Quarter Rails, and ſoon after another Sea carried away her Boltſprit, Boat, Windlas, waſhed every thing off the Deck, tore the ſails all to Pieces, and threw her on her Beam Ends for ſome Time.----On the 20th, off the Capes of Virginia, Captain Wilſon ſpoke a Brig going in there, but could not learn the Maſter's Name, or where ſhe came from.

Captain Veſey, from Briſtol, on the 6th of Sept. in Lat. 49, 28, Long. 12: 11, ſpoke a Brig, from London for Carolina, but could not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain Ivory, from Teneriffe, on the 22d ult. in Lat. 32: 30, Long. 68, ſpoke a Schooner from South-Carolina for Dominica, out 11 days, all well.---A Brig, belonging to New-York, ſailed from Teneriffe in Company with Captain Ivory, bound to St. Euſtatia.

Captain Green, from the Bay of Honduras, on the 14th ult. in Lat. 32: 40, ſpoke a Sloop from Tortola for Charleſtown, 10 Days out, all well.---On the 17th, in the late hard Gale, he ſhipped ſeveral very heavy Seas, which carried away his Spritſail-yard, Long-boat, Binnacle, Companion, and every thing off the Decks, and obliged him to be conſtantly bailing and pumping, to keep the Veſſel above Water.---On the 19th, in Lat. 33: 19, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Gribble, from Jamaica for this Port, who had ſuffered much in the Gale, having his Larboard Side ſtove in, his Round-houſe ſtove all to Pieces, and two of his Hands hurt, ſo that it was thought they could not recover; Captain Green ſtaid by him all Night, and the next Day he ſtood away for North-Carolina.---And on the 22d, in Lat. 35: 25, he ſaw a Ship ſeemingly in Diſtreſs, having loſt her Main and Mizen Maſts; when he ſtood for her, but Night coming on, he loſt Sight of her, and the next Morning could ſee nothing of her.

Captain Lawrence, from Fyall, on the 23d of laſt Month, off Nantucket Shoals, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Webber, from Turks Iſland for Salem; and on the 29th, in Lat. 39: 2, Long. 72: 38, he ſpoke a Brig from Turks Iſland for New-York, all well.

Captain Henderſon from Briſtol, on the 26th of September, in Lat. 50: 24, Long. 11, ſpoke a Ship, from Rhode-Iſland for London; alſo a Ship, from North-Carolina for Portſmouth. 29 ult. in Lat. 48, Long. 18, ſpoke a Ship, Capt. Fearon, from Virginia for London, 27 Days out, all well. October 12, in Lat. 43: 56, Long. 37, he ſpoke the Ship Marquis of Granby, Captain M'Ilvaine, from Londonderry for this Port, out 25 Days, all well----21ſt in Lat. 41, Long. 58: 41, ſpoke a Sloop from Caſco-Bay for Newfoundland; and on the 26th, in Lat. 31: 17, Long. 68, he ſpoke a Schooner from Jamaica for Boſton, all well.---The Ship Ann, Captain Fortin, left Briſtol for this Place two Days before Captain Henderſon.

By Captain Roſs, from Liſbon, in 8 Weeks, we learn, that one of the Portugueſe Men of War had taken a Zebeck, from the Barbary Coaſt, and carried her into Portugal; and that about a Week after he ſailed, he was boarded by a Salletine, about 100 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Rock of Liſbon, who rifled his Veſſel of Proviſions, and ſuch Things as they thought proper, and then let him proceed on his Voyage.

Tueſday laſt the Brig Grampus, Captain Robinſon, arrived here from Rotterdam; on the 23d ult. in Lat. 35: 51, Long. 66: 28, he met with the Wreck of a Veſſel, which proved to be the Schooner William, Captain Brown, of and from New-Haven for Martinico, which Veſſel, in lying to, under a double reefed Foreſail, was overſet by a ſudden Squall of Wind, at the Beginning of the Gale, on the 16th ult. and a Lad was waſhed overboard and drowned; they afterwards cut away the Mainmaſt, when ſhe righted a little, but ſtill kept moſtly under Water, ſo that there was no Poſſibility of getting her free; and the Captain and Crew (ſeven in all) were obliged to get up the Fore Shrouds for ſeven Days and Nights, to keep themſelves out of the Water; they were in that Condition for three Days before they could get either Victuals or Drink, and afterwards ſubſiſted on raw Meat and Water, till they providentially met with Captain Robinſon, who took them all on board, and brought them in with him.--- On the 21ſt ult. in Lat. 34: 36, Long. 62: 30, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Conyers, from Bermuda for Madeira, out 4 Days; and on the 25th, in Lat. 36: 17, Long. 72, he ſpoke a Snow, Captain Knox, from Antigua for Baltimore, 13 Days out, all well in each Veſſel.---Captain Robinſon ſailed from Rotterdam the 8th of September; and Captain Brown, in a Ship with Palatines for this Port, ſailed about a Week before him, but was to touch in England.---Captain Winn, belonging to New-York, is arrived at the Texell from the Bay of Honduras. [*Captain Brown, was ſpoke with on the 20th of September, by Captain Berton, arrived at New-York from London.*]

By Captain Carliſle, from St. Croix, we learn, that about the Middle of September they had a very ſharp Thunder-guſt at that Place, when the Lightning ſtruck the Maſt of a Daniſh Ship lying there, and ſhivered it from Top to Bottom; alſo ſet the Ship on Fire in the Steerage, but it was happily extinguiſhed before it got to any great Height. In the ſame Guſt a Schooner was alſo ſtruck by the Lightning, which ran down the Hold, broke off the Fluke of an Anchor, burſt out the Bows, broke the Timbers, and tore off the Planks, from the Bows to the Middle of the Veſſel. Two Negroes on board were alſo ſtruck down, but they recovered again a few Days afterwards.---------Captain Crawford, for this Port, was to ſail about the 15th ult.

Captain Craig, from Providence, in the late Gale, received ſome Damage in his Sails, which obliged him to put into Virginia, where he loſt an Anchor and Cable; and while he lay there, he was informed, that Captain Moore, in a Sloop from Providence for Virginia, was drove aſhore near Cape Henry, and the Veſſel and Cargoe entirely loſt, the People ſaved.----On the 25th, off of Cape Charles, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Harman, from Penſacola for New York, who had been out 52 Days, and was in great Want of Bread (having had none for ten Days) with which Captain Craig ſupplied him.

By Captain Evans, from Virginia, we learn, that the Schooner Margaret and Rebecca, Captain Philips, from this Port for Dominica, was drove aſhore about 20 Miles to the Southward of Cape Henry, and the Veſſel and Cargoe loſt, the People ſaved.--- Captain Evans ſpoke a Brig from Liverpool, going into Virginia, that had taken up a Schooner's Maſt, with the Rigging, at Sea, ſuppoſed to belong to ſome Veſſel that had ſuffered in the late Gale.

The Ship Mary and Elizabeth, Captain SPARKS, for London, will ſail on Sunday next.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Hale, at Liverpool; Moore, at Domiaica; and Captain Petty, at Providence.

From Virginia. Captain Quinney, at Liverpool; Thomas, at Briſtol; Livingſton, at Dover; and Captains Boyd and Morriſon, at Glaſgow.

From Maryland. Captain Henrick, at Dover; and Captains Warden and M'Kirdy, at Glaſgow.

From New-York. Captains Nobb and Sinclair, in London.

From Rhode-Iſland. Captain Stockport, at Liverpool.

From New-England. Captain Robinſon, at Bilboa.

The Captains Collin and Ramſay, for Virginia, and Captain Clarke, for New-York, ſailed from Liverpool the 3d of September; as did alſo Capt. Wilſon, for Virginia, on the 10th.

Captain Billings, for New-England, was cleared out at London the 14th of September.

☞ The PUBLIC COMMENCEMENT in the COLLEGE of this City, will be held on Tueſday, the 17th Inſtant.

*** An ANSWER to the Piece, ſigned A MECHANIC, in No. 2026 of this Paper, is come to hand, and will be inſerted in our next.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Hope, A. Marſhall, from Halifax. Ship Briſtol Packet, J. Veſey, and Ship Catherine, A. Henderſon, Briſtol. Sloop Betſy, R. Young, Montſerrat. Ship Minerva, J. Spurrier, Cowes. Brig Betſy, A. Roſs, Liſbon. Snow Stirling, J. Green, Honduras. Brig Betty, J. M'Cay, Liverpool. Brig Patty, W. Ivory, Teneriffe. Brig Charming Peggy, W. Marſhall, Antigua. Brig James, W. Carliſle, St. Croix. Sloop Hunter, G. May, St. Euſtatia. Schooner Pine-grove, S. Davidſon, Maryland. Ship Samuel and Mary, J. Simmons, Waterford. Ship Hayfield, A. Wade, Cadiz. Schooner Sally, J. Wilſon, and Sloop Succeſs, J. Craig, New-Providence. Sloop Greyhound, O. Folger, Nantucket. Sloop Mermaid, C. Evans, Virginia. Brig Repeal, W. Lawrence, Fyall. Brig Peggy, R. Spier, from N. York.

OUTWARDS. *Brig Ann and Catherine, J. Cooper, for Barbados. Sloop Neptune, T. Bunker, and Schooner Peggy, C. Coffin, Nantucket. Sloop Ranger, J. Perry, Dominica. Brig Mercury, R. Moore, St. Kitts. Ship Unity, E. Story, Snow Charming Rachel, T. Powell, and Ship Pennſylvania Packet, N. Falconer, London. Ship Jupiter, J. Mackey, and Brig Sally, J. Thompſon, Londonderry. Snow King George, J. Potts, Alexandria. Brig Rachel, S. Smith, Grenades. Sloop John, J. Hutchings, Madeira. Brig Jenny, A. Golley, for N. Carolina.*

CLEARED. *Brig St. James, C. Ferguſon, Brig Eagle, M. Miller, Ship Phœbe, M. Davidſon, and Ship Pennſylvania Packet, R. Gill, to Jamaica. Brig Pallas, J. Montgomery, Maryland. Sloop Rebecca and Sally, C. Low, Dominica. Brig Hannah, J. Harr, Madeira. Schooner Three Brothers, W. Fitch, N. Carolina. Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, and Ship Jupiter, W. Hamilton, New-York. Schooner Defiance, S. Crowell, and Sloop Hannah, W. Sweetjer, to Boſton.*

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

DANIEL DRINKER,

Wholeſale and retail, at his houſe, in Walnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets,

A Large aſſortment of white and enamelled ſtone ware. A neat aſſortment of china, glaſs, and ſundry other kinds of ware. Alſo a quantity of Dutch ſtone pickling jars, butter pots, bottles, jugs and mugs.

N. B. Country ſhopkeepers and others, may depend upon having them carefully put up, on very reaſonable terms. ¶

ALL Perſons who ſtand indebted to the late Sheriff, WILLIAM PARR, for Fees, and Lands or Goods bought at his Vendues, and thoſe whoſe Goods are under his Levy upon Execution, are deſired to call at his Office in Arch-ſtreet, and diſcharge the ſame in three Weeks from the Date hereof.

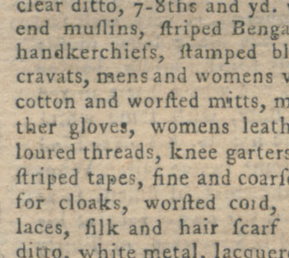
Lately imported, and to be ſold by

JAMES and DRINKER,

At their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, a large and general aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they will ſell on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, among which are the following articles, viz.

FINE and coarſe three thread ſeine twine for nets, ſeaming twine for ſails, ſhop twine, Hamburgh twine, cotton and wool cards, ſweeping, hearth, dairy, duſt and clothes bruſhes, clamps, boxes of ſhort pipes, empty quart bottles in crates of one groce each, full quart ditto, half gallon and gallon ditto, wickered bottles or carboys, white proof bottles, Dutch ſtone jugs, water jugs, pint and quart mugs, butter pots and pickling jars, ſmall crates of white ſtone ware, conſiſting of plates, diſhes, mugs, jugs, bowls, tea and coffee cups, ſaucers, tea pots, cuſtard cups, chamber pots, baking diſhes, porringers, ſugar diſhes, &c. an aſſortment of tortoiſeſhell ware, ditto of green colley-flower ditto, ditto of enamelled ſtone and cream coloured ditto, ſmall crates of glaſs ware, conſiſting of tumblers, wine glaſſes, cruets, ſalts, jelly and ſyllabub glaſſes, &c. crates of glaſs phials, iron pots and ſkillets, cart, waggon and chair boxes, neatly flaſked, weeding hoes, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, 10, 12 and 20d. ditto, fine drawn, hob nails, pump nails, clout nails, ſadlers tacks, pidgeon, duck, gooſe and ſwan ſhot, bar and pig lead, milled ſheet ditto, red lead, lump and powdered Spaniſh brown, F and F F gunpowder, grindſtones, Engliſh and Iriſh glue, ſaltpetre, brimſtone, Spaniſh whiting, Godfrey's cordials in ſmall boxes, Engliſh loaf ſugar, bohea and hyſon tea, indigo, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, pewter plates, diſhes, baſons, &c. warming pans, frying pans, braſs kettles in neſts, ſtrong light copper tea kettles, bellows, ſmall boxes of womens calimancoe ſhoes, well aſſorted, trunks of Hoſe's ſhoes, mens and boys felt hats, womens Leghorn and chip ditto, mens and womens horſe whips, pot and fool's cap writing paper, brown ſheathing ditto, bibles, pſalters, ſpelling, and ſundry other books, Dutch quills, wafers in ſmall boxes, paper and braſs ink pots, black lead pencils, ſlate ditto, large and ſmall ſlates, half yd. 5-8ths, 3-qr. and yd. wd. hair cloth for floors and maltſters uſe, 6, 7, 8 and 9-qr. roſe blankets, 7, 8 and 9-qr. ſpotted and green rugs, nap coating, beaver ditto or bearſkins, blue and red duffils and halfthicks, red and black ſpotted ſwanſkins, ſcarlet ſerges, German ditto, blue, green, ſcarlet and cloth coloured hair pluſh, everlaſtings, plain and ſtriped camblets, blue and black ſaggathies, cotton linſeys, corded poplins, white flannels, flowered Mechlenburghs, grazets and meſſinets, black ſpotted gauze, an aſſortment of coarſe, fine and ſuperfine broadcloths, forreſt cloths and plains, ſhaloons and rattinets, durants and tammies, calimancoes and damaſks, Engliſh ſilk damaſks, black Genoa velvet, cotton velvet, pillowed fuſtians and jeans, cotton counterpains, 10 and 11 nail linen check, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. and yd. 3-8ths ditto, 7-8ths, yd. and yd. 3-8ths cotton ditto, 7-8ths, yd. and 6-qr. Wiggan and houſewife ditto, diaper checks for furniture, 3-qr. dark linen ſtripes, ſtriped ginghams and hollands, brown rolls, white and brown Heſſens, Engliſh ſail duck, Ruſſia ſheeting, 9-8ths wd. brown and white Iriſh ditto, 5-qr. white ditto, ſome very fine Lancaſhire ſheetings, brown Pomerania linen, Iriſh and Scotch ozenbrigs, beſt flaxen and hempen ditto, Ticklenburgh, Ruſſia towelling, brown buckrams, Engliſh, Scotch, Dutch and Iriſh dowlas, 3-qr. and 7-8ths garlix, 3-qr. bed ticken, Flanders bed ticks, yd. and 1-8th fine brown Iriſh linen, 3-qr. 7-8ths and yd. wd. fine and other white ditto, large ſuperfine damaſk tablecloths, clouting diaper, long and piſtol lawns, 7-8ths and yd. wd. clear ditto, 7-8ths and yd. wd. cambricks, 6-qr. coſſaes, and gold end muſlins, ſtriped Bengalls, Mancheſter and Scotch checked handkerchiefs, ſtamped blue and white ditto, mens black ſilk cravats, mens and womens worſted hoſe, womens and girls thread, cotton and worſted mitts, mens ſilk hoſe, mens and womens leather gloves, womens leather mitts, ſewing ſilk, white and coloured threads, knee garters, ribbons, ferrits, qualities, gartering, ſtriped tapes, fine and coarſe white ditto, nonſopretties, ſilk cord for cloaks, worſted cord, ſhirt buttons, cotton, ferrit and ſilk laces, ſilk and hair ſcarf twiſt, ſilk and hair buttons, baſket ditto, white metal, lacquered and gilt ditto, beſt gilt and platina philagree ditto, horn ditto, and horn button moulds, pearl veſt buttons, glaſs, Bath, and white metal ſleeve links, ſilver plated, ſteel, white metal, braſs and mourning ſhoe buckles, pins, London and Whitechapel ſewing needles, glovers and darning ditto, knitting needles, dandriff and horn combs, curry combs, horſe bruſhes, braſs cocks, looking glaſſes, glaſs, caſtors or cruet frames, carpenters rules, ditto iron ſquares, cupboard, cheſt, pad and ſtock locks, braſs knobbed and caſed ditto, carpenters and ſhoe makers hammers, braſs handles and eſcutcheons, hand, tenant and croſs-cut ſaws, narrow and broad axes, drawing knives, augers, tap borers, nail and ſpike gimblets, hand-ſaw, croſs-cut-ſaw, mill-ſaw and flat files, raſps, H, HL and other hinges, jack chains, ſteelyards, ſad irons, box irons, iron and braſs candleſticks, poliſhed ſteel ditto, beſt ſteel and common ſnuffers, thumb latches, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, bridle bits, ſtirrup irons, temple and Dutch ſpectacles, kerby bent fiſh hooks, with and without links, Barlow and other penknives, butchers, cutteau and piſtol capped knives, table knives and forks, ſhoe knives, ſciſſars and ſciſſar caſes, ſheep and other ſhears, common and beſt metal ſteel razors, braſs pins, wood ſcrews, pepper and coffee mills. Alſo melaſſes, muſcovado ſugar, hogs lard, bar iron, Durham pig iron, a parcel bearſkins, hot-well water, allom, Taylor's beſt window glaſs, 8 by 10, and 9 by 11, and a great variety of other articles, too numerous to be particularized.

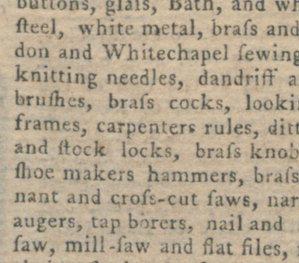
For St. KITTS directly,



The SHIP
BRISTOL PACKET,
JOHN VESEY,
Commander;

Will ſail with all poſſible Expedition, having three Fourths of her Cargo engaged, and ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to KEARNY and GILBERT, or ſaid Maſter on board his Ship.

For BARBADOS,



The SHIP
ANN and DOROTHY,
WILLIAM GREENWAY,
Maſter;

A good Veſſel, with excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, will certainly ſail the 25th Inſtant, having the greateſt Part of her Cargo ready to put on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to REYNOLD KEEN, and JOSEPH STOUT, or to the ſaid Maſter on board, at Meaſe's Wharff. ‡

For BELFAST and PORTRUSH,

The SHIP
RAINBOW,
JAMES CORREY,
Commander;

Now lying at Mr. Sims's Wharff, having Part of her Cargo already engaged, and is now beginning to load, ſhe will be cleared to ſail with the firſt of the Flaxſeed Ships. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to GEORGE FULLERTON, or to the ſaid Maſter on board. ‡

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, in Air townſhip, Cumberland county, ſituate on a branch of Little Aughwich, near Fort Littleton, adjoining the land of George Henry, John Burd, and others; containing about 140 acres, chief part meadow, under good fence, with an old log houſe thereon, and a fine ſpring of water, which runs through the whole; it lies on the main road to Bedford, and is ſaid to be the only piece of meadow for many miles round. For terms apply to WILLIAM GODDARD, printer in Market-ſtreet, or JOSIAH F. DAVENPORT, in Front-ſtreet. ¶

Juſt imported from London, in the Ship Hannah, Captain

JAMES COBOURN,

A LIKELY Parcel of Sevants, Men, Women and Boys; among which are ſundry Tradeſmen, viz. Painters and Glaziers, Taylors, Wheelwrights, Cordwainers, Ironmongers, Sawyers, Braſs-founders, Upholſterers, Weavers, Coopers, Grooms, Jewellers, Clerks, Bakers, Blackſmiths, Feltmakers, Sugar Bakers, Joyner and Cabinet-makers, Huſbandmen, Spinſters, &c. &c. whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by JAMES COBOURN, on board ſaid Ship, lying off Market-ſtreet Wharff. ‖

JUST IMPORTED by

WINEY and BUNNER,

(Who have removed from Market-Street, to the Eaſt-Side of Front-Street, five Doors below the Corner of Cheſtnut-Street, oppoſite Mr. John Taylor's Store, now occupied by Meſſieurs David Sproat, and Company)

A LARGE and General ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the Seaſon.

Now opening, and to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms, by

JOHN COX, junior,

At his ſtore in Third-ſtreet, four doors above Market-ſtreet,

A LARGE aſſortment of merchandize, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

Said Cox hath alſo for ſale, Madeira wine, of the vintage 1763, by the pipe, hogſhead or quarter caſk. Likewiſe a very valuable farm, containing 400 acres of extraordinary wheat land, being pleaſantly ſituated on the river Delaware, in Kingwood townſhip, Hunterdon county, Weſt New-Jerſey, about 30 miles above Trenton, and 40 diſtant from Philadelphia; whereon are a good frame houſe, a large Dutch barn, near 50 feet ſquare, an orchard, and 500 apple trees of the beſt fruit, and a well of good water. The ſituation is high, and remarkably healthy. About two thirds of the land is cleared, and in good fence, the remainder well timbered and watered. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid farm, may have two or three years for the payment of the purchaſe money, without intereſt, giving good ſecurity for the ſame.

N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid Cox, above twelve months, are requeſted to make immediate payment. 3 M.

Juſt imported in the Catherine, Captain Henderſon, from Briſtol, and to be ſold by

ROBERT MONTGOMERY,

At his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, on the very loweſt terms, for ready money, or ſhort credit, viz.

THREE, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24, and 30 d. nails; 9 by 7, 10 by 8, and 11 by 9 crown glaſs, crates of ſide glaſs, Engliſh ſail canvas, from No. 1 to 8, ſome very good Cheſhire, ſingle and double Glouceſter cheeſe; a few tons of pig lead; crates of common wine glaſſes; ſome crates of ſtone diſhes and plates; tea, coffee and cream pots; a new 9 and half inch cable, 100 fathoms long. Alſo a good choice of coloured mantuas.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

CONYNGHAM and NESBITT,

In Front-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet,

IRISH linens, checks, ozenbrigs, ſail duck, ravens duck, ticklingburghs, white and brown Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, Heſſens, Flanders and Engliſh bed ticks and bunts, linen and ſilk handkerchiefs, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, worſted and cotton hoſe, plain and ribbed, calicoes, printed cottons and chints, buckrams nails, ſhot, &c.

They have likewiſe for ſale, Antigua rum, muſcovado ſugar, Madeira wine, from one to three years old, Engliſh beer and cordage, French indigo of the beſt quality, by the caſk, &c. 6w.

BENJAMIN DAVIES,

Has juſt imported, by the Captains VESEY and HENDERSON, from Briſtol, and has for Sale, at his STORE, the ſecond Door above Church-Alley,

A VARIETY of IRON-MONGERY and HARDWARE, and a neat and general Aſſortment of SADLER'S WARE and TOOLS.

GARRET and GEORGE MEADE,

Have to ſell, at their Store, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite to Meſſieurs Willing and Tod's,

BARBADOS Spirit, Rum, Sugar, Madeira Wine in Pipes and Quarter Caſks, Arrack, Spermaceti Candles, Cotton, and a Parcel of extraordinary Iriſh Beef. 4 W.

Juſt imported from Europe, in the Sally, Captain Oſman, and to be SOLD by

CONRAD KEEHMLE,

At his Warehouſe in Fourth-ſtreet, near Vine-ſtreet, on very reaſonable Terms,

A QUANTITY of excellent Rheniſh Wine and Spaw Water; an Aſſortment of excellent Barrels for Riſles, with the beſt Locks; an Aſſortment of French Horns, of the neweſt and neateſt Kinds; Violins with Caſes, from 40 s. to 3 l. Fiddle Bows and Strings, from No. 1 to 4; German Flutes, from 5 s. to 40 s. Gold and Silver Twiſt of all Kinds; Billiard Balls; a general and large Aſſortment of China; and an Aſſortment of Toys, and worked Lawn Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

N. B. The ſaid Keehmle has to LET, adjoining to his Warehouſe, a very convenient two Story Dwelling-houſe, two Rooms on a Floor, which may be entered on immediately. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of Ground, with the Brewhouſe (in which are two Coppers) and the Mill and Malt-houſes thereon erected, in Burlington, with the Implements for carrying on both Malting and Brewing. It is in a good Stand for Buſineſs, but it being particularly inconvenient to the preſent Poſſeſſor to give it the neceſſary Attendance, is the Reaſon for his offering it to Sale. For Terms, enquire of WILLIAM DILLWYN, in Burlington. ‡

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Saturday, the 28th of November inſtant, at 10 o' Clock in the Morning, on the Premiſes,

FOUR Brick Houſes or Tenements, ſituate on the Weſt-ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, being 15 Feet front, and 78 Feet deep, and rent for Twenty-ſeven Pounds per Annum; the Groundrent One Pound, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence. The Title indiſputable. Attendance will be given at the Time and Place above mentioned, by

† JOHN HEATHCOTE, and MOSES PETERS.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber have, for ſome time paſt, lived much diſſatisfied with my wife Mary, by reaſon of her miſconduct, by often leaving me and my family, and running me in debt, ſo that by ſuch means I am reduced to ſo low a circumſtance in life, that I am become unable to pay any more debts; and as ſhe is now gone from me at this preſent time, I am under a neceſſity to take this method to forewarn the public not to truſt her on my account, for I will pay no debts of her contracting from the day of the date hereof; as witneſs my hand, this third day of November, 1767. GEORGE BECK. ¶

For L O N D O N.

The SHIP
PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,
NATHANIEL FALCONER,
Commander,

A good new Veſſel, with excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, Part of her Cargo ready to go on board, and will ſail in about four Weeks. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, SAMUEL PLEASANTS, or ſaid Commander.

October 26, 1767.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away the night of the 17th of October laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Town townſhip, Cheſter county, a ſervant man, named JOHN M'MULLAN, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 24 years of age, of a ſandy complexion, pale hair, and talks very broad; he had on, when he went away, a blue coat, black jacket, with lighter back parts, check ſhirt, and trowſers, with two other ſhirts, of new coarſe linen, blue yarn ſtockings, a pair of old ſhoes, and a felt hat; the ſaid ſervant is ſuppoſed to have forged indentures with him; he is apt to drink to exceſs, and when ſo, very talkative. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by JAMES MURDOCK, *or* JAMES BLAIR. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in Salem County, Weſt-New-Jerſey, on Friday, the 30th of October laſt, an Iriſh Servant Girl, about 17 or 18 Years of Age, named Mary Ann O'Bryan, but commonly calls herſelf Mary Bryan, ſhort and thick, of a fair Complexion, has light brown Hair; had on, and took with her, one ſtriped Camblet Skirt, two Linſey Petticoats, one ſtriped with red, blue and white, and one black, blue and white, a homeſpun blue and white ſtriped ſhort Gown, blue Yarn Stockings, new Shoes, and old Pinchbeck Buckles. She is much given to drink, and very impudent when ſo. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and delivers her to her Maſter, ſhall have the above Reward, or Forty Shillings, if confined in any of His Majeſty's Goals, paid by JOHN FIRTH. ¶

FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Eaſt Fallowfield Townſhip, Cheſter County, on the 30th of October laſt, at Night, an Iriſh Servant Man, named William Hall, by Trade a Weaver, about 21 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, brown curled Hair, tied behind, dark Complexion, heavy Eyebrows, and a large Mouth; he is a talkative Fellow, and often uſes the Word Sprous in his Talk; had on, when he went away, a dark coloured Cloth Coat and Jacket, new Breeches, of a Walnut Colour, coarſe new white Stockings, halfworn Shoes, his Buckles not Fellows, one fine Shirt, one coarſe Ditto, a Wool Hat, little worn, and ſharp cocked; it is probable he is ſet off for New-York, to inliſt. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and brings him to his ſaid Maſter, or ſecures him in any of His Majeſty's Goals, ſo as he may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward, if taken in this Province, and Three Pounds, if out of the Province, paid by CHARLES POSTLEY. ✠

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On TUESDAY, the 17th of November, at the Dwelling-houſe of HUGH WILLIAMS, Baker, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut Streets,

SUNDRY Houſhold GOODS, ſuch as Feather-Beds and Bedding, Looking Glaſs, Chairs, and Tables, a good Eight-day Clock, and ſundry Kitchen Furniture; to be viewed any Time before the Sale. Likewiſe a NEGROE MAN, about 30 Years of Age, has been brought up to the Loaf Bread Baking Buſineſs, and underſtands it very well; has had the Small-Pox, and is Duty Free. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A PLANTATION or tract of land, ſituate in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 214 acres of good land, about 100 acres whereof is cleared, the chief of it freſh land, about 10 acres of good meadow cleared, and well watered, and more may be made, and water in almoſt every field; a good dwelling-houſe and kitchen, barn, ſtable, and other convenient buildings; a good ſpring-houſe, and conveniency for either malting or diſtilling; with a young bearing orchard; the plantation may be ſold together, or in two diviſions, as may ſuit the purchaſer. The whole is in good repair. The title indiſputable. For terms of ſale, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, near Joſeph Leacy's, at the ſign of the Boot, in Goſhen aforeſaid. ¶ JOHN BUTLER.

STRAYED away from Iſaac Worthington, living in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, a young ſorrel MARE, 4 years old, near 14 hands high, natural pacer, with a ſtar in her forehead, a ſmall ſnip on her noſe, and one of her hind feet white. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, paid by ISAAC WORTHINGTON. §

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable Griſt-Mill, with two water wheels, and two pair of ſtones, three boulting cloths, hoiſting jack, likewiſe a Saw-Mill. Alſo a tract of Land adjoining the ſame, containing 63 acres, or thereabouts, with a good brick houſe on the ſame, two ſtory high, with three rooms on a floor, and a good cellar, a houſe for the miller, and a very good ſpring and ſpring-houſe. The whole is ſituated on Whiteclay creek, a large ſtream of water, over which is a bridge, a very good place for merchant and country buſineſs, about half a mile from Newark, ſeven from the Head of Elk, and five from Chriſtiana-bridge. It is in a good part of the country for wheat. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcribers, near the ſaid mill. ANDREW FISHER, MOSES PYLES. ¶

STRAYED away from the paſture of Robert Buffington, living in Cheſter county, the ſecond of October, a ſorrel MARE, about 4 years old laſt ſpring, with a white mane and tail, her mane hangs on the near ſide, a ſtar in her forehead, ſhe never had any ſhoes on. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, ſo as the owner may have her again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges will be paid by the Subſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county. ¶ JACOB JACK.

STRAYED or ſtolen away, on the 18th of October, from the Subſcriber, in Newgarden townſhip, Cheſter county, two HORSES, the one a large light dun horſe, with a white face, white mane and tail, a white eye, and a ſmall brown liſt along his back, ſome white feet, about 15 hands high, and 8 years old. The other a ſorrel horſe, with a ſtar in his face, about 14 hands high, and 6 years old; they both pace and trot, no ſhoes on them, when they went away, and if branded not known.

Whoever takes up ſaid horſes, and brings them to Iſaac Allen's tavern in Newgarden, or to the owner, or ſecures them, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have Ten Shillings reward for each, and reaſonable charges; and if ſtolen, Twenty Shillings reward for the thief, paid by ¶ JAMES MILLHOUSE.

WAS ſtolen, on the night of the 24th of October, from the Subſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, and province of Pennſylvania, a light coloured great coat, with metal buttons, two ſtrait coats, one blue, the other a dirty brown, one pair of channelled boots, one beaver hat, wants the lining, one pair of ſtriped linen trowſers, and ſundry ſhirts. The thief is about 5 feet high, very talkative, and has very ſhort teeth, and has a paſs, ſigned by James Beckham, and John Stone, in Lancaſter. Whoever ſecures ſaid thief, in any of his Majeſty's goals in this Province, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by § WILLIAM HAMILTON, Eſquire.

N. B. The above thief has alſo ſtole two jackets, one black, the other brown, and pretends to be a ſailor.

Lancaſter Goal, October 26, 1767.

WAS committed to my cuſtody, on the 22d inſt. on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, a certain man, who calls himſelf Henry Porter, he is an Iriſhman, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, by trade a barber; had on when committed, a pair of light coloured pattern breeches, a blue ſerge coat, a ſtriped ſummer jacket, a good ruffled ſhirt, an old beaver hat, pretty good ſhoes, a pair of coarſe blue ſtockings, a pair of ribbed ſilk ditto, and a ſilk handkerchief, ſays he has waited upon Captain Hay, and worked as a journeyman for Jacob Myer, peruke-maker, in Philadelphia; theſe are therefore to deſire his maſter, if he has any, to pay his charges, and take him away. ‡ MATHIAS BOOGH, Goaler.

STOLEN out of the Subſcriber's paſture, in Hopewell townſhip, Cumberland county, the 17th of September laſt, a duniſh bay MARE, about 15 hands high, 8 years old, paces all, newly ſhod before, a bald face, branded on the near ſhoulder S, bob tail, ſome ſaddle ſpots, her mane has been all cut off, but is grown out pretty long. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her home, or ſecures her, ſo that ſhe may be had again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges; and for ſecuring the thief with the mare, FIVE POUNDS reward, paid by ALEXANDER SCROG. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT for a Term of Years,

THE plantation whereon the Subſcriber now lives, ſituate, lying and being in the county of Kent, on Delaware, and in the upper part of Motherkiln Hundred, the tract contains about 450 acres of land, with about 60 thereof cleared, having a good dwelling-houſe, with other neceſſary houſes, thereon, and lying on a public road, leading from Dover town unto Choptank bridge, large meadows may be made thereon, and is ſituate in a good place for either a tavern or a ſtore. The title is good. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, or rent the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to SAMUEL ROBISON, Owner. §

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A Valuable plantation, ſituated in Upper-Merion, Philadelphia county, about 15 miles from Philadelphia, joining the land of Edward Powell, Thomas Rees, and Thomas Davis, containing 50 acres. Alſo 30 acres of other improved land, adjoining thereunto, whereon are above 500 bearing apple trees, and 3 acres of meadow, and more may be made, with a good ſpring of water thereon; likewiſe two good dwelling-houſes, and a cellar under one of them. The title is indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to George George, living near the premiſes, or JOSEPH M'CAN. †

STRAYED or ſtolen, but ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, out of the paſture of the Subſcriber, living in Bart townſhip, Lancaſter county, on Thurſday night, the 8th of October, a black Horſe, about 9 or 10 years old, paces moſtly, not very faſt, but at times will trot and hand-gallop, about 13 hands and a half high, neither brand nor ear-mark, that can be remembered, is very well ſet, with a ſmall bright ſtar in his forehead, his mane long, moſtly inclining to the right ſide, trimmed only for the bridle, behind the ears, but may be altered, ſome grey and white hairs mixed through his mane and foretop, ſhod before, with ſome white hairs round his fore paſtern, done by the hopple, his near hind foot white to the paſtern, with a handſome ſwitch tail. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, if ſtolen, ſo as the thief may be brought to juſtice, and the owner receive his horſe, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, or Thirty Shillings for each, with reaſonable charges, paid by me ¶ ANDREW WORK.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Monday, the 9th day of November inſt. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be ſold, by vendue, at the ſign of the Bull tavern, on the road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, a certain meſſuage, built of ſtone, almoſt new, and 8 acres of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in ſaid townſhip, and bounded on the ſaid road, about three quarters of a mile from ſaid tavern, in a public place, and may ſuit a tradeſman very well; late the eſtate of Iſaac Hancock, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

WHEREAS John Morton, Eſq; High Sheriff of the County of Cheſter, hath advertiſed in the Gazette, No. 2026, a certain Meſſuage built of Stone, almoſt new, and 8 Acres of Land thereunto belonging, ſituate on a Road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, in the Townſhip of Charleſtown, in the County aforeſaid, taken in Execution as the Eſtate of Iſaac Hancock, and to be ſold by him on the 9th Day of November inſt. Now theſe are to forbid the ſaid Sheriff from executing his Authority any further on the Premiſes; and to certify to the ſaid Sheriff, and all others whom it may concern, that the ſaid Iſaac Hancock hath not any Eſtate, Right, Title, or Intereſt of, in or to, the ſaid Meſſuage, and 8 Acres of Land, in any wiſe howſoever; and that the Title is in me the Subſcriber, who intends to have the Pleaſure of ſelling his own Property.

To be Sold by the Subſcriber, a certain Plantation and Tract of Land, containing 108 Acres, with two Meſſuages or Tenements thereon erected, ſituate in the Townſhip of Charleſtown, in the County of Cheſter, now in the Tenure of James and Iſaac Hancock. There are about 5 Acres of Meadow made, and to be made on the Premiſes, and will produce excellent Graſs or Hemp, if well cultivated; the Upland is choice and good for raiſing of Wheat and other Grain, and the Whole very well timbered and watered, with a fine young Orchard of Apple Trees on that Part of the Premiſes where James Hancock lives. The Whole will be ſold together, or in two Parts, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. Further Particulars reſpecting the Premiſes, and of the Title and Terms of Sale, may be known by applying to me the Subſcriber in Philadelphia, or to James Hancock, on the Premiſes. ¶ WILLIAM HANCOCK.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, on Monday, the 23d of November inſt. at Fauquier Court-houſe,

EIGHT hundred and twenty-nine acres of land, lying within ſix miles of that place, and within two miles of Chapman's Thoroughfare Mill; is remarkably well timbered and watered, the ſoil very good, and affords many conveniencies for meadows; there are two plantations on it, with conſiderable improvements; an undoubted title will be made to the purchaſers, on paying down one third of the purchaſe money, and giving bond and ſecurity for the remainder, in twelve months from that date, with intereſt. THOMAS CHINN.

FOUND on Lancaſter Road, laſt Winter, between John Downing's Tavern, and the Houſe of the Subſcriber, ſome SOAL LEATHER. The Owner may have it again, by applying to the Subſcriber, and paying the Coſt of advertiſing. ⊕ JOSHUA BALDWIN.

N. B. It has been advertiſed at ſeveral Public Houſes on ſaid Road, but no Owner has yet come.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Tueſday, the 10th day of November inſt. at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the tavern of Sebaſtian Keeley, in Vincent, will be ſold, by vendue, a certain meſſuage or tenement, plantation and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 260 acres, more or leſs; on which is erected Vincent Forge, on that never-failing ſtream French Creek; the lands are good, and bounded by lands of John Paul, Joſeph Eddy, and Conrad Schiemer; if the whole ſhould not be ſold, one moiety thereof will; the whole of which was late the eſtate of Myrick Davis, and George David, ſeized in execution at the ſuit of Samuel Flower, Eſq; and the moiety ſeized in execution at the ſuit of John Paul, and John M'Farlin, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

WHEREAS John Morton, Eſq; Sheriff of Cheſter county, hath advertiſed a forge and tract of land, in Vincent townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, to be ſold on the 10th day of November inſt. as the property of George and Myrick Davis, I do hereby forbid the ſaid ſale, and warn all perſons whatſoever, not to buy the ſaid forge and land, as it has been ſold to me at public ſale by Philip Ford, Eſq; late Sheriff of ſaid county, and I have paid all the purchaſe money, which I can make fully appear; ſo that the property is mine, and I am determined to hold it. ¶ JOHN DAVIS,

---

BY virtue of a writ, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the houſe of Jacob Hoffner, at the ſign of the Sun, in Saſſafras-ſtreet, on Saturday, the 7th day of November, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, a lot of ground, lying on the ſouth ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 33 feet, and in depth 150 feet, with a two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, kitchen, and ſtable erected thereon; late the property of Jonathan Philps, ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, on Saturday, the 7th day of November inſt. about two o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold, by vendue, a certain meſſuage or tenement, plantation and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Eaſt-Town townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 190 acres, more or leſs, bounded by land of Thomas Henderſon, Thomas Harriſon, land late of Benjamin Ellis, Mark Morris, and others; the land is good, a large quantity of good meadow, and is capable of good improvements; late the eſtate of Iſaac Minſhall and wife, in fee ſimple, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber, in Fog's Manor, Cheſter County, by Public Vendue, on the 11th of November inſt.

A PLANTATION, containing 273 Acres, the Title good, a conſiderable Quantity cleared; there are about 12 Acres of Meadow made, of which about 7 Acres bear excellent Timothy Graſs; near 30 Acres of very good Meadow Ground may be cleared, through which there is a good Stream of Water. There is a good Stone Houſe upon the Place; a new Barn, and a pretty large Orchard, bearing very good Fruit. There are alſo to be ſold, Horſes, Cows, Sheep, Swine, Oats, Hay, the greateſt Part excellent Timothy, well cured, Indian Corn, Wheat in the Ground, farming Utenſils, and ſundry Articles of Houſhold Furniture, not neceſſary to be particularly mentioned. The Vendue to begin at 10 o'Clock, when due Attendance, and reaſonable Credit, will be given, by JOHN BLAIR. ¶

For L O N D O N,

The SHIP
U N I T Y,
ENOCH STORY,
COMMANDER;

NOW lying at James and Drinker's Wharff, having one Half her Cargoe ready to go on board, and expected to ſail in 3 Weeks. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid JAMES and DRINKER, or to the ſaid Maſter.

N. B. She is a fine new Ship, ſails faſt, and hath excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers.

For L O N D O N,

The SHIP
MARY and ELIZABETH,
JAMES SPARKS,
Maſter;

Has extraordinary Accommodations for Paſſengers; Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board, and will ſail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOHN HEAD, the Maſter on board the Ship, now lying at Buckridge Sims's Wharff, or at the London Coffee-houſe.

For KINGSTON, in JAMAICA,

The SHIP
BRITANNIA,
SAMUEL BULL,
Commander,

A fine River built Ship, of 400 Tons, and has excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers; will ſail in about a Month. For Paſſage, apply to ſaid Commander, or to ALEXANDER LUNAN, at Hamilton's Wharff, who has to diſpoſe of Jamaica Rum, Sugars and Melaſſes, imported in ſaid Ship.

Lancaſter Goal, October 13, 1767.

WHEREAS I think, and do poſitively ſay, that I am falſely impriſoned theſe 17 months, by falſe bonds and executions, as I being a ſtranger in this land, and wanting friends in my diſtreſs, therefore this is to give notice to all, or any perſon or perſons, that have any juſt demands, debts, dues, or any book debt or note whatſoever, ſince the 1ſt day of June 1766, either by note, bond, judgment, or execution, they, or any of them, are deſired to come and prove their juſt demands, in three weeks from the date hereof, before any Magiſtrate in Lancaſter, that they may be adjuſted, and they ſhall be well rewarded by the ſubſcriber, or they may for ever after hold their tongues, for they ſhall not be paid. ⊕ SAMUEL CAMPBELL.

WHEREAS John Dunlap, of Cumberland county, did obtain, from me the ſubſcriber, three ſeparate bonds, dated in May, 1765, for payment of 100 l. each; one in May, 1768, one in May, 1769, and the laſt in May, 1770; which ſaid bonds were given for a certain tract of land, ſituate in Cumberland county aforeſaid, which the ſubſcriber purchaſed of ſaid Dunlap; and as ſaid Dunlap has not made a title to the ſubſcriber for ſaid land, I take this method to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of ſaid bonds, or any of them, as I am determined to conteſt the payment of them at law, unleſs ſaid Dunlap fulfils his contract with me. THOMAS FINLY. ‖

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November 12, 1767. NUMB. 2029

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

BOSTON, November 2.

At a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, legally aſſembled at Faneuil-Hall, on Wedneſday, the 28th of October, 1767,

The Hon. JAMES OTIS, *Eſq;* MODERATOR.

A written ADDRESS *to the Inhabitants, ſubſcribed* Philo-Patriæ, *recommending Oeconomy and Manufactures, was by their Order read*----------

THE Town then took into Conſideration the Petition of a Number of Inhabitants, "That ſome "effectual Meaſures might be agreed upon, to pro-"mote Induſtry, Oeconomy, and Manufactures; "thereby to prevent the unneceſſary Importation "of European Commodities, which threaten the "Country with Poverty and Ruin:" Whereupon, in a very large and full Meeting, the following Votes and Reſolutions were paſſed unanimouſly.

Whereas the exceſſive Uſe of foreign Superfluities is the chief Cauſe of the preſent diſtreſſed State of this Town, as it is thereby drained of its Money; which Misfortune is likely to be increaſed, by Means of the late additional Burthens and Impoſitions on the Trade of the Province, which threaten the Country with Poverty and Ruin:

Therefore, *VOTED*, That this Town will take all prudent and legal Meaſures to encourage the Produce and Manufactures of this Province, and to leſſen the Uſe of Superfluities, and particularly the following enumerated Articles, imported from Abroad, viz. *Loaf Sugar, Cordage, Anchors, Coaches, Chaiſes and Carriages of all Sorts, Horſe Furniture, Men and Womens Hats, Mens and Womens Apparel ready made, Houſhold Furniture, Gloves, Mens and Womens Shoes, Soal-Leather, Sheathing and Deck Nails, Gold and Silver, and Thread Lace of all Sorts, Gold and Silver Buttons, Wrought Plate of all Sorts, Diamond, Stone and Paſte Ware, Snuff, Muſtard, Clocks and Watches, Silverſmiths and Jewellers Ware, Broadcloths that coſt above 10 s. per Yard, Muffs, Furrs and Tippets, and all Sorts of Millinery Ware, Starch, Womens and Childrens Stays, Fire Engines, China Ware, Silk and Cotton Velvets, Gauze, Pewterers hollow Ware, Linſeed Oil, Glue, Lawns, Cambricks, Silks of all Kinds for Garments, Malt Liquors, and Cheeſe.*----And that a Subſcription for this End be and hereby is recommended to the ſeveral Inhabitants and Houſholders of the Town; and that *John Rowe*, Eſq; Mr. *William Greenleaſe, Melatiah Bourne*, Eſq; Mr. *Samuel Auſtin*, Mr. *Edward Payne*, Mr. *Edmund Quincy*, Tertius, *John Ruddock*, Eſq; *Jonathan Williams*, Eſq; *Joſhua Henſhaw*, Eſq; Mr. *Henderſon Inches*, Mr. *Solomon Davis, Joſhua Winſlow*, Eſq; and *Thomas Cuſhing*, Eſq; be a Committee to prepare a Form for Subſcription, to report the ſame as ſoon as poſſible; and alſo to procure Subſcriptions to the ſame.

And whereas it is the Opinion of this Town, that divers new manufactures may be ſet up in America, *to its great Advantage, and ſome others carried to a greater Extent, particularly thoſe of Glaſs and Paper:*

Therefore, *Voted*, That this Town will, by all prudent Ways and Means, encourage the Uſe and Conſumption of Glaſs and Paper, made in any of the Britiſh American Colonies; and more eſpecially in this Province.

[*Then the Meeting adjourned till 3 o'clock Afternoon*]

III o'Clock, *P. M.*

THE Committee appointed in the Forenoon, to prepare a Form for Subſcription, reported as follows.

WHEREAS this Province labours under a heavy Debt, incurred in the Courſe of the late War; and the Inhabitants by this Means muſt be for ſome Time ſubject to very burthenſome Taxes:---And as our Trade has for ſome years been on the Decline, and is now particularly under great Embarraſſments, and burthened with heavy Impoſitions, our Medium very ſcarce, and the Ballance of Trade greatly againſt this Country:

WE therefore the Subſcribers, being ſenſible that it is abſolutely neceſſary, in order to extricate us out of theſe embarraſſed and diſtreſſed Circumſtances, to promote Induſtry, Oeconomy and Manufactures among ourſelves, and by this Means prevent the unneceſſary Importation of European Commodities, the exceſſive Uſe of which threatens the Country with Poverty and Ruin----DO promiſe and engage, to and with each other, that we will encourage the Uſe and Conſumption of all Articles manufactured in any of the Britiſh American Colonies, and more eſpecially in this Province; and that we will not, from and after the 31ſt of *December* next enſuing, purchaſe any of the following Articles, imported from abroad, viz. *Loaf Sugar*, and all the other Articles enumerated above.---

And we further agree ſtrictly to adhere to the late Regulation reſpecting Funerals, and will not uſe any Gloves but what are manufactured here, nor procure any new Garments upon ſuch an Occaſion, but what ſhall be abſolutely neceſſary.

The above Report having been conſidered, the Queſtion was put, Whether the ſame ſhall be accepted? *Voted unanimouſly in the Affirmative.*---And that ſaid Committee be deſired to uſe their beſt Endeavours to get the Subſcription Papers filled up as ſoon as may be. Alſo, *Voted unanimouſly*, That the foregoing Vote and Form of a Subſcription, relative to the enumerated Articles, be immediately publiſhed; and that the Select-Men be directed to diſtribute a proper Number of them among the Freeholders of this Town; and to forward a Copy of the ſame to the Select-Men of every Town in the Province; as alſo to the principal City or Town Officers of the chief Towns in the ſeveral Colonies on the Continent, as they may think proper.

That Clauſe in the Warrant, "That the Mind and Reſolution of the Town may be taken with reſpect to the Expediency of a humble Requeſt to his Excellency the Governor, that he will convene the General Aſſembly as ſoon as may be," was read, and conſidered: Whereupon, *Voted unanimouſly*, That the Repreſentatives of the Town having already made humble Application to his Excellency the Governor for the Purpoſe abovementioned, the Town do approve of their Conduct therein; hereby declaring their Senſe of the Importance of the Meaſure, and expreſſing their Hopes that his Excellency will be pleaſed to favour it, by convening the General Aſſembly as ſoon as conveniently may be.

The Clauſe in the Warrant, viz. "To conſider of ſome Meaſures for employing the Poor of the Town of *Boſton*, by reviving the Linen Manufacture, and in ſuch other Ways as ſhall be thought moſt beneficial," was read--------Whereupon *Voted*, that John Barrett, Eſq; Mr. Edward Payne, Middlecot Cook, Eſq; Mr. Henderſon Inches, Melatiah Bourn, Eſq; Jonathan Williams, Eſq; Ezekiel Goldthwait, Eſq; be a Committee for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, to report as ſoon as may be.

Upon a motion made, *Voted*, That the Town will take all proper Meaſures, by keeping in their Children and Servants, and other Ways, to prevent the Diſturbances which have ſometimes happened on or about the 5th Day of November.

Atteſt, WILLIAM COOPER, Town-Clerk.

Then the Meeting was adjourned to the 20th Day of November next.

At the above Meeting ſeveral Samples of Starch, called Poland Starch, and of the common Sort of Starch: Hair Powder of the beſt Sort, Glue, and Snuff like Kippen's, ſo called, all manufactured in this Town, by Meſſieurs Hewes, Baker, and Gilliſpie, were produced in Town Meeting, and much approved of.

Mr. John Baker, who manufactures the Poland Starch, ſo called, being preſent, declared his Readineſs to contract with the Inhabitants for *Two Thouſand* Barrels, at the prime Coſt of that Article in London.

Mr. Gilliſpie, the Manufacturer of Scotch Snuff, ſo called, offered to furniſh the Inhabitants with what may be wanted, at the firſt Coſt of that Article in North Britain.

The Town were alſo informed, that our Paper Manufacturers had given Aſſurance, that in caſe they can be ſupplied with the neceſſary Materials, uſually burnt or thrown away in our great Towns, they could ſupply the Province with whatever Sorts of Paper they have Occaſion for, in ſufficient Quantity, with ſome left for the other Colonies."

There is a certain Herb, lately found in this Province, which begins already to take Place in the Room of Green and Bohea Tea, which is ſaid to be of a very ſalutary Nature, as well as a more agreeable Flavour---It is called *Labradore*.

We are confidently told, that in the Town of Lynn, upwards of Forty Thouſand Pair of Womens Shoes have been made in one Year, equal in Goodneſs to any imported from Abroad----It is thought that in a few Years they will be ſupplied with Calimancoe, and other Stuffs, manufactured in this Province.

We are aſſured from good Authority, that many of the Ladies of this Town have ſaid, that in the Liſt of Articles not to be purchaſed, TEA ought by no Means to have been omitted; and that they are reſolved to omit the Uſe of it for the future.

It is judged that the Spirit of Frugality and Oeconomy prevails in our Country Towns, as the Demand for European Superfluities is of late very greatly diminiſhed.

In a large Circle of very agreeable Ladies in this Town, it was unanimouſly agreed to lay aſide the Uſe of Ribbons, &c. &c. &c. for which there has been ſo great a Reſort to Milliners, in times paſt.----It is hoped that this Reſolution will be followed by others of the Sex, throughout the Province.----How agreeable will they appear in their native Beauty, ſtripped of theſe Ornaments, from the prevailing Motive of Love to their Country.

We muſt, after all our Efforts, depend greatly upon the Female Sex for the Introduction of Oeconomy among us: And thoſe who have the Pleaſure of an Acquaintance with them, aſſure us, that their utmoſt Aid will not be wanting.

So ſtrong is the Diſpoſition of the Inhabitants of this Town to take off the Manufactures that come from the Country Towns, eſpecially Womens and Childrens Winter Apparel, that nothing is wanting but an Advertiſement, where they may be had in Town, which will be taken in, and publiſhed by the Printers of the Boſton Gazette, gratis.

Philadelphia County, October 29, 1767.

To the PRINTERS *of the* PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

GENTLEMEN,

IN your Paper, No. 2026, a Gentleman, who ſigns himſelf A MECHANIC, has made his Remarks on that of your Paper, No. 2017, reſpecting Archimedes's ideal Problem for moving the Earth.----He ſays, "If a Ball of Earth, weighing 200 Pounds, was left at Liberty near the Surface of this Globe, it would deſcend, by its own Gravity, about 15 Feet in one Second of Time, and 20 Miles in 80 Seconds, and ſo brings it on, in 105 Years, to be capable of raiſing the Earth, without the Aid of any other Machinery, about one Inch in that Time, and for ever after, by the Velocity of that Force alone, to move at the Rate of one Inch in about every 50 Years." I have not examined, nor do I queſtion the Gentleman's Numbers; but the Practice both of this, and No. 2017, is, beyond all Diſpute, not in the Power of mortal Man. The building of Babel, whoſe Tower and Top was to reach to Heaven, and to ſave Man from the deſtroying Hand of a ſecond Deluge, had a ſeven-fold more Propriety in it, together with a Probability of Succeſs, than the preſent Problem could have, by all the Devices that could be invented by Man, as to the Practice and Execution of it. When the Piece, inſerted in your Paper, No. 2017, was wrote, I had no View of the Practice, but of that of the Theory, and to point out the Impoſſibility reſpecting the actual Operations of Man, without intending the leaſt Offence to any. With regard to Numbers, in the above Caſe, reſpecting the Falling of any ſolid Body toward the Earth, we will ſuppoſe the projectile Force of our attendant Satellite, the Moon, to be deſtroyed, or taken away, when at her mean Diſtance from the Sun, her Gravity would bring her to the Earth in 116 Hours; a Stone to the Earth's Center, if there were an hollow Paſſage, in 21 Minutes, 9 Seconds. Mr. Whiſton, in his Aſtronomical Principles of Religion, Page 66, gives us the following Rule for ſuch Computations. "It is demonſtrable, that Half the Period of any Planet, when it is diminiſhed in the ſeſquialteral Proportion of the Number 1 to the Number 2, or nearly in the Proportion of 1000 to 2828, is the Time that it would fall to the Center of its Orbit." This Proportion is, when a Quantity or Number contains another once and a Half as much more. T. T.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to Sale, by public Vendue, at the Houſe of John Snider, in Faulkner's Swamp, on Monday, the 30th Day of November inſt. at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a Tract of Land, containing about 27 Acres, with a Log Dwelling-houſe and Barn erected thereon, bounded by Lands of Johannes Pouſe, Joſeph Spytill, and others, late the Property of Michael Stoffelt, taken in Execution by William Parr, Eſq; late Sheriff, and to be ſold by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of SEPTIMUS ROBINSON, Eſq; late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment: And thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, that they may be ſettled and paid by

¶ THOMAS ROBINSON, Executor.

DANIEL and GEORGE RUNDLE,

Have removed their ſtore from Front-ſtreet, to Rundle's wharff and ſtores in Water-ſtreet, the eighth door above Market-ſtreet, at the north corner of Bickley and Rundle's alley; where they have for ſale, on very reaſonable terms, for caſh, or the uſual credit,

EUROPEAN and Eaſt-India goods, amongſt which are, a parcel of ſilks, checks of all widths, beſt ſail canvas, No. 1 to 8; 3, 8, 10, 12, and 20 penny nails, ſilver watches, white ruſſels, buttons, buckles, fiddles, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, German beads, &c.

Alſo choice Madeira and Teneriff wines, in pipes, hogſheads and quarter caſks, Liſbon wine in quarter caſks, brandy, claret in bottles, Jamaica ſpirit, Antigua, Barbados, and Philadelphia rum, muſcovado ſugar in hogſheads and barrels, melaſſes, citron, allſpice, gum ſeneca, copperas and bar iron.

N. B. PHILADELPHIA RUM is ſold by ſaid Daniel Rundle, at his diſtillery, on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, above Seventh-ſtreet. Tbctf.

To be SOLD at public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Saturday, the 28th of November inſtant, at 4 o'Clock in the Evening, by the Executors of John Reily, deceaſed,

A Commodious three Story Brick Houſe, well finiſhed, and almoſt new, ſituate on the Eaſt Side of Second-ſtreet, a little below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, at the Corner of Taylor's Alley; containing in Front, on ſaid Street, 20 Feet and 1 Inch, and in Depth, on Taylor's Alley, 117 Feet, with a Stable and Chaiſe Houſe thereon; now in the Tenure of Mr. Walter Shee, ſubject to a Ground-rent of 18 l. per Annum.

Alſo, a Ground-rent of 12 l. per Annum, iſſuing out of a certain Lot of Ground on the South Side of Market-ſtreet, in the Poſſeſſion of George Leichler; the Lot containing in Front 19 Feet, and in Depth 118 Feet, with a good Brick Building thereon. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the above Premiſes before the Day of Sale, may apply to JOHN ROSS, Eſq; JOHN ORD, and Captain JOHN ROSS, Executors aforeſaid. ‡

Carliſle goal, Cumberland county, October 24, 1767.

WAS committed ſome time ago, to ſaid goal, on ſuſpicion of being runaways, the two following perſons, viz. JACOB KESLER, a young Dutch lad, has ſince confeſſed that he belongs to John Roop, Shoemaker, living in Second-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets; the other was committed by the name of ANDREW KEAZ, but has ſince confeſſed his name to be JOE DIXON, is a ſlender, thin faced, little fellow, a collier by trade, ſpeaks the Spaniſh and Portugueze tongues well, ſays he was born in Fyall, and is well acquainted about Baltimore-Town. Their maſters, if any there be, are hereby notified to come, forthwith, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be ſold, in a ſhort time, for their expences, by HENRY CUNNINGHAM, Goaler. †

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Friday, the 20th of this inſtant November, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at Daniel Thompſon's tavern, in Upper Providence, Cheſter county, will be ſold by vendue, a meſſuage, plantation, and tract of tolerable good land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Marple township, Cheſter county, containing 204 acres, more or leſs; bounded by lands of Jonathan Maris, James Worrall, Joſhua Pennell, and others; late the eſtate of Hayes Pennell, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Saturday, the 5th day of December next, about 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold, by vendue, a meſſuage, plantation and tract or parcel of good land thereunto belonging, containing about 150 acres, with the moiety or half part of a water corn griſt-mill, and the half part of a ſaw-mill, thereon erected, ſituate in the township of Williſtown, in the county of Cheſter, bounded by lands of Thomas Maſſey, Andrew Steel Smedley, and Crumb-Creek; there is a large quantity of good meadow on the premiſes; the ploughable land is good, the mill lately repaired, the dwelling-houſe is good, and built of ſtone, a large barn, and other conveniences; upon the whole, it may be ſaid to be a compleat plantation; late the eſtate of Samuel Grubb, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

WAS found on the Center Courſe of this city, one day during the laſt races, a boy's white BEAVER HAT. Whoever has loſt the ſame, is deſired to apply to the Printers of this paper, pay charges, and receive it. ‡

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A LOT of Land, containing about 19 Acres, joining near 40 Perches on Germantown Main-ſtreet; there is a good Orchard of the beſt Fruit Trees, ſuch as Apples, Pears, Cherries, Peaches, &c. about 3 Acres of the beſt watered Meadow, that never wants Manure, and about as much Woodland, with never failing Springs, ſuitable for a Fiſh-pond. It is ſuitable for a Gentleman's Country Seat, as it is a high healthy Situation, and admits of a Proſpect ſeveral Miles round, or for any public Buſineſs, as it has ſo large a Front, and has building Stone in great Plenty. Alſo about 10 Acres of very good Meadow, on a Road leading from Frankford to the Falls of Schuylkill, about a Mile from Germantown, which bears good Graſs, and is in good Fence. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe either of ſaid Lots, may know the Terms, by applying to JACOB NAGLEE.

N. B. There is alſo a large Nurſery kept of moſt Sorts of Fruit Trees, ſuch as Apple, Pear, Plumb, Cherry, Peach, Quince, and ſeveral other Sorts of Trees, now fit for tranſplanting; and as it is the proper Seaſon, the ſooner they apply the better it is for planting. ¶

For DUBLIN,

The Ship

NEWRY PACKET,

SEYMOUR HOOD,

Maſter;

IS a ſtrong veſſel, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; will ſail in about 3 weeks, having two thirds of her cargo ready. For freight of flax-ſeed, or other goods, agree with John Pringle, or ſaid Maſter, on board ſaid ſhip, the upper ſide of Market-ſtreet wharff.

LONDON, *August* 18.

Yesterday a man whose wife keeps a chandler's shop at Wansworth, informed the parish officers of St. Dunstan's in the West, that 2 persons, answering the description of Mrs. Brownrigg *(the Painter's Wife mentioned in No.* 2026 *of this Paper, for her barbarous Usage to two Apprentice Girls)* and her Son *(who assisted in the cruel Usage)* then lodged in his house; that they had taken the apartment for a few days only, and passed for man and wife; that the first day they did not stir out of the room, but on the second, the young man came down stairs to light a candle, when the landlord had a fair view of him; and seeing the advertisement for apprehending the above offenders for the murder of one of the apprentice-girls, in one of last Saturday's papers, he found it to describe the persons of his lodgers exactly; whereupon he came to London, and gave the above information: On which Mr. Wingrave (constable) and Mr. Deacon (baker, in Flower-de-luce Court) set out immediately for Wansworth, and found the parties informed against to be Mrs. Brownrigg and her son, whom they conveyed to town in a coach, and carried them to the Poultry-Compter. This affair was conducted with such coolness and privacy, that not the least bustle was made, and not even the coachman knew what they were about till he had brought his fare to town; he was ordered to drive to the Poultry-Compter.

Aug. 21. Yesterday John Brownrigg, eldest son of Brownrigg, painter in Fetter-lane, was carried to the Mansion-house, and examined before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, relative to the murder of Mary Clifford; when the surviving apprentice-girl deposed, that about six months ago the said John Brownrigg beat the deceased with the buckle-end of a thick leather belt, 'till the blood ran from her head, neck, and shoulders (several wounds she had before received being but just skinned over) because she did not turn up a bedstead, though (as appeared by the deponent, and as the prisoner must perceive) she had not strength to do it; and that about three months ago the said John came into the cellar just after the mother had been horsewhipping the deceased, who was then naked, when the former told him, that though she had beaten the girl severely, yet she could not make her do any thing, and bid him whip her; whereupon he gave the deceased about twenty cuts with the lash of the whip; after which the mother and son went away, leaving the poor creature naked. The witness having added, that the son had not, to her knowledge, beaten the deceased after the last-mentioned time, and it being the opinion of the surgeons that the wounds which occasioned her death, were those which she received on the 31st ult. and the whippings given by the son being before that time, he was not adjudged accessary to the murder; but however he was sent back again to the Compter, to continue there a few days longer, 'till it could be known whether the parish officers had any other charge or evidence to produce against him, with regard to his being accessary to the death of the said Mary Clifford. It appeared, in the course of this examination, that Elizabeth Brownrigg began to beat the deceased in about one month after her being bound apprentice, and from that time the wounds of the unhappy girl were never suffered to heal thoroughly, but constantly kept open by repeated severities.

Aug. 29. It is reported that his Grace the Duke of Northumberland will be appointed one of his Majesty's Secretaries of State, in the room of the Right Hon. the Earl of Shelburne.

We are told that the dissensions among the great are now less likely than ever to be removed; and it is added, that the political flock will certainly be under the Gentle Shepherd's care before the meeting of the parliament.

A celebrated exile, we hear, lately wrote a very affecting letter (relative to his case and present situation) to a great English Personage (Duke of York) then at Paris, and we are told it was most graciously received. It is rumoured that it was followed by a private audience.

Sept. 2. A letter from Copenhagen informs, that the court had sent orders to recal the Danish Consul from Algiers.

Sept. 3. We hear that a gentleman who lately offered himself a candidate for a northern borough, had in his retinue two sumpter-horses heavy laden, with a superb covering over their backs, on which was wrote in large gold letters, on the one, *Money for the election*, and on the other, *More money for the election.*

Sept. 4. His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. William Spry, Esq; Judge of all America, to be Vice-Admiral in the island of Barbados, in the room of Governor Pinfold, who has resigned.

Sept. 7. The following political conjectures, we hear, occured in a conversation this week at a coffee-house near St James's.

That the marriage of the Prince Stadtholder with a Princess of Prussia, would be a fine barrier to the Dutch; and that in case of a rupture with England, the King of Prussia would immediately seize Hanover. Nay, it was even expected that the King of Prussia was so offended at his demand of three years subsidy not being accepted of by England, who put him off with one only, and made peace without his consent, that he will take the first pretence of joining the family compact, who will then permit him to seize Hanover as a recompence.

That a war with France, Spain and Holland, must soon happen; and that the French had got 60 ships of the line already more than they ought to have, besides a great number of frigates, and would take the first opportunity of retaliating upon England, by seizing their fleets, when the seas were covered with them in coming home.

That as an inducement for the King of Prussia to join the family compact, France was to allow a toleration of religion throughout her dominions, which would be the greatest blow England could receive.

Many of the gentlemen were of opinion, that a war with France, Spain and Holland, would be of advantage to England, because then it must be confined to a naval one, and would be the only means of uniting the nation.

It has always been observed, that previous to a war with France, the French Ambassadors generally make the most splendid appearance.

Orders are given for a general survey to be made of all the antient fortresses in Scotland, and a report to be made of the state thereof.

Sept. 8. We hear that orders are sent to Ireland, for the several forts and castles in that kingdom to be surveyed by able engineers, in order to be repaired, and put in a state of defence.

Sept. 15. Elizabeth Brownrigg was tried on Saturday last, for the murder of Mary Clifford, for which she received sentence of death, and was executed at Tyburn the Monday following.

Sept. 16. We are informed, that Elizabeth Brownrigg, after taking leave of her husband and son in Newgate, was impatient till the Sheriff came to demand her body, and declared there was nothing she so ardently longed for as her dissolution.

It is said, the skeleton of Mrs. Brownrigg will be fixed in the Nitch, opposite the front door in the Surgeon's Theatre, and her name will be wrote under it, in order to perpetuate the heinousness of her cruelty in the minds of the spectators: In that Nitch now hangs the bones of the first malefactor for murder, convicted since the act of parliament commenced, and it is remarkable he was born with one arm.

We are assured that Elizabeth Brownrigg was formerly remarkable for her strict attendance at divine worship at church, and at the sacrament, which she had omitted for some time before her death, and to this neglect she dated her ruin, declaring she never exercised any act of cruelty towards her apprentices, till the said omission of religious duties.

The inhumanity of the painter's wife is at present a general topic of conversation.

Sept 17. By a gentleman from Ireland we learn, that the generality of the people there are so fired with the love of liberty, that unless the bill for limiting the duration of their parliament to seven years, which has already been so often brought into the house and rejected, shall pass into a law the ensuing sessions, it is the opinion of those who are best acquainted with the temper and disposition of the people, that the whole kingdom will be in a ferment, and mobs be more frequent and outrageous than they have been since the revolution; but it is hoped the prudence and moderation of their present Lord Lieutenant, and of the legislature in general, will prevent all this, by gratifying them in what they have in vain so long solicited for.

It is the opinion of some shrewd politicians, that if a bill should be brought into parliament the ensuing sessions to grant representatives therein to the colonies, the court will be so far from hindering it to pass, that on the contrary it will promote it as much as possible, in order to stop their mouths, and that they may no longer plead that as an excuse for their refusing to be taxed by the mother country.

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) October 16.

The crop of Rice this year is generally esteemed equal, if not superior, to any ever made in this province; and is now thought to be out of all danger, most of it being got in: Some few barrels have already been brought to market, and sold at 65*s. the* 100 *lb.*

Extract of a letter from Georgia, dated the 13th instant.

"*The Superintendant arrived here the* 11*th. The affair at St. Mary's river was not quite so bad as reported; two men were killed, and a third wounded, it is thought, mortally. No other mischief was committed except plundering of Lemon's store, which he had deserted; the Indians have possession of the house, and say he threw it away, and they took it. In other respects they behave very inoffensively, and say, the murder was in revenge for old Mills's having whipped some of their people like slaves, and afterwards pickled their backs. We hope no bad consequences will follow to these provinces from this affair. We hear his Excellency Governor Grant, and his Honour the Superintendant, are speedily to have a meeting, in East-Florida, with all the principal Creek Indians.*"

Oct. 26. *On Saturday, the* 11*th instant, Mr. Bryan Foskey, one of our pilots, boarded a brigantine from Pensacola, bound for this port, names unknown, that had lost her main-topmast, most of her sails, all her anchors but one, and was quite destitute of provisions and water; the wind being then at west, he brought her to anchor off the bar; the next day she parted her cable, and has not since been heard of: 'Tis feared she has suffered also, in the storm of the* 16*th and* 17*th instant, as almost every vessel that has since arrived felt it severely, and some have met with many pieces of wreck.---The Ship Nancy, George Jordan master, from London, who arrived last Monday, felt it, but being at a great distance from the coast, and the wind favourable, received no damage.---The Sloop Sally, John Schermerhorn master, from New-York, was obliged to heave to both days, and received some little hurt.---The Brigantine Prince of Wales, Thomas Mason master, from Philadelphia, in six days, came out of the capes with it, was obliged to throw overboard some horses, sheep, and barrels of apples, that were upon deck, and lay to one day, but has not received the least damage in her cargoe.---The Ship General Woolfe, Stephen Maclain master, which sailed from hence for Cape-Fear the* 7*th, with* 60 *Highland passengers on board, had all her sails torn to pieces, and rigging much hurt, so that she was obliged to put in here again the* 22*d.---The Ship Betty, Robert Davidson master, from the Bay of Honduras, bound for Jamaica, also suffered in it, and put in here the* 22*d for provisions.---His Majesty's Ship Cygnet, commanded by Philip Durell, Esq; which sailed from hence for England the* 12*th, returned the* 23*d, a very wreck, having shipped several seas, carried away one quarter gallery, bove her sheet anchor, guns, carriages, and all loose lumber upon deck overboard, stove in her dead lights, rudder-case, with* 16 *feet long, and* 5 *feet deep of her larboard quarter, and had several men wounded.---The Brig Ann, Peter Seymour master, which also sailed from hence the* 12*th, for Poole, having sprung her bowsprit, broke a beam, split her sails, and four feet water in her hold, likewise put back the* 23*d: Capt. Seymour, from the time of his leaving this port, kept company with the Brig Hope, Robert Whitelock master, bound for London, till the* 17*th at noon, when she suddenly disappeared, and he fears foundered.---The Brig Mary, James Dickson, from Jamaica, bound for Liverpool, which also put in here the* 23*d, sprung her bowsprit, had her sails split, and sprung a leak, by which it is apprehended her lower tier of sugar is damaged.---The gale seems to have been felt a day earlier at sea than here, all the way from Philadelphia, perhaps farther North, and to have been most violent on the* 16*th.*

WILLIAMSBURG, October 22.

Col. Terry, from Halifax county, informs, that some time in August last, a man was taken up, and committed to their goal, who, upon examination, confessed himself one of Deprieste's gang, and that he, with others, guarded the said Deprieste until he had struck 80,000 l. Maryland currency, the bills mostly of the dollar denomination. And some gentlemen now in town inform that Deprieste himself is now apprehended, and committed to Frederick county goal in Maryland.

On the 10th of July last died, in Halifax county, Mary Hogan, aged 91 years, who for 51 days before her death took no other sustenance than two spoonfuls of sour milk. This is a fact.

BOSTON.

November 2. The Beginning of last Week a Vessel arrived at Marblehead from Cadiz, which brought in a Brigantine that had been deserted by the People: She was met with off Cape Sables, when the Captain of the Cadiz Vessel put on board three or four Hands, who found all the Sails standing, excepting the Mainsail, which had been stripped off; there were no Chests nor any Stores on board, the Pumps had been taken out and lashed on the Quarter-Deck; about three Feet Water was in her Hold: The Hands that took Possession of the Brig fixed the Pumps, and in about three Hours cleared her, and brought her in as above: She proves to be a Vessel belonging to this Port,------ Simmes, Master, which sailed from hence sometime since to Maryland, where she was loaded with Corn, Flour, &c. to a great Value, which is still on board, and was bound for Newfoundland:---But her being left in such a Manner, is not easily accounted for.

Last Tuesday Night came on, and continued all the next Day, a most violent N. E. Storm of Wind and Rain, with some Snow, which we hear has done great Damage along the Sea Coast, and it is said between 20 *and* 30 *Sail of Vessels are drove ashore and cast away on the Southern Shore, among which is a Vessel from the Baltic, bound in here, with a valuable Cargo, which is much damaged, but it is said the Vessel may be got off again. A Sloop from Carolina, another from the West-Indies, and a Vessel from Connecticut, the latter of whom it is said is entirely stove to Pieces, and all the People perished; but we cannot learn any further Particulars.*

We hear from Portsmouth, That Captain Somerville, in a Brig, coming in from the West-Indies, was cast away on the back of Newcastle, last Wednesday Night, but we cannot learn whether the People perished or not.

We are told from Providence, in the Colony of Rhode-Island, that the Wife of one Mr. Pitcher, near Patucket Bridge, about twenty Days since fell into a Fit of Somnolency, and had remained, when she was last heard from, in a State of total Insensibility for sixteen Days, having received no Kind of Sustenance, nor manifested the least Degree of Sensation at any Kind of external Application to her Body, during that Time.

NEWPORT, November 2.

We hear that a Gentleman in this Colony, remarkable for Industry, manufactured in his own Family, within the Year past, Six Hundred and Fifty Yards of Cloth, of different Kinds.

The General Assembly of this Colony met at South Kingstown on Wednesday last, and on Saturday adjourned to the last Monday in February next. At this Session, the Lower House Voted, That the Speaker be requested to write to his Majesty's Secretary of State, and to the Lords of the Treasury, respecting the Sufferers by the Riot in this Town in August, 1765, and to transmit to their Lordships Copies of the several Resolutions of the House with Regard to granting Compensation to the said Sufferers.

NEW-YORK, November 5.

By Letters from Turks-Island, we learn, that soon after Governor Symmer arrived there, a Frame of Government had been agreed on, whereby the Governor chose two Gentlemen as Counsellors or Assistants to him, and the People eight, as Representatives to them, who have lately agreed to lay such heavy Taxes on the rest of the Inhabitants, that many of the Settlers are determined to leave the Place.---A consequence the Letter-Writers justly observe, that will always follow where too many idle Persons live in Proportion to the Labourers.

Yesterday put in here in distress, Captain Hern, in a Brig bound from Monto Christi for New-London, who in the violent Gale of Wind on the 16th of October, in Lat. 34, had several of his Top-Timbers stove in, his Hold shifted, and Part of his Cargo damaged.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to one of the Society for Manufactures in New-York, August 26, 1767.

'I received a Piece of Linen from the Society; it being brown, I desired my Linen Draper to get it bleached; he told me, that during 45 Years that he had been a Draper, he had never seen such an excellent Piece of Linen; that as he had got a Fortune out of North America, it gave him Pleasure to hear it was manufactured there, but as a Linen Draper he was sorry for it.---It has been six Weeks on the Grass, and the Bleacher says it must be in his Hands six more, before it will be well whitened; for that he never saw a Piece equal to it, and desired to know of what Fabrick it was. Such are the Praises of your manufacture: I hope soon to see the Day, that we shall import great Quantities of Linen from New-York, into this Kingdom, as well as from Ireland and Scotland, and that Germany shall be excluded.'

Yesterday arrived the Snow Queen of Barra, Captain Elliott, in 11 Weeks from Jamaica.---In Lat. 33:30, Long. 74:40, W. spoke with a Brigantine from Monto Christo, belonging to New-London;---she had met with a Gale of Wind, which had stove in her Larboard Side.

PHILADELPHIA, November 12.

Captain Davidson, from St. Croix, on the 20th ult. in Lat. 26:30, Long. 69:5, in the late heavy Gale, by the violent Motion of the Vessel, one of his Hands was thrown from the Maintopsail Yard into the Sea, and drowned; and on the 24th, in the same Gale he sprung his Mainmast, but luckily received no other Damage.

Captain Nixon, from Bristol, on the 20th of last Month, in Lat. 37:54, Long. 60:30, spoke a Snow from New-York for Falmouth, out 9 Days, which he supposed to be the Packet, but as he spoke her in the Night, he did not learn further Particulars.---On the 25th, in Lat. 37:30, he spoke a Schooner, Captain Daver, from Rhode-Island for Surrinam, out 4 Days.---And on the 30th, in Lat. 38:40, about 50 Leagues from our Capes, he spoke a Schooner, from Virginia for Piscataqua, also 4 Days out, all well.

Captain Beaty, from Cork, on the 29th of October, in reefing his Topsails (the Wind blowing very fresh) one of his Hands fell off the Maintopsail Yard into the Sea, and was drowned.---On the First Instant, in Lat. 37:43, Long. 69:15, he spoke a Sloop, Captain Sharp, from Turks-Island for New-York, out 22 Days, all well.

By Captain Dougherty, in 7 Weeks from Cadiz, we learn, that Capt. Chambers, in a Sloop belonging to New-York, bound from Pensacola for Marseilles, having sprung his Mast, put into Barcelona, but had sailed again on his Voyage. And that Captain Young, of this Port, sailed from Gibraltar about the latter End of August, being bound up the Streights.---Capt. Dougherty further informs, that a Vessel arrived at Cadiz from the Havanna, with between 20 and 30 Jesuits on board, who were not permitted to land, but immediately put on board another Vessel, and sent into the Pope's Dominions.

By Captain Creighton, from Lisbon, we learn, that Lord Littleton arrived there the Beginning of September from England; that the English Factory entertained great Expectations from his Embassy; that he had had two or three Audiences, but the Result of them had not transpired; that three Men of War, and a Number of Transports, with three Regiments on board, had sailed for the Brazils, it was supposed, as by the last Vessels from thence they had received some disagreeable Advices of a Revolt; and that the Report of a Revolt at Terceira was without Foundation.----On the 31st ult. in Lat. 37:30, Long. 68:30, he spoke a Brig, Captain Thomson, from Jamaica for Bristol, out 5 Weeks, all well; and on the 3d Instant, about 10 Leagues from our Capes, he spoke a Sloop, Captain Stephenson, from Fyall for New-York, out 39 Days, who had lost his Boltsprit.

Captain Wasdale, for this Port, was to sail from Lisbon about the latter End of September.

Captain Steel, from Barbados, informs, that Captain Brown, in a Brig from Newtown, Maryland, arrived at that Island, and was to sail about the 18th ult. for Anguilla.

Monday last Captain Mulford arrived here in four Weeks from Cape-Fear, having met with very heavy Gales, and blustering Weather, most of the Time, in which he was obliged to lie to, and was drove as far as the Bahamas; had all his Sails split to Pieces, and received other Damage.---By him we learn, that Captain Nicholson, in a Sloop, from Martinico for Rhode-Island, had put into Cape Look-Out Inlet a mere Wreck, having his Sails torn all to Pieces, and the Vessel had received so much Damage in her Hull, that she was thought unfit for Service, and the Captain had wrote home for another Vessel to fetch his Cargoe.---Off of Ocracock Captain Mulford spoke a Boat, the People of which informed him, that 5 Sloops and a Brig were ashore there, and it was thought would all be lost; but he could not learn who they were.

On Tuesday Captain Cardiff arrived here from Ocracock, who informs that the Gale began there on 16th of last Month, and that in the Heighth of it, on the 17th, a Sloop, belonging to Newbern, foundered at her Anchors, and the Vessel, Cargoe and People, all lost; that a Brig belonging to Newbern, bound to Barbados, was drove ashore, and lost, but chief Part of the Cargoe saved; and that four other Sloops were drove ashore, and it was thought could not be got off again.----That Captain Bacchus, in a Schooner, from this Port, arrived there on the 25th, who had been in the Gale, but luckily received no Damage.---And that Captain John Evans, in a Sloop from New-York, arrived at Bear Inlet just after the Gale, having received considerable Damage, by shifting his Cargoe, and shipping very heavy Seas, which obliged him to keep bailing and pumping, to prevent his Vessel from foundering.

And by Captain Pye, from North-Carolina, we learn, that one of the Sloops ashore at Ocracock is Captain Fuller, belonging to Rhode-Island.

By Captain Dysart, from Liverpool we learn, that Captain Montgomery was to sail from thence for New-York about the 26th of September.

Captain Brown, from Rotterdam, with Palatines, on the 26th ult. in Lat. 37:17, Long. 69:29, spoke the Schooner Ellis, Captain Egdon, bound to London from this Port, out three Days, all well; the next Day he saw several Pieces of Timber drifting along-side; on the 29th, in Lat. 38, he spoke a Sloop, from New-London for Barbados; Nov. 1, in Lat. 37:19, spoke a Sloop, from Rhode-Island for Barbados, three Days out; and on the 4th, in Lat. 38:30, he spoke a Sloop, from Rhode-Island, for Turks-Island, two Days out.

The Ship Hawke, Captain Lightenstone, of and from Savannah, for London, sailed from Tybee the 12th of last Month, but in a violent Gale of Wind, and very high Seas, the Vessel sprung a Leak, when both Pumps were obliged to be kept constantly going; and after suffering considerable other Damage, and being in the greatest Danger of their Lives, the Captain on the 16th, resolved to run into the first Inlet, which happened to be Sapello, but struck on the Bar, about 3 Miles from the Shore, where the Ship and Cargoe were intirely lost. The Passengers, among whom was the Honourable Daniel Moore, Esq; and all the Ship's Company, with Difficulty got safe ashore.

Tuesday last arrived here Captain Moore, in a Sloop, from New-Providence, who informs us, that in the Gale of the 15th, he split all his sails, stove his Cabouse and Boat, and was forced to put into Virginia to refit; in the Gale he saw a Sloop which had lost her Boltsprit. While he was at Norfolk, he learnt that a

Sloop, belonging to North-Carolina, was drove aſhore near Curratuck, and one or two of the People drowned: That a large Northward built Sloop, from Tortola for this Port, having loſt her Boltſprit, and received conſiderable other Damage, had put into Norfolk to refit: That a Sloop belonging to Virginia, drove out to Sea from Cape Charles in the Gale, and was obliged to cut away her Maſt and Boltſprit, and after the Gale, was towed in by a Veſſel that met her at Sea; and that a Veſſel had been ſeen off of Cape Henry Bottom upwards.

Captain Moore, on the 8th of October, in Lat. 33: 41, Long. 71: 37, ſpoke Captain Brown, in a Snow, out 8 Weeks from London, bound for Winyaw, in Carolina.

Captain Chancellor, from Barbados, ſailed in Company with Captain Brown, bound to Baltimore, and parted with him the 22d ult.---On the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 36: 25, Long. 72: 43, he ſaw the upper Part of a Ship's Gallows, painted red, floating in the Sea; and on the 5th he ſpoke a Schooner, from Boſton for Carolina, one Day out.

The Brig Francis, Captain Sampſon, of this Port, from New-Orleans, was drove from her Anchors, on the Second Inſtant, in a violent Gale of Wind, a little to the Southward of our Capes, when the Veſſel went aſhore, and was beat to Pieces, and the greateſt Part of the Cargoe loſt.

The Sloop Superbe, Captain Higgins, from the ſame Place, and alſo bound in here, is loſt near the Capes of Virginia.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Hume, at Dublin; Captain Taylor, at Cork; Captains Walker, Toulming and Keen, at St. Chriſtopher's; and Captain Moon, in North-Carolina.

At Liſbon. Captain Campbell, from New-York.

At South-Carolina. Captains Durffee and Whiting, from Rhode-Iſland; and Captain Schermerhorn, from New-York.

At Barbados. Captains Leatherbarrow, Buckler, and Simm, from Virginia. Captain Gilliſs, from Maryland. Captain Cranſtoun, from Rhode-Iſland. Captain Barker, from New-London. And Captain Parker, from Piſcataqua.

By an Account, taken on Saturday laſt, of all the Sea Veſſels in this Port, there were as follows, viz. 51 Ships, 8 Snows, 40 Brigs, 14 Schooners, and 20 Sloops, in all 133, excluſive of thoſe on the Stocks.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 17s. 6d. Wheat 6s. 4d. Indian Corn 3s. Ship Bread 17s. Middling Ditto 24s. Pipe Staves 10l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 7l. Beef 56s. Pork 67s. 6d. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 40 to 56s. Melaſſes 20d. to 21d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. to 12d. Pitch 18s. Tar 11s. Turpentine 16s. 6d. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 17s. Liſbon Salt 18d. Flaxſeed 6s. 6d. Bohea Tea 4s. 6d. Hemp 4d. Halfpenny to 5d. Cotton 1s. 10d. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 7l. 10s. Muſtard-ſeed 32 s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Richard, J. Nixon, from Briſtol. Brig Peggy-packet, J. Davidſon, and Schooner Patty, S. Crawford, St. Croix. Brig Grampus, H. Robinſon, Rotterdam. Ship Content, G. Carr, Jamaica. Ship Prince George, R. Beaty, Cork. Sloop Rebecca, J. Monk, St. Kitts. Ship Marquis of Granby, A. M'Ilvaine, New-Caſtle on Delaware. Schooner Raven, T. Coffin, Nantucket. Sloop Mary, R. Macey, Boſton. Ship Fame, P. Creighton, Liſbon. Sloop Alice, B. Newbould, Tortola. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, South-Carolina. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Schooner Polly, J. Newton, New-Providence. Schooner Maryland Packet, R. M'Clean, Maryland. Sloop Sally, M. Derrickſon, Sloop John and Phœbe, C. Cardiff, and Schooner Brunſwick Packet, T. Mulford, North-Carolina. Brig Nancy, T. Leech, New-York. Brig Nancy, H. Dougherty, Cadiz. Brig Friendſhip, J. Wilſon, Antigua.

OUTWARDS. *Ship Pennſylvania Packet, N. Falconer, for London. Schooner Barbados, J. Barry, Ship Eleanor, T. Whitlock, and Brig Hope, T. Batſon, Barbados. Ship Crawford, C. Smith, Gibraltar. Ship Madeira Packet, J. Aul, Malaga. Schooner Speedwell, S. Davidſon, Dominica. Sloop St. George, G. Judkin, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Mary, R. Macey, Boſton. Sloop Mermaid, C. Evans, Virginia. Ship Rachel, W. Hardcaſtle, Jamaica.*

CLEARED. *Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, to North-Carolina.---Sloop Hope, J. Darrel, Bermuda. Brig Charming Suſanna, T. Conner, and Sloop Hibernia, J. M'Carth, Jamaica. Snow Elizabeth, J. Gibbon, Malaga. Ship Batchelor, W. Ramſey, Liſbon. Sloop Peggy, T. Eaſtwick, St. Kitts. Ship Friendſhip, T. Pearce, Liverpool. Sloop Neptune, T. Bunker, and Schooner Peggy, C. Coffin, Nantucket. Sloop Polly, W. Bartlett, and Schooner Cicero, J. Lowett, Salem, N. E. Brig Ann and Catherine, J. Cooper, Barbados. Brig Sally, J. Thompſon, Londonderry. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullowny, Halifax. Sloop Betſy, R. Young, Boſton.*

Philadelphia, November 10, 1767.

WHEREAS Mr. John Reed, of Philadelphia, hath been offering to Sale, a Tract of Land, or ſome Parcels thereof, called Beaſley's Lands, in Worceſter Townſhip, Philadelphia County, which Tract, under the Will of Samuel Beaſley, late of London, appears to be the juſt Right of John Searancke, Eſq; of Hatfield, in Hertfordſhire, England; I do hereby give public Notice to ſuch Perſons, if any there be, who may be inclined to purchaſe from the ſaid John Reed, that I have commenced Actions at Law, to recover Poſſeſſion for the ſaid John Searancke, in Purſuance of a Power of Attorney to me granted for that Purpoſe. ¶ WILLIAM SMITH.

JOSEPH SWIFT,

At his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, has imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, a large aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he purpoſes to ſell very reaſonable, for caſh, amongſt which are the following articles, viz.

WORSTED and hair pluſh, 6-qr. duffils, emboſſed ſerges, 6-qr. cloths, green, blue and cloth coloured naps, ſhaloons, durants, tammies, calimancoes, double and ſingle worſted damaſks, Mechlenburghs, mens and womens worſted hoſe, mens worſted and ſilk caps, camblets, ſtriped and plain camblettees, bredaus, yd. wd. figured ſtuffs, cotton velvets, taffeties, and India perſians, black, white and cloth coloured ſattins and pelongs, bordered and ſpotted India bandanoe handkerchiefs, black and dreſſed cloth coloured Barcelona handkerchiefs, black ſilk cravats, cotton romals, red and blue printed linen handkerchiefs, Scotch check handkerchiefs, with ſtriped and flowered kenting ditto, a great variety of printed cottons and calicoes, yd. and 7-8ths wd. cambricks and lawns, long lawns, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and 6-qr. cotton and linen checks, yd. wd. and 7-8ths Iriſh linen, white and brown Iriſh ſheeting, white and brown Ruſſia ditto, Skerry linen, 9-qr. and 10-qr. Flanders ticks, 3-qr. and 7-8ths ſtriped ticken, curdled Ruſſia linen, an aſſortment of buckles, buttons and knives, buttons and twiſt, tapes, bobbins, Scots thread, Nuns thread from No. 10 to 80, white, brown and coloured thread, white and brown buckram, white 18 inch calimancoe, ſtay cord, braid and ſtrapping, ribbons, pins and needles, caſtor and felt hats, powder, ſhot and lead, London pewter, ſteel, frying pans, red lead, box and ſad irons, clouting diaper, ſilk and cotton laces, writing paper, ſewing ſilk, ivory and horn combs, worſted quality and gartering, blond and thread lace, Harry's playing cards, ſilverets, meſſinets, and ſundry other goods.

N. B. Thoſe perſons who are indebted to him above twelve months, are deſired to pay off their ballances this fall, or they may expect to be compelled. Tbc. 8 W.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Brigantine RICHARD, JOSHUA NIXON, Maſter, from BRISTOL, and to be ſold, Wholeſale and Retail, by THOMAS SAVAGE, at his Store, in Second-Street, near Market-Street,

A LARGE and freſh Aſſortment of Ironmongery, &c. alſo a Parcel of Iriſh Linens, Checks, and Ozenbrigs; likewiſe to be ſold, on board the ſaid Brigantine, at Mr. Riche's Wharff, a Parcel of fine Briſtol SALT.

ON Saturday the 31ſt of October, Mr. JOHN LONG, Store-keeper in Cheſtnut-Level, the lower Part of Lancaſter County, went from his Lodgings, at the Sign of the Harp and Crown, in Third-Street, in order to tranſact ſome Buſineſs in Town, and accordingly was in Mr. Jackſon's and Mr. Meas's Store, about 11 o'Clock the ſame day, and ſince that Time has not been heard of. He wore ſhort black Hair, and had on a brown Coat, black Cotton Velvet Jacket, Leather Breeches, plain ſquare Silver Buckles in his Shoes, and a Silver Watch; as it is feared he is drowned, if any Perſon hears of him, and will inform Mr. WILLIAM CARSON, at the Harp and Crown, in Third-Street, or Mr. ROBERT PORTER, Sadler, in Market-Street, oppoſite the Priſon, it will be thankfully acknowledged. ¶

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On the 27th Day of this inſtant November, if not ſold before at private Sale, at Bridgetown, commonly called Mount-holly, New-Jerſey,

A HOUSE and Lot of Ground in ſaid Town; the Houſe is 36 Feet Front on an open Street, and 20 Feet in Depth, three Rooms on the firſt Floor, Cellars under two of the Rooms, and two Rooms on the ſecond Floor, a Lean-to Kitchen, a Work Shop adjoining the Houſe, about 26 Feet Front, and 18 Feet in Depth, and a Garden back of both Houſe and Shop. A Lot of Ground near the Houſe, containing about one Acre and 56 Perches, through which there is a conſtant Stream of Water, which renders it ſuitable for divers Buſineſſes; the Houſe is ſituated on high Ground, and in pretty good Repair, and in a Town where Trade is more lively than in moſt ſmall Towns. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the Premiſes, by paying Twenty-five Pounds, may have ſome Years allowed for paying the Remainder, giving Security, if required, and paying Intereſt. For further Information, apply to JOHN SMITH, in Burlington, JOHN SHINN, or HENRY PAXSON, in Mount-holly, who will ſhew the Premiſes, or JOHN PEMBERTON, in Philadelphia. ¶

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the new THEATRE, in SOUTHWARK, To-morrow Evening, being Friday, the 13th of November, will be preſented, a TRAGEDY, called

THEODOSIUS,

Or, the FORCE of LOVE.

With the grand Altar, ornamented as at the firſt Inſtitution of the Chriſtian Religion at Conſtantinople. The Viſion of Conſtantine the Great, the Night before his Battle with the Chriſtians. A Bloody Croſs in the Air, with theſe Words in Golden Characters, IN HOC SIGNO VINCES, &c. &c. &c.

To which will be added, A Muſical ENTERTAINMENT, called

THE CHAPLET.

To begin exactly at Six o' Clock.

Lately imported from LONDON, and to be ſold by

JOSEPH RICHARDSON, Goldſmith,

A LARGE BELL, weighing 437 Pounds, and meaſures 25 Inches Diameter at the Mouth. ‡

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

IS removed to Front-ſtreet, to the Store lately occupied by Meſſieurs Woodham and Young, and Mr. Lancelot Cowper, almoſt at the Corner of Walnut-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite to Meſſieurs Willing and Tod's Store, where he has for ſale, a freſh Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE. ¶

Juſt imported in the ſhip Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Falconer, from London, and to be ſold by

WESTMORE and BATCHELOR,

At their ſtore in Second-ſtreet, between Market-ſtreet and the church, and next door to Benjamin Hooton's,

A NEAT aſſortment of GOODS ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which will be ſold cheap, for caſh or ſhort credit, viz. 7-8ths, yard wide, and yard and 3-8ths linen and cotton checks, Scotch check handkerchiefs, printed linen ditto, printed cottons, chintz, callicoes, and linens, 7, 8, 9, and 10 qr. green, blue, and ſpotted rugs, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 qr. blankets, flannels, and linceys, blue and drab coloured broad cloths, ſtriped and plain camblets, tammies, dorſetteens, croſs barred ſtuffs, calimancoes, damaſks, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, ozenbrigs, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, brown and white buckram, black and cloth coloured breeches pieces, death-head and baſket buttons, coloured and Scotch threads, beſt ſcarf twiſt, ſilk and worſted cord, beſt baladine ſewing ſilk, knee garters, black, blue, and green taffeties, Barcelona handkerchiefs, ſpotted bandanoes, romals, checked roſets, ſilk and Barcelona cravats, plain gauze, yard and ell-wide flowered ditto, lawns and cambricks in pieces and patches, coſſaes, and humhums; London, quality, and ſhoe binding, ferretting, ribbons, tully and ſorted gartering, ſtamped bath ditto, womens cotton hoſe, womens and mens yarn hoſe, mens fine plain and ribbed worſted hoſe, mens white grain lamb gloves, womens plain and flowered purple, white and cloth coloured, glazed and grain lamb gloves and mitts, womens cloth coloured worſted mitts, pattern and plain, and purple ſilk mitts, brown holland, diaper table cloths, Dutch lace, London and Whitechapel needles, wire and ſhirt buttons, pins, pot and poſt paper, a compleat aſſortment of knives and forks, uncapt, capt, buck ſealed, piſtol, buffalo, and Barlow penknives, razors, womens ſciſſars, bath metal ſhoe and knee buckles, horn and ivory combs, bird, pidgeon, duck, and gooſe ſhot, F gunpowder, a large quantity of gun flints, &c. &c.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Enoch Elliot, late of Darby, deceaſed, by Bills, Bonds, Book Accounts, or otherwiſe, are deſired to come immediately and ſettle, or make Payment of the ſame; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, that they may be adjuſted by PETER ELLIOT, ſen. CHRISTOPHER ELLIOT, BENJAMIN LOBB, ſen. Executors. ¶

RUN away, the 25th of October laſt, from the Subſcriber, living in Eaſt-town, Cheſter County, an Iriſh Servant Man, named Nathaniel Anſter, of a ſandy Complexion, has ſhort buſhy Hair, rather black than ſandy, round faced, about 26 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 Inches high; had on, when he went away, a white Flannel Waiſtcoat, a blue homeſpun old Cloth Coat, which is too large for him, with Button Holes worked behind, a Pair of Linen Drawers, a Pair of wide Tow Trowſers, old blue darned Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, with Steel or Silver Buckles, and a half-worn Wool Hat. He has been one Year in the Country, much given to drink, and has the Brogue on his Tongue. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by ISAAC WAYNE.

N. B. Said Servant was taken up laſt Tueſday, and committed by William Moore, Eſq; but made his Eſcape the Night following from the Conſtable; he has changed his Name to John Fitzgerald. ¶

TO be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, by private ſale, a likely hearty Negroe woman, about 40 years old, with or without her female child, 4 years old, very likely and healthy. The woman is capable of all ſorts of houſe work, therefore will ſuit either town or country, and is ſold becauſe there is no further occaſion for her. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, her maſter, at Point no Point, or of Robert Moore, cabinet maker, the upper end of Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ¶ ANDREW CROCKETT.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcriber, the 6th day of October laſt, a black roan MARE, eight years old next ſpring, 14 hands and a half high, natural trotter, with a ſmall ſtar, her mane naturally hangs to the near ſide, ſhe was uſed to work in the ſhafts, and behind in a waggon; ſhe gave milk when ſhe went away. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, and brings her to the owner, living in Northwales, Philadelphia county, ſhall have Three Dollars reward; if ſtolen, and the thief brought to juſtice, Five Dollars reward, paid by AMOS ROBERTS. ‖

Philadelphia, November 7, 1767.

THIS is once more to deſire all thoſe indebted to Caleb Jones, of this city, merchant, by bond, note or book debt, that they will come and pay off the ſame by the 18th day of this inſtant November, otherwiſe the accounts &c. will be put into the hands of attornies, to recover the ſame, without reſpect to perſons. JEREMIAH WARDER, WILLIAM WEST, DAVID POTTS, WILLIAM POLLARD, Aſſignees. ¶

N. B. Thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid Caleb Jones, are deſired to bring them in.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in Providence, Cheſter County, an Iriſh Servant Lad, named Timothy Gafny, 19 Years of Age, of middle Stature, freſh coloured, has grey Eyes, wears his own light coloured Hair, ſpeaks good Engliſh, writes a good Hand, and may perhaps forge a Paſs. He wears an old Caſtor Hat, broken brimmed, a light brown Thickſet Fuſtian Coat, without Buttons, a Claret coloured Broadcloth Jacket, and white Flannel double breaſted Jacket, with black Spots; a new homeſpun Shirt, marked W M on the Sleeve Guſſet, Leather Breeches, two Pair Yarn Stockings, and new Shoes, with large Metal Buckles in them. Whoever ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by ¶ JAMES WILLCOX.

TO be SOLD, by public vendue, on the 25th of November inſt. at 10 o'clock, ſix Negroe men, three of them underſtand farming in its ſeveral branches; the other three acquainted with the ſhip carpenter's buſineſs, as ſawing, &c. A Negroe woman, with a boy 20 months old; ſhe is a good cook, can waſh, iron, bake and ſew, and underſtands out-work well. A Negroe girl, about 15 years old; a Mulattoe girl's time; a Negroe boy, about 12 years of age; a genteel family waggon; a new pair of timber wheels, with a ſcrew and chains; a cart, and other utenſils of huſbandry; three pair of working cattle; milk cows, and dry cattle; horſes, mares and colts; hogs and ſheep; a large quantity of Indian corn in crib; hemp, flax, rye, houſhold furniture, and many other things, too tedious to mention. Credit may be had, by giving bond and ſecurity, if required. Attendance will be given, by

White Clay Creek, N. Caſtle county. RICHARD DENNIS.

N. B. All perſons that have any demands againſt me, are deſired to ſend in their accounts; and thoſe indebted to me, to make ſpeedy payment. *

TO BE SOLD,

By public vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Saturday, the 2d day of January next, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon,

ALL that bank and water lot, in the city of Philadelphia, with the ſtores and wharff thereunto belonging, commonly called or known by the name of The Burnt Houſes, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Walnut-ſtreet and the Dock, containing in breadth on the ſaid Front-ſtreet, and on both ſides of Water-ſtreet, 83 feet and a half, now in the poſſeſſion of Jonathan Evans; late the eſtate of Jonathan Dickinſon, Eſq. The conditions of ſale, and the brief of the title, will be made known and ſhewn by LEWIS WEISS, to ſuch perſons as ſhall apply to him for that purpoſe. ¶

STRAYED away from the Plantation of Alexander Henderſon, in Upper Merion, Philadelphia County, the firſt Inſtant, at Night, a blackiſh roan Mare, about 14 Hands high, near 8 Years old, paces and trots, Part of her hind Feet white, has a black Spot on the Point of each Shoulder, and had on, when ſhe went away, a ſmall Grub Yoke. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Mare, and brings her to ſaid Alexander Henderſon, or to Andrew Crawford, in Plymouth, or to the Subſcriber, in Warrington, Bucks County, ſhall receive Two Dollars Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by me WILLIAM LONG. ¶

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE PRINCE of WALES, THOMAS MASON, COMMANDER;

HAS excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail preciſely the Twenty-ſecond Inſtant. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to GEORGE NOARTH, ALEXANDER LUNAN, or ſaid Commander.

Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle County, Nov. 6, 1767.

WHEREAS a certain John Croker, horſe-jockey, has, in a fraudulent manner, obtained from me the ſubſcriber, a penal bill, or ſome promiſſory note, or obligation, dated on or about the 1ſt inſtant, for the payment of Forty-two Pounds, for which I have received no manner of conſideration, and declare that the ſaid John Croker is juſtly indebted to me, to a conſiderable value; therefore, I take this method to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of the ſaid bill or note, as I am determined to conteſt the payment at law, and in duty bound to the public, I adviſe them to be cautious of being the like impoſed on by him. ‡ HENRY HAINS.

ANTIGUA. September 29, 1767.

PURSUANT to the Decree of the Honourable the Court of Chancery of this Iſland, dated the 18th Day of September inſt. This is to give Notice, that on the 2d Day of Auguſt, 1768, will be ſold, at my Office, in the Town of St. John, in the ſaid Iſland of Antigua, at public Outcry, between the Hour of Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, and Sun-ſetting of the ſame Day, all the PLANTATION late of George Weatherill, Eſq; deceaſed, and the Buildings thereon erected, ſituate in the Diviſion of St. John, and Pariſh of St. John, in the ſaid Iſland, with the Slaves, Coppers, Cattle, Mules, and Horſes, and all Plantation Utenſils thereto belonging, to the higheſt Bidder, for Gold and Silver Money.

The Plantation contains about 400 Acres, to which there are belonging about 151 Slaves, 81 Head of horned Cattle, 5 Mules, and 6 Horſes. On the ſaid Plantation there is a Dwelling-houſe, and other Buildings, 1 Stone Wind-mill, 1 Boiling-houſe, one Side of it ſtantioned and fitted for curing of Sugar, with 10 Coppers, 1 Still-houſe, with Liquor Caſks, 3 Stills, with 6 Worms, and Worm Tubs, 4 Carts, and divers other Plantation Utenſils. The Inventory of which ſaid Plantation, Slaves, Buildings, Cattle, Mules, Horſes, and Utenſils, is lodged at my Office, and is there to be peruſed by any Perſon, in Office Hours, gratis.

The ſaid Plantation lies about two Miles from the Town of St. John.

All Perſons who are inclined to bid for the ſame, are to put in their Propoſals in Writing, in my Office, ſigned by themſelves in a Book, in my Office kept for that Purpoſe.

N. B. The beſt Bidder, of the ſaid Eſtate, muſt, upon the ſaid 2d Day of Auguſt, depoſite in my Hands the Sum of 6000l. Gold and Silver current Money of Antigua, or the Sum of 3500l. lawful Money of Great-Britain, in good Bills of Exchange, drawn or endorſed by ſome reſponſible Inhabitant of Antigua, and made payable at 60 Days Sight, and ſuch Bills are to be drawn upon ſome reſponſible Merchant, or other Perſon in London, ſubject to the Direction of the Court of Chancery of this Iſland.

EDWARD GAMBLE, Maſter in Chancery.

ANTIGUA, Sept. 29, 1767.

IN PURSUANCE of a Decree of the Honourable the Court of Chancery of this Iſland, dated the 18th Day of September inſt. This is to give Notice to all the Creditors of GEORGE WEATHERILL, late of the ſaid Iſland, Eſq; deceaſed, that they prove their Debts before me, by the 2d Day of Auguſt, 1768: In Default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree. †

EDWARD GAMBLE, Maſter in Chancery.

A NABLE WRITING-MASTER, will meet with good Encouragement in the COLLEGE of PHILADELPHIA, on Application to the Truſtees. 4 W.

TO be SOLD by the subscriber, the following tracts of land, lying in the county and township of Gloucester, west New Jersey, and may be entered on the 1st of March next.

Chestnut Grove, being a plantation containing 200 acres of land, situated in the forks of Great Timber Creek, within three quarters of a mile of a good landing, whereon is a dwelling-house, barn, stables, and other out-houses, about 80 acres of cleared land in good fence, 20 whereof is meadow, with a constant stream of water running through the same; 8 acres of young bearing orchard, the land is fresh and good, having lately been cleared, about a mile from a good grist-mill, and about the same distance from a Presbyterian Meeting-house, 9 or 10 miles from Philadelphia.

Also a tract of wood land, within 2 miles of the aforesaid plantation, and about 2 miles from a landing, containing 275 acres, about half a mile from 2 saw-mills.

Also about 5 or 6 acres of cedar swamp, between 9 and 10 miles from the aforesaid plantation.

Likewise a lot of ground in Philadelphia, in Fifth-street, between Arch and Race-streets, being 14 feet front, and 50 deep, whereon is a two story brick house.

Also a lot of ground adjoining the same, 14 feet front, and 50 feet deep.

For terms of sale, apply to Lazarus Pine, senior, living on the aforementioned plantation, or to Lazarus Pine, junior, in Fifth-street, Philadelphia.

N. B. Likewise a young hearty Negroe wench, 18 years old, has had the small pox and meazels, and is fit for town or country. † 6 W.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber an English convict servant man, about 30 years of age, named William Thomson, alias Thomson Gilliard, imported in the ship Thornton, Captain Reid, last July; he is a tall slim man, with a full mouth, lively dark eyes, pale round face, short black hair, wears an old small racoon hat, coarse grey cloth or frize coat, light coloured, broad cloth jacket, which has been turned, and the button holes closed on the wrong side, a pair of old red stocking wove breeches, and a pair of tow linen trowsers; he is a cook and confectioner by trade, and has been in the service of several great men in England, Ireland and France, speaks French, writes a good hand, and will probably change his name, and forge a pass. He stole away a young bright sorrel horse, with a blaze in his face, and white tail and mane, paces a travel, and has no brand, with a good saddle and housings. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by ABRAHAM BARRETT, in Baltimore county. ‖

WHEREAS THOMAS COOPER, in the county of Philadelphia, and township of Abington, innholder, did obtain of me, the subscriber, two notes of hand (for value received, as I then believed) one of the said notes for Fifteen Pounds, due on Christmas day next; the other for Seventeen Pounds, due at May fair, 1768. These are therefore to forewarn all persons from taking assignments on the aforesaid notes; as they were obtained by defraud, I am determined not to pay either of them, unless compelled by a course of law; of which, pray take this notice from. ‖ SAMUEL FISHER.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an Act of General Assembly of this Province, intituled, "An Act for granting the sum of Sixty Thousand Pounds for the King's use, and for striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a Fund for sinking the same, the following tract of located and unimproved lands was duly valued and rated by the assessors for the County of Northampton, at Five Pounds by the Hundred, the property of Richard Goodwin, in the Jerseys; to wit; a tract of land, containing about 150 acres, situate in Mount Bethel township, in the County of Northampton, bounded by land of Amos Strettell and the Blue Mountains. And whereas the owner of the said tract of land hath neglected to pay the collector of the said township the sum of Eleven Shillings and Threepence, which, according to the said valuation, was assessed and laid upon said land, as the proportion thereof for one year for said tax by the act imposed; We, the Commissioners of the County of Northampton aforesaid, in pursuance of the said act, do hereby give notice, that on the twelfth day of February next, at the house of John Long, in Mount Bethel Township, we will expose to sale, by public vendue, the above mentioned tract of located unimproved land, or such part thereof, as will be sufficient to answer the said tax, and all charges accruing, by reason of the non-payment thereof, to the highest bidder. The sale to begin at 10 o' clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands, this Twenty-seventh day of October, 1767.

HARMAN SHNYDER, CASPAR DOLL, JOHN WETZEL. †

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of General Assembly of this province, intituled, an act for granting the sum of SIXTY THOUSAND POUNDS for the King's use, and for striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for sinking the same, the following tract of located and unimproved land was duly valued and rated by the assessors for the county of Northampton, at 6 pounds by the hundred, the property of Richard Peters, of the city of Philadelphia, Esq; viz. a tract of land, containing about 200 acres, situate in Hamilton township, bounded by lands of Henry Althouse; and another tract, containing about 800 acres, adjoining to the abovesaid 200 acres, rated at 10 pounds by the hundred; and whereas the owner of the said lands was taxed, and for several tracts more besides the above mentioned, for the sum of Twenty-nine Pounds, Sixteen Shillings, and One Penny, and of which sum is paid in part Twenty-three Pounds; and whereas the owner hath refused to pay the remainder, of Six Pounds, Sixteen Shillings, and One Penny, which, according to the said valuation, was assessed and laid upon said lands, as the proportion thereof for one year for said tax, by the said act imposed; we, the commissioners of the county of Northampton aforesaid, in pursuance of the said act, do hereby give notice, that on the 10th day of February next, at the house of Jacob Sevetz, in Hamilton township, we will expose to sale, by public vendue, the above mentioned tracts of located and unimproved lands, or such part thereof as will be sufficient to answer the said tax, and all charges accruing, by reason of the non payment, to the highest bidder; the sale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands at Easton, the 27th day of October, 1767. HARMAN SHNYDER, CASPAR DOLL, JOHN WETZEL. ¶ 3 m.

ALL Persons who stand indebted to the late Sheriff, WILLIAM PARR, for Fees, and Lands or Goods bought at his Vendues, and those whose Goods are under his Levy upon Execution, are desired to call at his Office in Arch-street, and discharge the same in three Weeks from the Date hereof.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, in Air township, Cumberland county, situate on a branch of Little Aughwich, near Fort Littleton, adjoining the land of George Henry, John Burd, and others; containing about 140 acres, chief part meadow, under good fence, with an old log house thereon, and a fine spring of water, which runs through the whole; it lies on the main road to Bedford, and is said to be the only piece of meadow for many miles round. For terms apply to WILLIAM GODDARD, printer in Market-street, or JOSIAH F. DAVENPORT, in Front-street. ¶

TO be SOLD by the subscriber, living in Cumberland township, York county, a certain tract of land, situate in Hamilton's Ban township, in the said county, containing 200 acres, of which about 20 are cleared, about 8 acres of meadow, and more may be made, with a grist-mill, having a good stream of water, with a fall of 22 feet, two pair of stones, two bolting cloaths, and hoisting geers, a dwelling-house, double barn, and other out-houses thereon erected. Likewise 100 acres adjoining said tract, of which there are 18 cleared, with a good dwelling-house, double barn, and other buildings thereon. Also 237 acres, in Peters's township, Cumberland county, adjoining lands of the late Widow Lowrey, James Eaton, James Guthrey, and Thomas Dougherty, of which there are 40 acres cleared, 6 whereof are meadow, and a good dwelling-house thereon; the whole in good repair; the titles indisputable. For terms of sale, apply to ⊕ 6 W. SAMUEL GETTEYS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Whitemarsh township, Philadelphia county, some time in September last, a dun coloured MARE, with a white mane and tail, about 13 hands high. The owner coming, proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again.

¶ MARTIN MYER.

TO be SOLD by the subscriber, in Allen's township, Northampton county, Pennsylvania, a likely healthy Negroe man and woman, and also two children, one male, the other female; the man and woman each about 22 years of age; they can be well recommended; they have been both brought up to country business; they are to be sold, because the present owner hath no further business for them, or any other servants. The purchaser may have time for the payment of the chief part of the money, giving security, and paying interest. The Negroes may be seen, and terms of sale more particularly known, by applying to the subscriber, at the place above mentioned,

† JOHN CLARK.

Philadelphia, October 29, 1767.

TO be SOLD by public vendue, at the London Coffee-House, the 18th day of November next, at 5 o'clock in the evening, a certain lot of ground, situate on the north-side of Mulberry-street, (alias Arch-street) containing in breadth, east and west, 18 feet in length, or depth, 140 feet, bounded southward by said Mulberry-street; westward with Alexander Parker's lot; northward with Apple-tree Alley; and eastward with the messuage and lot late of John Hart, with a good brick house and kitchen thereon, and a large frame building, two story high, adjoining the kitchen. The house is opposite the Church Burying Ground gate; the whole lot is subject to a ground rent of Four Pounds currency per annum.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On TUESDAY, the 17th of November, at the Dwelling-house of HUGH WILLIAMS, Baker, in Second-street, between Market and Chestnut Streets,

SUNDRY Houshold GOODS, such as Feather-Beds and Bedding, Looking Glass, Chairs, and Tables, a good Eight-day Clock, and sundry Kitchen Furniture; to be viewed any Time before the Sale. Likewise a NEGROE MAN, about 30 Years of Age, has been brought up to the Loaf Bread Baking Business, and understands it very well; has had the Small-Pox, and is Duty Free. ¶

A few CHESTS of BOHEA TEA,

Just imported from London, to be sold cheap, by CARSAN, BARCLAY and MITCHELL. ¶

Imported in the last vessels from London and Bristol, and to be sold by

JOSEPH SIMS,

At his store, below the Draw-Bridge, between Messieurs Powell's and Plumsted's wharffs, very cheap for ready money or short credit,

A GENERAL assortment of European and India goods, suitable to the season. ¶

For LONDON.

The SHIP
PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,
NATHANIEL FALCONER,
Commander,

A good new Vessel, with excellent Accommodations for Passengers, Part of her Cargo ready to go on board, and will sail in about four Weeks. For Freight or Passage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, SAMUEL PLEASANTS, or said Commander.

October 26, 1767.

For BELFAST and PORTRUSH,

The SHIP
RAINBOW,
JAMES CORREY,
Commander;

Now lying at Mr. Sims's Wharff, having Part of her Cargo already engaged, and is now beginning to load, she will be cleared to sail with the first of the Flaxseed Ships. For Freight or Passage, apply to GEORGE FULLERTON, or to the said Master on board. ‡

GEORGE FULLERTON,

Has just imported in the ship Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Gill, and the last vessels from England,

A Neat and general assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the season, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms, for cash or the usual credit, at his store in Chestnut-street, between Front and Second-streets.

N. B. He requests all those who are indebted to him above twelve months, to pay their respective ballances before the 15th of November next; and all those that do not comply, may expect to be sued without respect to persons. †

For St. KITTS directly,

The SHIP
BRISTOL PACKET,
JOHN VESEY,
Commander;

Will sail with all possible Expedition, having three Fourths of her Cargo engaged, and ready to go on board. For Freight or Passage, apply to KEARNY and GILBERT, or said Master on board his Ship.

For BARBADOS,

The SHIP
ANN and DOROTHY,
WILLIAM GREENWAY,
Master;

A good Vessel, with excellent Accommodations for Passengers, will certainly sail the 25th Instant, having the greatest Part of her Cargo ready to put on board. For Freight or Passage, apply to REYNOLD KEEN, and JOSEPH STOUT, or to the said Master on board, at Mease's Wharff.

Just imported, and to be sold very cheap for ready money, or the usual credit, by

STEPHEN CARMICK,

At his store, in Water-street, the third door above Market-street, viz.

VERY best upperband ticklingburghs, hempen, and the very best hempen sprig linen, brown roles, ell wd. brown hessens, 9-8ths broad fold fine brown and white Russia sheeting, Russia drabs, fine and coarse 3-qr. Russia linen, 9-8ths white and brown Irish sheeting, 7-8ths British linens, low priced; 7-8ths, and fine 7-8ths and yd. wd. Irish linens, blue and white Scotch handkerchiefs, red spotted ditto, spotted bandanoes, lungees, persian taffeties, cotton and linen checks, printed cottons, single purple, two purple, purple ground ditto, fine dark cotton chintz, fine cotton holland, damascus for jackets, English ticken and bed bunts, fine and coarse cambricks and lawns, muslins, mens and womens thread stockings, fine, super and superfine broadcloths, drabs, plains, red and blue duffils, cloth coloured and blue naps, red and white flannels, poplins, dorsetteens, shaloons, camblets, Scotch stitching and coloured threads, small, midling and large pins, tablecloths, sewing silks, buttons and mohair, silk and cotton laces, black and blue cotton velvets, pillow fustian, lettered and scarlet gartering, shirt buttons, writing paper, horse whips, handsaws, augers, files, taylors shears, sham and real buck and ivory knives and forks, ditto in cases, mill-saws, powder and shot, bar lead, frying pans, iron wire, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9 best Bristol crown window glass, G B wool cards, pewter and sadlery in casks, bridles, tea kettles, best four thread black and and cloth coloured knit breeches, crapes, hair shags, silverets, messinets, tapes, nutmegs and pepper, 3, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, small trace chains, tin in boxes, coffee, cocoa; also Turlington's balsam, Scots pills, Bateman's drops, Stoughton's bitters, put up in small boxes, and will be sold very cheap.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Monday, the 16th day of November next, at 12 o'clock precisely, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage or tenement, and plantation, with a tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing about 145 acres, situate in the township of Springfield, Chester county, bounded by lands of William Maddock, Samuel Evans, Nathaniel Pennock, Esq; Joseph Wilkinson, and the road leading from Springfield to Chester; a considerable quantity of good meadow is made, and more may be made thereon; the land is mostly fresh and good. At the same time and place will be sold, another messuage, plantation and tract of about 56 acres of land, thereunto belonging, lying contiguous to the former, bounded by the aforesaid road, lands of William Maddock, Joseph Wilkinson, and the waters of the said Dicks's Forge-dam; the land is rich, and capable of great improvements. Also horses and cattle, swine; houshold furniture, such as feather beds and bedding, case of drawers and desk, tables, chairs, &c. and a variety of other furniture; wheat in the stack, and in the ground, a pair of timber-wheels, a cart, coal waggon, and divers implements of husbandry, and sundry things, too tedious to enumerate; and as the plantations and premises, and the other things, have been often advertised, this may serve to inform the public, that no further delay or procrastination will be admitted of in said sales; the whole of which, late the estate and effects of Job Dicks, seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Wednesday, the 18th day of November next, at 2 o'clock, at the Ship Tavern, on Lancaster Road, in East-Caln township, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage or tenement, and piece or parcel of good land thereunto belonging, situate in the said township, containing about 25 acres, a considerable part of which is good meadow, a good orchard, and buildings thereon; the premises are bounded by lands of Curtis Lewis, and the Provincial Road to Lancaster, late the estate of John Lewis, seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, will be sold, by public vendue, on the 16th day of November next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of the Widow Kelly, in Hill-town township, in the county of Bucks, a certain tract of land, situate in Hill-town aforesaid, bounded by lands of Edward Jones, and Erasmus Kelly, containing 25 acres, late the property of John Jones, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by ⊕ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be sold, by public vendue, on the 17th day of November next, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Jacob Kooker, in Springfield township, Bucks county, a certain piece of lottery land, situate in Tinicum township, in the county aforesaid, bounded by lands of Jacob Stover, and others; late the property of Peter Harpel, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

¶ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be sold, by public vendue, on the 17th day of November next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Jacob Kooker, in Springfield township, Bucks county, a certain tract of land, situate in Springfield aforesaid, bounded by Durham lands, and lands of James Logan, containing 180 acres (subject to a mortgage for 100 pounds) late the property of Andrew and Christopher Sigefus, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

† WILLIAM BUCKMAN, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be sold, by public vendue, on the 17th day of November next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Jacob Kooker, in Springfield township, Bucks county, a certain tract of land, situate in Nockamixon township, in said county, containing 110 acres (be the same more or less) late the property of John Storm, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

† WILLIAM BUCKMAN, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be sold by public vendue, on the 19th day of November next, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Joseph Vandergrift, in Bensalem township, Bucks county, two certain lots of land, situate in the borough of Bristol, in said county, late the property of Aaron Hill, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

§ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, will be sold, by public vendue, on the 19th day of November next, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Joseph Vandergrift, in Bensalem township, Bucks county, two certain tracts of land, situate in Bensalem aforesaid; the one bounded by lands of Lawrence Growdon, Esq; and the river Delaware, containing 94 acres (more or less) the other bounded by lands of Joseph Jackson, and others, late the property of Leonard Vandergrift, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

⊕ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, *Sheriff.*

TO be SOLD, by public vendue on Monday, the 16th of November next, a plantation, lying and being in the township of Lower Dublin, distance from Philadelphia 11 miles, from Bristol road about 400 yards, pleasantly situated in the forks of two roads, one leading from Bustletown, the other from Biberry; a very convenient place for a store, the whole tract containing 112 acres, be the same more or less; with a good house, a well of good water by the door, a good log barn, and a thriving young orchard of good fruit, about 10 acres of meadow, and more may be made; the said land is known to be extraordinary good; half the said tract is cleared, the remainder well timbered. The sale to begin at 10 o'clock, where the terms will be made known by δ THOMAS COLLET.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

November 19, 1767. NUMB. 2030.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 11.

An Account of ELISABETH BROWNRIGG's *cruel Treatment of her* APPRENTICES;

With the Proviſion made by the LEGISLATURE, *for the Preſervation of the Lives of the* INFANT POOR *of the Pariſhes in, and contiguous to, London and Weſtminſter.*

HAVING lately read in one of the papers ſome account of the barbarous treatment of two poor children, who were placed under the care of a painter and his wife, in Flower-de-luce court, Fetter-lane, the circumſtances appeared to me ſo extraordinary, that I imagined the relation muſt have been exaggerated, as is frequently the caſe. In order therefore to ſatisfy myſelf more fully concerning it, I have enquired, and been informed (by perſons who were eye and ear witneſſes, and who live upon the ſpot) of ſome of the following ſhocking particulars, from the mouth of the younger child, for they were expoſed a conſiderable time in the court, that every one might behold theſe objects of ſavage cruelty, and bear witneſs to the horrid tale, which was as follows: That they had been confined for more than a year, for the moſt part in the cellar, where hogs were kept, and employed there in grinding colours for their maſter; their only food was a piece of bread a day, without even water to drink, ſupplying that want from the hogs trough. They had not lain in a bed during the whole time. That their miſtreſs, who practiſed midwifery, uſed frequently, without any cauſe, to tie them up by their hands, ſtretched out, to a ſtaple fixed in the cieling, after ſtripping them ſtark naked, and whip them till her ſtrength was exhauſted, and they were covered with wounds; after which ſhe faſtened their leather bodice upon them, which cleaving to their lacerated fleſh, eat into their bodies, till the inhuman tygreſs renewed her cruelties, which, we may naturally ſuppoſe, were every time more intolerable than the preceding. The eldeſt, who is 17 years of age, ſhe ſcourged no leſs than ſix times the Friday before the diſcovery, whereby, and by her former uſage, ſhe was one continued ſore, covered with gaſhes from head to foot, her fleſh ſeemed putrified, and appeared rather as if cut with knives than whips, her head was ſwelled to an enormous ſize, her eyes imperceptible, and her ſpeech gone: An iron collar, that was put about her neck, had tore that and her ſhoulders in a terrible manner. The youngeſt, 13 years old, is likewiſe a miſerable ſpectacle. She declared to an acquaintance of the writer of this, that ſometimes, after they had been whipped, the blood which ſtreamed from their wounds formed puddles underneath them where they ſat in the cellar. The man is ſaid not to have whipped them, but was only acceſſary, as knowing and permitting it. When the miſtreſs went into the country, ſhe cauſed them to be chained up in that filthy place, till her return, which they dreaded more than death, which would have put a period to their ſufferings. The eldeſt ſon is ſaid to have aſſiſted the mother in whipping and inſulting them. Would any one believe this infernal has been the mother of 15 children, and by her agreeable, and even tender carriage, was reſpected by every body! Still longer would this diabolical tragedy have been acted, had not theſe two poor wretches been providentially diſcovered by the ſervant maid of a baker in the ſaid court, who, looking from a window, perceived ſomething like human appearances, very bloody, at a trap door (whither they had crawled for freſh air) which was ſuppoſed to be opened to give vent to the ſtench of the hogs ſty: She informed her maſter of the ſight, who cauſed the man to be taken up, the miſerable ſufferers to be releaſed, and the houſe to be ſtrictly ſearched. The woman received perſons to lie in privately, both in town and at Hampſtead.

As there is the utmoſt reaſon to believe that this is a real repreſentation of this bloody affair, it cannot, from the nature of it, be aggravated: We are only to be filled with aſtoniſhment and ſorrow, that there ſhould exiſt among the human ſpecies, a wretch who, inſtead of nouriſhing and ſhewing kindneſs to theſe deſtitute innocents, could, with a heart ſteeled againſt every tender and humane ſentiment, thus gratify her diabolical appetite, in cruelly and wantonly tormenting them. Inſtant death had been mercy compared to this. But is it not amazing, that ſuch a horrid ſcene of inhumanity could be ſo long, and ſo ſecretly perpetrated in the very heart of the city, and in a public and creditable neighbourhood, without any perſon therein knowing there were any ſuch children in the houſe, which I am well aſſured they did not. God grant that this diſcovery may prove the means of preventing, for the future, all ſuch mercileſs tyrants as theſe, from wrecking their deviliſh luſt of cruelty on any other helpleſs innocents, in more private parts of this populous city; for we find that the examples made of the mother and daughter, and a more recent one of the man for ſtarving his wife, have not been capable of deterring theſe monſters from ſuch deliberate acts of brutal fury on theſe tender lambs: We may with good grounds therefore preſume, that all guardians of the poor whatſoever, will henceforth cauſe a ſtrict enquiry to be made from the mouths of the children themſelves, concerning the treatment they meet with from the maſters or miſtreſſes who have taken charge of them, ſince, to the diſgrace of human nature, it is to be lamented, as daily experience evinces, that there are too many, particularly among the vulgar, who take a malicious pleaſure in exerciſing ſeverities on ſuch children as are committed to their care and protection, which ought to be treated rather as objects of compaſſion and tenderneſs, as they really are, than afford an opportunity to malevolent perſons to afflict and diſtreſs, inſtead of giving them proper countenance and encouragement. It is undoubtedly with a view to this, and other deſirable ends, that the legiſlature paſſed an act laſt ſeſſion, whereby an excellent proviſion was made for the preſervation of the lives of the infant poor of the pariſhes in, and contiguous to, London and Weſtminſter, by compelling ſuch infant poor to be ſent into the country to be nurſed and taken care of as follows: Thoſe under ſix years of age, to be ſent into the country, not leſs than three miles off; thoſe under two years old, not ſuckled by the mother, not leſs than five miles off; and thoſe above two, and under ſix years of age, not leſs than three miles off; with rewards to the nurſes for their care. And the ſame ſalutary law wiſely guards againſt the dangerous conſequences which might ariſe from the falſe parſimony, negligence, &c. of pariſh officers, by appointing annually five noblemen or gentlemen, inhabiting in each pariſh, as guardians of the ſaid pariſh poor children; with full liberty and admittance to viſit them, and enquire into their ſtate and condition. And in caſe of neglect or miſconduct, whereby the life or health of a child may be affected, to repreſent it to the veſtry, &c. or if they neglect to remedy the evil, to complain to the juſtices. Many other uſeful regulations are contained in the ſaid act, reſpecting the further care of ſuch poor till bound apprentices. Directing alſo liſts to be made out by each pariſh of the children apprenticed, to be delivered to the Company of Pariſh clerks; and a penalty is to be impoſed on pariſh officers neglect. With proper ſchedules annexed, ſetting forth accounts and regiſters of foundling and other children of the ſeveral charities ſpecified, from the time of reception till apprenticeſhip. This abſtract from the act of parliament is therefore given, in order to remove from the minds of miſtaken perſons, the prejudices they had conceived againſt this law, as though the children were to be tranſported, &c. whereas, on the contrary, it is planned purely for their benefit and happineſs, and ſeems to flow from a tender and compaſſionate concern at the diſtreſſes, and even deaths, which numbers of the infant poor have been heretofore liable to, for want of a better and more healthy proviſion; conſequently every humane perſon will hope it may be attended with all the happy conſequences it was calculated to promote, to the honour and advantage of theſe kingdoms.

From the GENTLEMAN's MAGAZINE *for Auguſt*, 1767.

Mr. URBAN,

I HAVE a houſe at a place about 50 miles from London, where a moſt horrid piece of barbarity was perpetrated; in relating which I ſhall be the more particular, as it is unknown either to you or the public.

A fellow who had a child by a young woman in the neighbourhood, was taken up by the pariſh officers, in order to marry her, or give ſecurity for the maintenance of the infant. He gave ſecurity, and the child was put out by the pariſh to a poor woman, who took care of it, and it grew apace, which perhaps was not altogether ſo agreeable to the father, who, to ſave expences, took it home, to be nurſed by his own relations, a mother and a ſiſter, who lived in the ſame houſe with him. The child was ſtrong, and likely to live, which was conſidered by theſe inhuman wretches as a great misfortune; but that it might not live too long, they ſtripped it naked, put it in a chicken-coop, and gave it nothing to ſubſiſt on but bread and water. This, though kept a profound ſecret by theſe wretches, came to the knowledge of a gentleman in the neighbourhood, who, taking two of his ſervants with him, went at 10 o'clock at night, when the neighbours were all in bed, to enquire into the truth of the matter. They firſt denied him entrance, ſaid there was no ſuch child in the houſe, and that ſhe was gone into the country to be nurſed; but he was a man of too much reſolution to be put off with theſe anſwers, and proſecuting his enquiry, he found the poor creature in the chicken-coop, as above deſcribed, grown crooked for want of room to ſtand upright, and ſome of its limbs periſhed by the ſeverity of the ſeaſon.

N. B. Some reflections on the probable cauſes of theſe inhuman barbarities, with the means of preventing them, will be inſerted in a future magazine. HUMANUS.

NEW-YORK, November 9.

Monday Evening Captain Engliſh arrived here from Turks-Iſland, in 11 Days: There was a very high Sea, and a hard Gale at that Iſland the 16th of October, in which Captain Engliſh was obliged to ſlip his Cable, and put to Sea, but returned a Day or two after, and took up his Anchor.

Captain Roſe, in 22 Days from St. Croix, on the 16th of October. in Lat. 24: 40, Long. 65, ſpoke with a Sloop from St. Thomas, bound for Caſco-Bay, all well on board.

Wedneſday Night laſt, Captain Nicholſon arrived here in 5 Weeks from Falmouth. On the 27th of October, he fell in with a Ship from Liverpool for Virginia, Wilſon, Maſter, in Lat. 37, Long. 64, all well.

Captain Provoſt, from Jamaica, on the 22d ult. in Lat. 37: 46, ſpoke with the Ship Peggy, Captain Ramſay, from Liverpool, for Virginia, 7 Weeks out. On the 19th ultimo, Captain Provoſt had an extreme hard Gale of Wind, but received little Damage therein.

Captain Luſh, in 10 Days from Halifax, ſays, a Brig was arrived there from Philadelphia, but he did not learn the Captain's Name.

Friday arrived here Captain Ball, in a Brig from the Bay of Honduras, after a very uncommon and tedious Paſſage of 104 Days: The 22d of October, in Lat. 35, he fell in with the Remains of the Snow Muggy, lately commanded by Captain Alliſon, which he was obliged to leave at Sea (as mentioned in this Paper of the 26th of October, he and his Crew having been brought in here by Captain Pine) out of which they got a few Neceſſaries, being much in Want of Proviſions, but Captain Ball imagined the Muggy could not ſwim many Days longer, as ſhe was then half full of Water.

Captain Ball had a moſt terrible Gale, the 16th of October, but his Veſſel, though very deep, received little Damage thereby.

Captain Matthew White came in with Captain Ball, having been put on board his Brig by Captain Harriſon, from South-Carolina, bound for Philadelphia, who gives the following Account of the Loſs of his Sloop, viz.

He ſailed from this Port, bound for Jamaica, the 20th of July, and had tolerable good Weather till the 8th of Auguſt, when in Lat. 25 and a Half, Long. 71, he met with a moſt ſevere Gale of Wind, in which his Sloop broached too, and lay with her Main Hatches in the Water, at the ſame time a Sea ſtruck her, that carried away his Boltſprit, with one of the Hands on it (but the Man was got in again) ſtove in her Weather Gunwale, and drove the Cabooſe and Long Boat through the Lee Side, and having got the Maſt cut away with great Difficulty, ſhe righted, but was in ſuch a Condition, that Captain White expected every Moment ſhe would go down with them; tho' divine Providence ordered otherwiſe, for after him and his Crew had remained on the Wreck for 9 Days, much in Want of the Neceſſaries of Life, they were taken off by Captain Smith, who was blown out of Martinico in the ſame Gale, and not being able to fetch the Iſland again, was proceeding to South-Carolina, where he ſafely landed Captain White and his Crew.

Captain Riddle, in 33 Days from Jamaica, the 9th of October, off Cape-Nichola, fell in with a Snow from Virginia for Jamaica, all well on board, but did not learn the Captain's Name.

Captain Campbell, from the Mount, off the Capes of Delaware, laſt Tueſday, fell in with a Wreck, with a white Bottom, and appeared to him to be a ſmall Bermuda Sloop.

Captain Harris, from this Port, for New-Orleans, after having met with many hard Gales at Sea, put into the Grand Commanders for Water, the 17th of September laſt.

Captain Sheldon, from Newfoundland, in 17 Days, informs us, that a Ship from Philadelphia was juſt arrived there; and that Governor Palliſer had lately condemned there, a French Ship and Cargoe, which he found out of her Limits, for having only 6 Beaver Skins on board; the Veſſel was afterwards cleared, and gone out of Port, but the Cargoe detained.

Captain Hammond, in 60 Days from Penſacola, in Lat. 26: 7, ſpoke a Brig from Jamaica, bound for Briſtol, out 23 Days, and all well. The 17th of October, Captain Hammond met with a moſt violent Hurricane, which laſted him 54 Hours, and in which he loſt his Binnacle and Hen Coops, ſprung his Boltſprit, and received conſiderable other Damage.

Juſt imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or ſhort Credit, by

PETER WIKOFF,

In Front-ſtreet, a few Doors below Walnut-ſtreet, a compleat Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon, amongſt which are,

RUGS, Blankets, Coatings, Kerſeys, Bearſkins, Broadcloths, Halfthicks, Swanſkins, Flannels, and all Kinds of Linens and Cottons, Window Glaſs, Nails, and many other Articles, too tedious to mention. Tbc. 3 M.

To be SOLD, as they now ſtand,

ALL the neat and general Aſſortment of Drugs, Medicines, Inſtruments, Fixtures, and Utenſils, belonging to the Shop of the late Doctor SAMUEL ORMES, deceaſed, moſt of the Drugs and Medicines have been imported this Summer, and many but juſt arrived in the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London.

A moſt convenient Elaboratory is ſituated at the Bottom of the Garden belonging to the Houſe, and well furniſhed with the neceſſary Inſtruments of Glaſs, Iron, Copper, &c. for the preparing of Medicines in any Quantity.

The Shop has had a good Cuſtom for ſome Years, and well ſituated for a very extenſive Buſineſs, Wholeſale and Retail.

The whole will be ſold by Appraiſement. One Third of the Purchaſe Money to be paid down, the Remainder as it may ſuit the Buyer, on giving Security.

Exact Inventories are now making, and will be compleated in two or three Days.

The Houſe and Shop may be entered on immediately after Agreement, and every Encouragement will be given to promote their Intereſt.

All thoſe indebted to the Eſtate of the late Doctor ORMES, are required to make immediate Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands, to bring in their Accounts to JANE ORMES, and DAUGHTER, Execut.

Monmouth County, New-Jerſey, Nov. 9, 1767.

WHEREAS on Thurſday, the 22d of October laſt, was loſt, in Princetown Fair, a red Leather Pocket Book, with a Silver Lock, containing a Number of Bonds, Bills and Notes; alſo a large Number of Monmouth, Morris, and Suſſex County Bills of Coſt. As thoſe Papers are of great Conſequence to the Perſon who loſt them, and it is preſumed can be of little or no Value to any Perſon into whoſe Hands they may fall; it is hoped whoever has found the ſame, will return it, either to the Printer hereof, or to Meſſieurs JOHN and DAVID RHEA, Merchants in Philadelphia, or to Mr. ABNER PHILIPS, Tavern-keeper in Princetown, who ſhall receive THREE POUNDS Reward of either of the abovementioned Perſons to whom delivered, and no Queſtions aſked. ¶ 4 W.

Philadelphia, October 28, 1767.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 27th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, living in Market-ſtreet, a German ſervant man, named EBERHARD HIRSHMAN, about 22 or 23 years of age, low ſtature, well ſet, freſh complexion, and wears his own brown hair. Had on, when he went away, a light coloured broadcloth jacket, buckſkin breeches, and a very good half worn hat. It is ſuppoſed he will change his cloaths. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him to his maſter, ſhall have the above reward of Ten Pounds, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

JOHN ODENHEIMER.

N. B. He was ſeen in Lancaſter, at the ſign of the Highlander; and afterwards at a public houſe in York-Town; and it is ſuppoſed he is gone to Conecocheage.

New-York, November 2, 1767.

TEN thouſand and thirty acres of LAND, lying between thoſe two branches of Delaware river, called in Evans's map by the names of Mohawks Branch, and Popackton Branch, which has been advertiſed for ſale by James Parker of New-York, near a year ago, at 2s. and 6d. per acre, is now once more advertiſed to be ſold at the low price of 2s. proc. per acre only, if a purchaſer appears this fall: It is offered thus cheap, purely on account of the neceſſity the owner is in for the caſh. This land has an indiſputable title, is clear of quit-rent for ever, and is not 50 miles land carriage from Eſopus, where ſloops come and go to New-York: It lies partly in an oblong ſhape, and extending from branch to branch, bounds upon each; and might make 20 good farms of 500 acres each, and every farm bound upon one or other of the branches, from whence it is navigable down to Philadelphia, at all ſuch times as the freſhes make Delaware navigable above the falls. There is a conſiderable quantity of low land on both ſides, and ſome good ſtreams on the tract. And if any perſons are minded to view it, on applying to David Cox, a ſmall diſtance from Eſq; Broadhead's, at Cuſhectunk, he will either go himſelf, or ſend a perſon, to ſhew them the land; provided they apply before the winter ſets in.

The ſaid Parker is not owner of the land, but if 20 perſons will join to purchaſe, he will be one of them, pay his twentieth part of the coſt, and take his twentieth part of the land by lot with the reſt; and when it is conſidered, that this country is daily extending its ſettlements, and ſcarce any valuable land in this climate to be got for double that price, within 50 miles of navigable water, excluſive of its being clear of quitrent, this land muſt be thought cheap. None of the adjoining lands, in the ſame patent, could be had for one third more.

By Captain KEAIS, arrived here from London; and Captain WATT, arrived at Boston from the same Place, we have the following Advices, viz.

VIENNA, August 29.

THE last letters from Constantinople, which are dated the 1st instant, advise, that a contagious distemper rages there in almost every quarter of the city, and had likewise appeared in the suburbs of Pera and Galata. They add, that on the 30th of last month, the interpreter of the Russian Resident being sent for by the Grand Vizir, had a conference of two hours with him, and some persons presume that a great difference has arisen between the two Empires.

Paris, Sept. 11. They write from Bourdeaux, that Captain Clemenceau is arrived there, who commanded the Zephyr of Nantz. On the 5th of March last, the vessel being in danger of shipwreck on the coast of Guinea, the inhabitants of the country came down, boarded the ship, and carried away the goods. Five of the crew were killed, and the rest, after being stripped, were carried ashore, where they continued in misery for several days. Some days before this, an English ship suffered the same treatment. Part of Captain Clemenceau's crew were taken on board two French ships, the Rosalie, and the Algonquin; but the Captain went in an English ship to Barbados, from whence he took his passage to Martinico, and from thence to Europe.

Sept. 14. The Abbe Rochon, who sailed from the Road of Brest, on the 7th of April, on board the Union, commanded by Count de Breugnon, who went to Morocco, is returned from his voyage, having made his intended observations. He has viewed several eclipses of Jupiter's Satellites with an instrument of his own invention, which obviates a difficulty with which these observations have been hitherto attended. The difficulty consisted in keeping the star in view during the agitation of the ship, by a telescope not magnifying less than sixty times; but with the Abbe's instrument, whatever be the motion of the ship, the star can never be lost above four seconds of time. It has been approved by a committee of the academy of sciences, to whom a memoir has been sent for examination, containing an account of the observations made with it.

LONDON, September 12.

Wagers of a hundred guineas to five are offered, that a septennial Parliament will not be granted to the people of Ireland.

According to letters from Leghorn, is was expected the Malecontents of Corsica would be in possession of the whole island before Christmas next.

A great personage, we hear, exclaimed, when he was told of the Right Hon. Mr. Townsend's death, "Then we have lost the ablest Minister in England."

Sept. 17. We hear from Liverpool, that Mr. Woods, a Mathematician there, observed on the 31st ult. about half past ten at night, a comet arise out of the South East Quarter of the Hemisphere, about 53 degrees above the Horizon, and about 20 in Gemini. Its tail described an angle of about 30 degrees in length, and its direction was towards the Pleiades, where it vanished away.

Thomas Bowers, and Isaac Hulls, porters, concerned together in stealing 2000l. from Messieurs Paynes, Bankers in Lombard-street, which they were intrusted to carry to the Nottingham waggon, were yesterday sentenced to be transported.

A letter from on board his Majesty's ship Dolphin, dated Port Famine, January 20, 1767, says, "On the 28th of September we left St. Jago, sailed for the Streights of Magellan, and arrived there after three months voyage. When we approached the shore, we were followed by great numbers of men on horseback; and in the evening we anchored off Cape Virgin Mary; in the morning there were upon the Beach near 300 Patagonians, hallooing to us. The Captain went on shore with three boats manned and armed; and to be sure of their height, he carried a standard on shore, and measured several of them, and found them to be about seven feet high. The Captain brought five of them on board, and gave them victuals and drink, and ribbons, beads, and other things. They are all well proportioned to their height; their horses are about the same size with ours; and they have cane spurs, and thong whips. Their cloathing is the skins of wild beasts. They seemed very much pleased, and hallooed us a great way through the Streights. On the 29th of December we arrived at this place; it is a desolate spot, nothing but wood and mountains of snow. It is a very cold climate, but plentiful for wood and water, wild fowl and fish."

Sept. 19. *It is most certain that a ministerial negotiation is now carrying on, and that it is on a basis that strongly promises the utmost permanency, being greatly different from, and infinitely more extensive and conciliating, than any proposed administration hitherto in agitation.*

We are told that the Dukes of Newcastle, Bedford, Northumberland, and Richmond; the Marquis of Rockingham; the Earls of Halifax, Sandwich, Gower, and Shelburne; the Right Hon. Mr. Dowdeswell, and Mr. Conway; and Isaac Barre, and Edmund Burke, Esquires, are all included in the intended new ministry.

It is said, that the high office of Chancellor of the Exchequer, will certainly be bestowed on the Right Hon. George Grenville before the meeting of the next session of parliament; till when, it is thought Lord Mansfield will continue in that office.

By the best accounts from abroad, we are assured that the great object now in agitation between the courts of Paris, Madrid, and Lisbon, turns on the best manner of totally excluding the papal jurisdiction out of their respective dominions, and engaging other Roman Catholic powers to do the same.

It is said the Portuguese court have given a very insolent answer to our remonstrances; the purport of which is said to be, that if we do not like our present situation of trading with them, we may take what remedy we please, for they shall buy where they can cheapest; and as to their wines, we cannot do without them, for no other wines will adulterate with our made wines.

We are informed by recent accounts from Jamaica, that that island has as yet received no benefit from the free port lately established there; that trade is very dead in it, and all our other islands, under the torrid Zone; and that the Spaniards cannot be prevailed on to resume their connections with our subjects in those parts, which were broke off by the inconsiderate measure of converting our men of war into Spanish guarda costas.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Malaga, dated July 21, 1767, to his friend in London.

"*It is impossible to express the implacable hatred many of the inhabitants of this place shew to the English protestants, which appeared in their declaration, that they would not let the body of our late worthy Consul, Nathaniel Ware, Esq; rest in peace in his grave; on which account it was privately interred in the dead of night, attended only by 3 or 4 English merchants; the next evening the flags were hoisted on board the ships in the harbour, and the guns were fired, as is usual at the interment of any great personage, by which device the inhabitants were disappointed in their scheme. The reason of their shewing this resentment was occasioned by some gentlemen, in Mr. Ware's house, not bowing to the host as it passed by the window, a few months before; in consequence of which, three priests broke into the house of one of the young gentlemen present, with an intent to assassinate him, from whom he received twelve dangerous wounds in the head and body; but happily survived, to the great joy of the whole factory, by whom he is greatly respected.*"

The number of Cadets, educated in the royal school at Woolwich, has hitherto been confined to forty-eight, but it is now to be extended, under the patronage and superintendance of the Marquis of Granby, to one hundred.

The following Particulars of the Behaviour of Mrs. Brownrigg, on the Morning of her Execution, may be relied on as authentic.---- The Ordinary of Newgate attended her a little after Five, when she was brought into the Press-Yard, seemed resigned, and joined in Prayer. Afterwards she, together with her Husband and Son, received the Holy Sacrament in the Chapel: After which she prayed with great Fervency, crying, "Lord deliver me from Blood Guiltiness. I have nothing "to plead or recommend me to thee but my Misery; but thy beloved Son "died for Sinners, therefore on his Merits I rely, and depend for "Pardon." She was now quite resigned, and prayed with her Husband and Son upwards of two Hours, when she took Leave of them, which exhibited a Scene too affecting to be described, and which drew Tears from all present. On her Husband's assuring her that he would take Care to maintain their two younger Children when he should be released from Confinement, she begged him to seek a Release from the Prison of Sin; and as for her Children, GOD was all-sufficient, and hoped he would not suffer them to be used as she had treated the unhappy girls put under her care. Her Son fell on his Knees, and begged his Mother's Blessing; on which she fell on his Face, and kissed him, while her Husband fell on his Knees, on the other Side, praying to God to have Mercy on her Soul. Which occasioned her to say, "Dear "James, I beg that God, for Christ's Sake, will be reconciled, and "that he will not leave nor forsake me in the Hour of Death, and in "the Day of Judgment." She took her last Farewell of them, and was soon after carried to the Place of Execution. The Exclamations of the People in her Way thither, were shocking and unchristian: One said, he hoped the Ordinary would pray for her Damnation, not her Salvation. Others, that they hoped she would go to Hell, and were sure the Devil would fetch her Soul. At Tyburn she composedly assisted in Prayer; and desired the Ordinary to acquaint the Spectators, that she acknowledged her Guilt, and the Justice of her Sentence, and her last Words were, "Lord Jesus, receive my Spirit!"-------She repeatedly before her Death, declared her Husband innocent of ill-treating the Girls, and that the Son never did so but by her Order.

Sept. 21. Thursday evening were interred in a handsome manner, in Old-street Church-yard, the remains of the late ingenious Malachi Postlethwayte, Esq; author of the Universal Dictionary. The coffin was filled with unslacked lime, and interred seven feet deep in the grave, pursuant to his own request.

On Tuesday, the Right Hon. Lord Barrington artived at his house in Cavendish-square, from his Lordship's seat at Becket in Berkshire; and it is confidently said, that his Lordship will soon be appointed Chancellor of the Exchequer, and that Wellbore Ellis, Esq; will succeed his Lordship as Secretary at War.

QUEBEC, October 15.

Wednesday the 30th of September, was tried in the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Montreal, an action, in which Captain Disney, late Town-Major of Montreal, was plaintiff, and Thomas Walker, Esq; late a Justice of the Peace for the district of Montreal, was defendant. The action was brought for having maliciously, and without any probable cause, procured the plaintiff to be imprisoned, and detained in prison 119 days, upon a charge of having been concerned in the felonious assault committed upon the defendant in December 1764, and having maliciously, and without any probable cause, procured the plaintiff to be indicted and tried for the said felony, at the last session of the Supreme Court, holden at Montreal, in the months of February and March last, and given evidence against the plaintiff, in support of the said indictment; and the damages were laid at Two Thousand Pounds of lawful money of this province. The defendant stated, in a long special plea, the grounds upon which he had carried on the prosecution against the plaintiff, which amounted to a very strong probable cause. The trial lasted about five hours, and the whole conduct of the defendant, in carrying on the late criminal prosecution, was very narrowly enquired into: And the jury, after withdrawing for about five minutes, gave a verdict for the defendant. The conduct of a gentleman of character, now absent from this province, with respect to a proposal made by him about the month of January last, to one of the gentlemen now in custody, on account of the said felonious assault on Mr. Walker, was likewise fully examined on this occasion, and fully justified, to the general satisfaction of the public.

BOSTON, November 5.

Last week we had a very heavy storm of wind and rain, the severity of it was on Wednesday, no great damage done in this harbour, but in the bay the wind being violent at N. E. many vessels were in great distress: It is said 17 sail, chiefly sloops, were drove on the Southern shore; a brig from the West-Indies, ------ Brown master, laden with melasses, drove on the back of Cape Cod, the vessel and most of the cargo lost, valued at 1000l. sterling; a brig ---- Smith master, from Newfoundland, ashore at the same place, the vessel lost; a brig from Petersburgh, John Bryant master, ashore near Barnstable, but likely to get off; a sloop from North-Carolina, ashore near Marshfield, the vessel lost, but the cargo saved; a sloop near Duxbury, the vessel, cargo, and all the people lost, two dead bodies have been taken up, several chests, some bedding, great quantities of cheese, butter, cyder, &c. were washed ashore, by which it is supposed she was from Connecticut; but have not learnt the master's name.

A snow from the West-Indies, Capt. Sommerville, bound to Piscataqua, was cast away on the back of Newcastle, vessel and cargo are said to be lost.

His Excellency has prorogued the General Assembly to the 30th of December.

The following ADDRESS *to the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of* BOSTON, *was read at the Opening of their Meeting at* Faneuil-Hall, *on Wednesday, the 28th ult. as mentioned in our last.*

My Fellow Citizens,

IT was with much satisfaction that I read the Notification of your present meeting in this place; it is with still greater that I perceive your numbers so respectable, upon an occasion which demands your most serious and wise deliberation, and your closest attention to the most probable, if not the only means, of laying a solid and lasting foundation for the general good and happiness of this town and province.---These means are very prudently pointed out in the Notification which you have in your hands, viz. your promoting "*Industry, Oeconomy* and *Manufactures.*"---Thereby, as far as may be, to prevent future imports of unnecessary European commodities; which have of late really increased so fast as to threaten us with general *poverty and ruin.*

The large and more able importers of goods, and some of the more cautious retailers of them, through the Province, as well as the extensive and sagacious suppliers from Great-Britain, may probably amass great estates out of the consumers; but will any of them assert, that from thence any great advantage is like to result to the community? On the contrary, some of our greatest importers have very honestly acknowledged the mischievous consequences to be apprehended from the present increasing imports, especially as so large a part of the whole value consists in those costly superfluities, which the manufacturers are so fond of supplying, and by which they profit more than by the more common and necessary articles.

The old saying, my Townsmen, that, "*Those who will be deceived, let them be deceived,*" I am sorry to say, has been too long justly applied to ourselves. This town, for many years past, was with much propriety denominated, the *respectable Town of Boston*; and it was truly so, while its inhabitants (then more numerous than at present) carried on so many branches of manufactures, particularly that of ship-building, with the various different mechanic employments dependent thereupon; by which, with the consequent advantages, the community were enabled to pay for the British commodities then consumed among them, with a ballance in their favour upon the whole.---At that time the principal imports and exports were on the account and risk of the British merchants, and so long as they chiefly expected your produce and manufactures in return for these imports, you might reasonably excuse the consumption of them; but since things have taken another turn, and the demand for your ships has been for so many years decreasing, and now almost wholly failed, with its dependent branches; so that many an honest and industrious tradesman among us, and his family, are fallen into decay; what can be more reasonably suggested to you, than that, in duty to yourselves, your children, the community, and posterity, you are obliged to concert every measure to supply the want of your lost manufactories, by a prudent and industrious introduction of any *other*, which the change of circumstances not only call, but may probably enable you to effect? The great number of inhabitants yet remaining in this town, the distressed state of the poorer sort, and the increasing facility of procuring raw materials, especially flax, are so many concurring circumstances of encouragement to the able and opulent, to lend their assistance to the industrious poor, to begin the manufacture of linen, and to become therein exemplary to the idle and indolent members of the society.

Many in this assembly may possibly have been told, that your opposition to the present usual consumption of foreign imports, and giving countenance to any attempts of partially supplying yourselves and families by your industrious application of your labour and native advantages, for that purpose, will tend to deprive you of the small remains of business which you still may enjoy in this place. I presume the objectors must mean, that even the present demand for shipwrights, housewrights and masons, will cease, upon the consumption of European and Indian superfluities ceasing; but in this, the objectors evidently manifest their too great attachment to their own interest, as well as their commercial mistake; for, as to the shipwright, it is well known that almost every importer of British goods has for some time declined, either upon his own or friends account, to employ that most *useful manufacturer*, left a loss of 50 per cent. of his capital should ensue, as has often unhappily been the case of late; and therefore the shipwrights in this town, have little more to expect in that branch of business, than the repair of old vessels; and we are informed, that at present there is the like decay in most other places. We heartily wish this important manufactory may be again revived; but we are convinced that the encouraging an extensive import of expensive unnecessary commodities, will either not tend to revive it, or if it should, that the community cannot finally be benefited by the *revival.*--- As to the other two principal mechanical branches, we apprehend, that they are so *singularly* capable of affording each other such reciprocal assistance and support, that there appears no danger of their wanting employ, as long as good tenants are to be found for their houses, when built; and further, we may venture to leave it to the wise determination of the objectors themselves, whether a continued luxurious and unnecessary expence in European goods, will not only tend finally to drive all business from a community, but to sink its general interest so low, as that none but the importers, and a few others, will be able to support the fashionable luxury, or to hold any property therein.

There is not wanting in this town, a considerable number of the constant importers of European commodities, who freely confess the encreasing public mischiefs before mentioned, and declare their readiness to contribute all in their power to check their growth; and this we ought to esteem both disinterested and generous. They are able, perhaps, more clearly than others to discern the degree of private luxury and dissipation, which has been created in this town and province more especially, by the vast imports of superfluous commodities, and the consequent waste of the substance of extravagant individuals, which has frequently brought upon them and their families, the loss of estate and freedom, discouragement, indolence, despair, and all the train of miseries consequent thereupon: This has been too common a case in this town, and from the terrible effects, even the rich will not be able to exempt themselves but by a removal elsewhere, or an application of part of their substance, to promote, in the most effectual manner, *employment* for the poor; to the preservation of the health of both their souls and bodies. By continued importations of the effects of the labour of other people, we must not expect to feed the *starving indolent*, nor cloath the *naked idler*; no! this must be done by their own labour and industry: and happy for them, if such friends should appear, who in compassion to human nature, and the miseries it is exposed to, through poverty, idleness or dissoluteness of manners, may become their benevolent employers; and will not *They* justly deserve to be honoured and celebrated as the preservers of their *Country*, in the time of most imminent danger, *who* from a truly *patriotic* spirit, and *charitable* concern for the *perishing* poor of this *metropolis*, shall now chearfully resolve to exert their abilities in stopping the flood of destructive evils in the most threatening manner *rushing* upon us, by such measures as shall be thought most conducive to the end proposed.

I could heartily wish, my fellow citizens, that our virtuous wives, and amiable daughters, may become fully sensible how much it is in *their* power to contribute to the present noble design, of not only increasing the means of subsistance, but of restoring to a course of virtue, the many scores of unhappy females who may be found in their neighbourhood!----May such a spirit of reforming others from idleness, and dissolute manners, be excited in their tender breasts, as may induce them to become notable and encouraging examples of industry, as well as œconomy (their peculiar province) and by "holding the *distaff with their hands*," to manifest to their indolent neighbours, that it is the "*virtuous* woman *who seeketh flax, and who willingly worketh with her hands.*"

The exciting and increasing industry, and the improvement of the natural productions of a country, are to be ranked among the first means of promoting its welfare. The encouraging the linen manufacture must be allowed to be one of the most likely methods to answer this end; especially if it be considered, that the nature of our soil and climate is so well adapted to the growing of *Flax*; and that now so large quantities are produced, and the prices so moderate, that it is become an export to Great-Britain: Surely then, by encouraging industry in the many young people and children in this town, and elsewhere, very large quantities of linen might be in a few years produced at reasonable rates, for at least a partial supply of the vast consumption among us, which some are of opinion is near equal in value to that of woollens of every sort:---We are all much acquainted with the linens imported from Ireland, the manufactory of which commenced about 60 years ago, under many manufactural embarrassments, principally, that they were obliged to import most part of the raw materials from the Baltick and other countries. They are still obliged to import some flax, and most of their seed, and yet thro' an industrious and wise application of such advantages as nature and art had furnished them with, they have surmounted every obstacle, and now probably manufacture linen for home consumption, and foreign markets, about two millions sterling value per annum.---For the further support of our hopes, in beginning the linen manufactory among us, we are told by a late writer, "that the kingdom of Scotland (by no means famous for its fertility) having found that their imports greatly exceeded their exports, and that in consequence they grew poorer (as every nation does in the like case) did, so late as in 1746, establish at Edinburgh a British linen company, which in 1766 stamped for sale twelve million seven hundred and forty six thousand six hundred and fifty nine yards of linen, of their own manufacture; the value of which was five hundred and seventy thousand two hundred and twenty seven pounds sterling. This they export (as most of the families now manufacture for their own use) and which not only pays for their foreign wants, but leaves them a balance. All this they have done in twenty years, tho' most of their flax they buy from *Russia*;" an article with which we do and may abound.

We must expect my townsmen, many obstructions to a fresh attempt for establishing a linen manufactory among us, though never so beneficial to the publick; but certainly the many examples of its establishment in countries, by no means so well adapted to the production of linen as this is, ought to prop our hopes, that resolution and perseverance will infallibly conquer every difficulty, and remove the most stubborn obstacle: But before we quit this important subject, I would beg leave humbly to recommend to those who incline to be promoters of the linen manufacture, the careful perusal of Sir Richard Cox, his excellent letter to Thomas Prior, Esq; "shewing from experience a sure method to establish the linen manufacture, and the beneficial effects it will immediately produce." And was there a new publication of the said letter, it might at this time probably be attended with much advantage, especially if the general assembly might think it proper at their next sessions, to order a convenient number of the copies to be scattered among the several towns and districts of the province.

PHILO PATRIÆ.

Nov. 9. *In Captain Watt, who arrived here last week from London, came passengers Henry Hulton, Esq; William Burch, Esq; with his lady and family, and Charles Paxton, Esq; three of the com-*

miſſioners for the receipt and management of his Majeſty's cuſtoms and other duties in America; alſo Samuel Venner, Eſq; Secretary to the board of commiſſioners, with his lady and family; John Porter, Eſq; Comptroller-General; John Williams, Eſq; Inſpector-General; and three or four clerks.--The Hon. John Temple, Eſq; and John Robinſon, Eſq; were in America before.

Captain Folger arrived at Martha's Vineyard yeſterday ſe'nnight in 6 weeks from London.

We hear the ſubſcription paper for encreaſing our own manufactures, and laying aſide certain enumerated articles, fills up ſurprizingly; and that ſaid meaſure is ſo well approved of in the country, that town meetings are now calling, in order to agree upon ſimilar meaſures.--The public papers and private advices acquaint us, That Rhode-Iſland, Connecticut, New-York, New-Jerſey, &c. &c. are ſteadily purſuing meaſures for leſſening their foreign imports, by encouraging frugality, and their own manufactures.---It cannot be diſputed that the colonies are greatly in debt, ſo that whatever is drawn from us by way of duty, muſt be thoſe monies which would go to Britain, as pay, and to procure more goods. A Neceſſity is laid upon us, *to be induſtrious and frugal, and* Woe be unto us, *if we are extravagant.*

We hear from the Iſle of Shoals, that yeſterday ſe'nnight two men, one named Richard Clark, and the other John Wardell, ran away from that place with a ſmall ſchooner of about 16 tons; ſhe is pink ſtern, painted light blue and yellow, old ſails, one new cable, the other almoſt new; ſhe had in her 25 quintals of fiſh, and ſome Woollen goods, and it is ſuppoſed they are gone to Carolina.

Saturday laſt Captain Marſhall arrived in Nantaſket from London; he ſailed a few days before Captain Watt.

Saturday laſt we were favoured with a ſight of the china tea-plant in foliage, being cultivated by Captain Harriſon of this town; ſome of the dried leaves being by Mrs. Harriſon preſented with the ſhrub, in flavour exactly reſembling the common green tea.---The ſhrub is annual, ſowing its own ſeed in this climate, and wants nothing but the method of cure to render it uſeful thro' the continent.

One of the Portſmouth packets was caſt away in the late ſtorm, going round from hence, with goods on board, to the value of £4000 ſterling, belonging to the merchants there.

NEWPORT, November 9.

Captain Giles Stanton arrived here laſt Saturday from Monto-Chriſti, in 20 Days Paſſage. He informs, that the Spaniſh General at St. Domingo had ſent Orders to the Mount, forbidding any Engliſh Veſſel to lie there more than 24 Hours.

A Veſſel belonging to Stonington, in Connecticut, and partly freighted from this Government, was loſt on Cape-Cod, in the Storm mentioned under the Boſton Head, and all on board periſhed, among whom were Mr. Jonathan Babcock, Mr. Minor, and Mr. Griffin, two of whoſe Bodies were driven aſhore, and taken up. We have heard of no further Particulars.

NEW-YORK, November 12.

By Captain Luther, from North-Carolina, we learn, that the Gale of Wind, on the 16th of October laſt, was very violent in thoſe Parts, and that out of 14 Veſſels that were then lying Wind-bound at Ocracock Bar, only ſeven rode it out.----A Brig, bound to Antigua, was forced aſhore and bilged; a Sloop to the Weſt-Indies, ſunk at her Anchors, but the People were ſaved; Capt. Drake, in a Virginia Sloop, was drove aſhore, and beat to Pieces, the Captain drowned, and two of the Men were drifted on the Round-houſe upwards of 14 Miles, in as many Hours, in continual Diſtreſs, till they got aſhore; Capt. Ruſſell, in a Carolina Sloop, was drove aſhore, but will be got off again; one New-England Sloop was drove about two Miles over the Shoals, and it is thought will not get off again, and the 7th was drove aſhore and bilged. Captain Luther heard of a great deal of Deſtation in other Places, but did not learn the Particulars.

Monday laſt Captain Miller arrived here in 10 Weeks from Gabon, on the Coaſt of Africa, where he left Capt. Matthews in a Brig belonging to Briſtol, and Captain Hyde, in a Snow, from London: In his Paſſage, in Lat. 3 South, and Long. 5 Weſt from London, he ſpoke with Captain Stewart, in a Ship belonging to Briſtol, bound from Malambo for Dominica, with 300 Slaves on board, all well.

Tueſday Night Captain Cheſter, in a Brig, bound from Monto Chriſti for New-London, put in here in Diſtreſs, having met with ſome Damage in a Gale of Wind the Evening before. Fifteen Days ago, in Lat. 26, Long. 71, he ſpoke with Capt. Hall, in a Sloop bound from North-Carolina, for New-York, who had been then out 20 Days, and having had his Sails ſplit to Pieces, and received other Damage in the hard Gale on the 16th of October laſt, was ſtanding away for the Weſt-Indies.

Captain Sutherland, who arrived Yeſterday Morning from Virginia, ſays, a New-England Sloop was caſt away, in Lynhaven-Bay, in the Storm on the 16th of October, and another Sloop, and one of their Pilots, loſt at the Capes.

Tueſday laſt arrived here Capt. Robert Troup, in a Ship from Granagus, in Spain, after a Paſſage of 10 Weeks, moſt of which Time he had hard Gales of Wind; on this Coaſt on the 20th of September, at Night, met with a Gale of Wind that carried away all his Sails, and laid the Ship on her Beam Ends, and expected every Moment to have carried away his Maſts, but providentially the Gale abated.

We hear from Newport, that on Friday or Saturday laſt, a young Woman poiſoned herſelf and the Maſter of the Houſe, with whom ſhe lived.---The former died on Saturday, and the Life of the latter was deſpaired of the ſame Evening. The Particulars of this melancholy Account, we have not yet learned; but the Report we have, is, that the Woman was with Child by the Gentleman, who ſhe underſtood was to be publiſhed to another Perſon on Sunday, to avenge which Conduct, ſhe had recourſe to this dreadful Expedient.

Nov. 16. Thurſday laſt the Brig Brooklyn, Captain Baker, arrived here in three Weeks from St. Euſtatia: The 24th of October, in Lat. 26: 28, Long. 66, he ſpoke the Ship Mary, Captain Loveday, from London for South-Carolina; and the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 34: 4, Long. 71, he alſo ſpoke the Sloop Sally, Captain Blewer, from Philadelphia for Penſacola, all well on board both Veſſels.

This Morning the Snow Jerſey, Captain Lawrence, arrived here from Briſtol, in 8 Weeks: He took up at Sea, and has brought in with him, the Crew of the Ketch Mercury, Captain Kennedy, of and from this Port for the Weſt-Indies; which Veſſel went all to Pieces in a Gale of Wind, about ſix Days ſince, being then only ſeven Days from this Port.

PHILADELPHIA, November 19.

On Tueſday laſt was held the public COMMENCEMENT in the College of this City, before a numerous and ſplendid Aſſembly of the Inhabitants, and ſundry Strangers of Diſtinction; when the following Gentlemen were admitted to Degrees, viz.

BACHELORS of ARTS,

Jacob Bankſon, James Cannan, Francis Johnſton, John White Swift, Edward Tilghman, and Joſhua Maddox Wallace.

MASTERS of ARTS,

Rev. John Andrews, Miſſionary at Lewes in Suſſex, Meſſieurs Benjamin Aliſon, Thomas Dungan, John Patterſon, and William White.

The *Salutatory* Oration was ſpoken by Mr. BANKSON, and the *Valedictory* by Mr. SWIFT; both which, as well as the other Exerciſes in general, were received with great Approbation by the humane and candid Auditory.

An elegant *Dialogue*, writen in Verſe by THOMAS COOMBE, B. A. (which will be inſerted in our next) was alſo ſpoken on this Occaſion; and an ODE, ſet to *Muſic*, was ſung by Mr. JOHN BANKSON, with great Sweetneſs and Propriety, accompanied by the Organ, &c. under the Conduct of a worthy Son of the College, who has often ſhewn his Regard to the Place of his Education, by honouring it, on public Occaſions, with his ready Service. The Band belonging to the 18th, or Royal Regiment of Ireland, was kindly permitted by the Colonel to perform in the inſtrumental Part.

After the abovementioned Degrees, Mr. JOSEPH HUTCHINS, of Barbados (formerly a Student in this College) was admitted to the honorary Degree of Bachelor of Arts; and Mr. DAVID RITTENHOUSE, of Philadelphia County, to the honorary Degree of Maſter of Arts; to which the Provoſt introduced him, in the following reſpectable Manner, viz.

Mr. DAVID RITTENHOUSE,

"The TRUSTEES of this College (the Faculty of PROFESSORS cheerfully concurring) being ever deſirous to diſtinguiſh "real Merit, eſpecially in the Natives of this Province, and "well aſſured of the extraordinary Progreſs and Improvement "which you have made, by *a Felicity of native Genius*, in MECHANICS, MATHEMATICS, ASTRONOMY, and other liberal Arts and Sciences; all which you have adorned by ſingular Modeſty, and irreproachable Morals----HAVE *authorized* "and *required* me to admit you to the Honours of this Seminary. "----I DO, *therefore*, by Virtue of this Authority, moſt cheerfully admit you, the ſaid DAVID RITTENHOUSE, to the Honorary Degree of MASTER OF ARTS, and to all the Rights "and Privileges which to that Degree, among us, do in any "wiſe appertain."

Extract of a Letter from London, September 19, 1767.

"As to Politics, every Thing ſtill remains as it has done for ſome Time paſt. Lord Mansfield is made Chancellor of the Exchequer *pro Tempore*, till our great Men can agree among themſelves, or till ſome ſpirited, and honeſt, Man, ſhall take the Lead (which I wiſh may be the Caſe) and, truſting in the King's Countenance and Support, who means nothing but the Happineſs of his People, make a proper Arrangement of the Candidates for public Offices, and eſtabliſh a Miniſtry upon a ſolid and reſpectable Footing; a Situation highly neceſſary for this Country.----Perhaps, in a few Weeks, you may hear ſomething to the Purpoſe, but don't depend on it, for I think we were never farther from a Settlement than at this Juncture; I wiſh I may be found to have been miſtaken."

Captain Keais, from London, on the Firſt of October, in Lat. 45: 27, Long. 18: 59, ſpoke the Brig Hawke, Capt. Matthews, from Liverpool, bound to Maryland, out 4 Days; on the 7th, in Lat. 41: 27, Long. 27: 8, ſpoke the Brig Havannah, Captain Dicks, from Waterford for New-York; and on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 35: 57, Long. 67: 15, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Wickham, from Rhode-Iſland for St. Lucia, 3 Days out.

Captain Cox, from Newfoundland, on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 38: 23, Long. 72: 9, ſpoke a Ship from London, bound to New-London, out 6 Weeks, but the Wind blowing very hard, he could not learn the Maſter's Name; and on the 7th, juſt in Soundings, he ſpoke a Sloop, and a Schooner, both from New-York, bound to the Grenades, out 24 Hours.

Captain Burrows, of this Port, ſailed from Newfoundland for Madeira about the 20th ult.

By Capt. Hannah, from Jamaica, we learn, that the Sloop Dove, Captain Leaycraft, of New-York, arrived at Kingſton the 6th of October, with a Load of Mules from the Main.

Capt. M'Cormick, from the Bay of Honduras, informs, that Captain Joſeph Lawrence, in a Sloop; and a Schooner, belonging to Mr. Platt, both from New-York, arrived in the Bay about the 6th of laſt Month; that Captain John Lawrence, in a Ship, bound to New-York, ſailed in Company with him; and that he left in the Bay, the Captains Robinſon and Berrien, of this Port, and about 25 Sail of Veſſels, 7 of them belonging to London, the reſt chiefly from North-America.

Monday laſt the Sloop Africa, Captain Yorke, arrived here from Rotterdam, after a tedious Paſſage of 13 Weeks, having met with contrary Winds, and continual bluſtering Weather, during the whole Time, in which he ſprung his Maſt and Boom in two Places, ſo that he could ſcarce carry any Sail.

The Captains Hawke, Mitchell, and Wright, are arrived at Jamaica from this Port.

We hear from Burlington, that the new conſtructed light travelling Waggon, contrived by RICHARD WELLS, Eſq; on a full Trial, laſt Week, was found to anſwer its Deſign, to great Exactneſs. Among other Improvements, his Invention to diſcharge the Horſes, in caſe of their running away, is particularly worth Attention. This is done, at the Expence of about a Piſtole, by the Riders (in the Inſide of the Carriage) only pulling a String, when the Horſes go off, and leave the Carriage ſtanding. An Invention that bids fair to be of great Uſe and Safety to thoſe who ride in cloſe Carriages.

ARRIVALS.

From Virginia. Captain Blagdon, at Dover; Captain Nunns, at Lancaſter; Captain Sampſon, at Briſtol; and Captain M'Kerrell, at Jamaica.

From Maryland. Captain Robinſon, at Dover.

From New-York. Captain Tate, at Portſmouth.

From Boſton. Captain Dann, at Cowes.

From Rhode-Iſland. Captains Newdigate and Piner, at Jamaica.

Deal, Sept. 8. In the Downs, The Argyle, Cock, for Virginia.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Friendſhip, J. Wilſon, from Antigua. Brig Greyhound, J. Eldridge, and Schooner Kiquotan, W. Carſan, Virginia. Ship Roſe, W. Dyſart, Liverpool. Brig Carolina, R. Pye, and Schooner James, J. Criſpin, North-Carolina. Sloop Dove, A. Lovell, Piſcataqua. Sloop Marigold, J. Moore, New-Providence. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Snow Barbados Packet, S. Chancellor, Barbados. Ship Sally, P. Brown, Cowes. Ship Ann, J. Fortin, Briſtol. Sloop Friendſhip, J. Cullen, Tortola. Brig Diſpatch, B. Carman, St. Euſtatia. Ship Sally, S. Hannah, Jamaica. Sloop Africa, E. York, Rotterdam. Brig Elizabeth and Mary, A. Graham, Cork. Sloop Diana, J. M'Cormick, Honduras, Ship Roſanna, P. Cox, Newfoundland. Brig Greyhound, G. Ord, St. Kitts. Ship Nancy, W. Keais, London.

OUTWARDS. Brig Greyhound, G. Ord, for St. Kitts. Ship Walworth, E. Boggs, and Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, S. Carolina. Brig Hawke, T. Morton, and Schooner Raven, T. Coffin, Boſton. Ship Newry Packet, S. Hood, Dublin. Ship Newry Aſſiſtance, W. Cheevers, Newry. Ship Ann and Dorothy, W. Greenway, and Ship Eleanor, T. Whitlock, Barbados. Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, and Snow Sally, E. Spain, Antigua. Schooner Patience, W. Kidd, and Ship Mercury, J. Aſhmead, Madeira. Sloop Speedwell, W. Allen, and Brig Betſy, Z. Hutchins, Grenades. Sloop Dove, A. Lovell, Piſcataqua. Schooner Polly, J. Newton, N. Providence. Schooner Maryland Packet, R. M'Lean, Maryland. Brig Adventure, J. Anderſon, for Dominica.

CLEARED. Sloop St. Andrew, A. Stuart, and Brig Lovely Laſs, A. Wade, to Jamaica. Snow Charming Rachel, T. Powell, London. Sloop George, J. Bernard, and Sloop Greyhound, O. Folger, Nantucket. Schooner Lovely Laſs, R. Graham, St. Vincents. Sloop Mary, R. Macey, Boſton. Brig Sally, J. Brown, and Schooner Dove, W. Gamble, Dominica. Brig Friends Good-will, W. Spicer, and Ship Madeira Packet, J. Hill, Cadiz. Schooner Friendſhip, J. Kennedy, N. Carolina. Schooner Kiquotan, W. Carſan, and Sloop Mermaid, C. Evans, Virginia. Schooner King George, J. Potts, Alexandria. Ship Sally, M. Rankin, to N. York.

NOTICE is hereby given to the CORPORATION for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed PRESBYTERIAN MINISTERS, and their WIDOWS and CHILDREN, that they are to meet on Wedneſday, the 16th Day of December next, at the Firſt Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe in this City, at Eleven of the Clock before Noon, to tranſact all ſuch Buſineſs as uſually comes under their Conſideration, at their general Meeting in the Fall of the Year; and in particular, to conſider ſome Applications to be made by ſome Miniſters on the Frontiers of this Province, by

† FRANCIS ALISON, Secretary.

ABOUT three Months ago was committed to the Workhouſe of Philadelphia, two Negroe Men; one belongs to Daniel Hughes; the other is an old Negroe, and ſpeaks very bad Engliſh; and as they have been advertiſed in the Papers ſeveral times, this may ſerve once more to inform their Maſters, that if they do not come in three Weeks from this Date, pay Charges, and take them away, they will be ſold for the ſame by the Keeper of ſaid Workhouſe. ⊕ November 17, 1767.

FLEW AWAY, on Tueſday, the 17th Inſtant,

A MOCKING BIRD.

Whoever has catched ſuch a Bird, by bringing it to the PRINTERS hereof, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living at Brox's Gap, in Auguſta County, two Servant Men, one named JOHN LAMB, by Trade a Taylor, of a middle Stature, about 30 Years of Age: Had on, when he went away, blue Cloaths, with White Metal Buttons. The other named WILLIAM JOHNSTON, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and pretty luſty: Had on blue Cloaths alſo, ſhorter than Lamb's, an old Pair of Trowſers, old Shirt, and a Felt Hat. They came with Captain Cobourn, from London, and landed about two Weeks ago, and left him about ten Miles above York. Whoever takes up ſaid Servants, and ſecures them, ſo that their Maſter may have them again, ſhall have Ten Pounds Reward, or Five Pounds for either of them, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by William Rolſton, at the Mohawk King, in Fifth-ſtreet, Matthias Buſh, Merchant, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or

JOHN GRATTAN.

N. B. All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry them off, at their Peril. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Tueſday, the 1ſt Day of December, at the Houſe of Lawrence Remick, in Worceſter Townſhip, on Skippack Road, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Plantation or Tract of Land, lying in Worceſter Townſhip, containing about 20 Acres, with a Log Dwelling-houſe erected thereon, bounded by Lands of Nicholas Workhauſer, and Richard Oſburn; late the Property of Joſiah Evans; taken in Execution by William Parr, Eſq; late Sheriff, and to be ſold by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

By AUTHORITY,

The laſt NIGHT but Two,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the new THEATRE, in SOUTHWARK, this preſent Evening, being the 19th of November, will be preſented, a new COMEDY, never acted in America, called

THE CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.

To which will be added (at the particular Deſire of ſeveral Gentlemen)

CAPTAIN O'BLUNDER,

Or, The Brave Iriſhman.

To begin exactly at Six o'Clock.---*Vivant Rex & Regina.*---Tickets are ſold at the London Coffee-Houſe, and at Mrs. ALLYN's next Door but one to the Theatre, where Places in the Boxes are to be had.----BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

WHITE and CALDWELL,

Have imported from London, in the Ship Nancy and Suckey, Captain Keais,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of WOOLLENS, ſuitable to the Seaſon; alſo ſome beſt German Steel.

They have alſo for Sale, at their Store in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, very neat Tin-plate Stoves, and Pig Metal of the beſt Quality. Tbc.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Subſcribers, are hereby notified, that unleſs they diſcharge their reſpective Ballances, on or before the Firſt Day of January next, their ſeveral Bills, Bonds and Accounts, will, without Regard to Perſons, be delivered to an Attorney, in order to be put in Suit.

BAYNTON and WHARTON;
BAYNTON, WHARTON, and MORGAN.

STOLEN, the Twelfth of this inſtant November, from the Porch of Gilbert Deacon, in Water-ſtreet, Philadelphia, below the Drawbridge, a light coloured Piece of Kerſey, about 20 Yards. Whoever diſcovers ſaid Cloth, ſo that the Owner may get it again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, from GILBERT DEACON. ¶

For GLASGOW,

The BRIGANTINE PEGGY,

Robert Speir,

MASTER;

Has Part of her Cargoe engaged, and will ſail about the 25th Inſtant; ſhe is a fine ſtrong Veſſel, and has good Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the COMMANDER on board, at Fiſhburn's Wharff, WILLIAM SEMPLE, or DAVID SPROAT and COMPANY. ¶

For LONDONDERRY,

The SHIP ROSE,

WILLIAM DYSART, Maſter,

Will certainly ſail the 10th of December.

And for DUBLIN,

The SHIP ROSANNA,

PAUL COX, Maſter;

Will certainly ſail the Fifth of December at furtheſt. For Freight or Paſſage in either, apply to ſaid Maſters at Stamper's Wharff, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY and MITCHELL; who have for Sale, Iriſh Beef, Roſe Butter, beſt Engliſh Cordage, Sail Canvas, No. 1 to 9; and two Anchors, about 1000 Weight each. They have alſo a neat Aſſortment of Cottons, Chints, printed Linens, Calicoes, Hoſiery, &c. which they will ſell on very reaſonable Terms. ¶

MOLES PATTERSON,

WRITING-MASTER, in Second-ſtreet, one door above Union-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

GIVES notice, that BOYS may be boarded with him, on reaſonable terms, inſtructed in Engliſh, accompts, &c. and taught in a ſhort time, to write a genteel hand. He has good accommodations for ſeveral more than he now has; and as theſe, under Providence, are the means by which he gets his bread, all who commit children to his care, may be aſſured, his beſt endeavours ſhall not be wanting to improve them in learning, and make them happy in their ſituations ¶ 6 w.

TO be SOLD, by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 24th Inſtant, at Noon, at the London Coffee-Houſe, Six Anchors of different Sizes, being the ſame that were taken up in Delaware Bay, and advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette in November, 1766, ſince which no Claimants have appeared for any of them. Wherefore this Sale is made for the Benefit of the Perſons who took up the ſaid Anchors, agreeable to the Directions of an Act of Aſſembly, &c. &c.

PETER REEVE, Preſident of the Board of Wardens.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 13th of this inſtant November, from the ſubſcriber, living in London Britain townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Dennis M'Guire, about 5 feet 8 inches high, thin viſage, and freckled, wears dark coloured hair, about 18 years of age: had on, and took with him, a brown broadcloth coat, lining of the ſame colour, trimmed with mohair buttons, ſtriped linen jacket, brown cloth breeches, two linen ſhirts, light blue yarn ſtockings, new ſhoes, old fur hat, and it is imagined he has taken ſeveral articles not yet known; ſays he has been ſeveral voyages at ſea. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall be intitled to the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

† EVAN EVANS.

TO be SOLD by the subscriber, living in New-London township, Chester county, the tract or plantation whereon he now lives, containing about 200 acres, more or less, 80 acres of which are cleared, 15 acres of good meadow, and 10 more may be made; the rest of the land is well timbered and watered; likewise a good dwelling-house, barn and stable, and a good bearing orchard, about 2 miles from New-London Meeting-house. Also a good merchant and grist-mill, double geared, one pair of the stones are English cullins, almost new, with new boulting cloaths, a beam and scales, all in good repair, being on a never failing stream of water; the mill house of stone, a good cedar roof, 14 miles from New-Port, and as much from the head of Elk, where wheat may be had in great quantities, if wanted; with said mill are 80 acres of land, 40 acres cleared, 10 acres of excellent good meadow, and 5 more may be made; the rest of the land well timbered, and watered; with a dwelling-house, barn, and stable. The whole premises in good order, situated in a healthy part of the country. The whole will be sold together, or separate, as best suits the purchaser. The terms will be very easy, giving security, by applying to the subscriber,

† JOHN HENDERSON.

TO be SOLD, by public vendue, on the 3d day of December next, at the dwelling-house of Gabriel Davis, in the township and county of Gloucester, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, horses, cows and hogs, waggons, plows, harrows, sundry feather beds, chest of drawers, and divers other articles of houshold goods, too tedious to mention. Also, at the same time, will be sold, the following tracts of Land, viz.

No. 1. Contains 178 acres of land, on which is a good brick dwelling-house, two stories high, with four rooms on each floor, a good barn and orchard, 40 acres of land cleared, the rest well timbered, and is good strong land; also about 15 acres of meadow.

No. 2. Contains 200 acres, with a frame dwelling-house, barn and orchard, about 40 acres of land cleared, the rest well timbered, and 20 acres of meadow; both situate on the north side of the north branch of Great Timber Creek, and adjoin each other.

No. 3. Contains 60 acres, with a good dwelling-house thereon, about 10 acres of land cleared, and 5 acres of meadow; all situate on the Great Road leading from Gloucester to Great Egg Harbour, about 5 miles from the town of Gloucester.

No. 4. Contains 5 acres of cedar swamp, a few miles from the above premises; being all late the real and personal estate of the said Gabriel Davis. The conditions will be made known at the day of sale, by SAMUEL CLEMENT, assignee. ¶

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

Either in North-America or the West-Indies,

A YOUNG MAN, a native from Germany, lately come from London; he speaks some English, understands the Italian method of book-keeping, is well recommended to some merchants in this city, and can give 200l. good security, or deposite that sum in cash; and is able to procure as much more from Europe, at any time, if he should find it necessary and useful. Whoever has occasion for such a person, in any genteel way of business, here or else where, as above said, may be informed when and where he is to be spoke with, by applying to Henry Miller, printer, in Second-street, Philadelphia. ¶

FIFTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 27th ult. an Irish servant man, named John Ryan, he is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, fresh complexion, thin black hair; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, commonly wears the fore part down, an old brown coat, broke at the elbows, with plaits behind, and different sorts of metal buttons, spotted flannel jacket, half worn, coarse shirt, long trowsers, broke at the knees, and old black stocking breeches under them, half worn shoes; he was sold out of Cæcil goal, and stole his indentures; he lived some time with Dr. Vanlier, above Chester. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that the subscriber may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought to New-Castle, paid by ⊕ CORNELIUS DEVENNY.

TO be SOLD by the subscriber, living in Uwchland township, Chester county, a good GRIST MILL and SAW MILL, with 100 acres of good fresh LAND thereunto belonging, on a branch of Brandywine, a constant stream, a good dam, the land well timbered, about 40 acres cleared, 6 whereof is good meadow, and about 10 acres more may be made, with a young bearing orchard, two dwelling-houses on the said premises, and a good barn, together with all the utensils belonging to the said mills; the title is indisputable. Any person or persons inclining to purchase the said plantation and mills, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises,

† JERMAN DAVIS.

RUN away from Solebury township, Lancaster county, the first of this instant November, an Irish fellow, who calls himself Dennis M'Carter, a tinker by trade, pretends to run silver and brass buckles, and is supposed to counterfeit dollars, for he has insnared a little girl, by giving her three counterfeit dollars; he is betwixt 30 and 40 years of age, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high; had on, when he went away, an old blue slip-on coat, with metal buttons, an old blue serge strait coat, and a green plush jacket, with hair buttons, and breeches of the same, old blue and white yarn stockings, and a half worn wool hat; he is a great drinker, and swears much when in liquor; is of a brown complexion, with pale coloured short hair, is very complaisant in discourse, and apt to shew antick tricks; he had a little white dog, with black ears, when he went away. Whoever takes up said fellow, and brings him to Lancaster goal, shall have Ten Pounds reward, or to any of his Majesty's goals on the continent, Five Pounds, on giving notice thereof, paid by me

¶ MALCOLM M'KOWN.

WHEREAS I the subscriber of Long Swamp township, Berks county, have bought an improvement from Nicholas Sydle, and have given him eight bonds, six whereof, each of 15l. the first and last of 10l. each of them payable on the 27th of November; and as it now appears, that said Nicholas Sydle has not given me a good right to said premises; this is therefore to forewarn all persons not to take an assignment of any of those bonds, as I am not willing to pay any money, till I have received a sufficient right to said improvement.

¶ GEORGE UHRICH.

TO be SOLD, by way of public vendue, on the 25th day of November next, a valuable plantation, late the estate of Samuel Powell deceased, in Bristol township, Philadelphia county, on the great road leading from Germantown to Abington, about 8 miles from Philadelphia, and one mile and a half from Germantown, containing 139 acres of very good land, 50 acres thereof good wood land, and 30 acres of meadow, the rest very good cleared land; the whole well watered, there being lasting water in most of the fields; there is on said place, a well built stone dwelling house, two stories high, a large stone barn, and stables, a spring-house, with a never failing spring of water in it, and about 3 acres of good orchard. Likewise to be sold, on the same day, a tract of land, adjoining the above plantation, situate in Germantown township, containing 14 acres, 10 thereof cleared, the other extraordinary good wood land.

The conditions of payment will be made known on the day of sale, by ‖ CHRISTIAN WARNER.

Philadelphia, November 7, 1767.

THIS is once more to desire all those indebted to Caleb Jones, of this city, merchant, by bond, note or book debt, that they will come and pay off the same by the 18th day of this instant November, otherwise the accounts &c. will be put into the hands of attornies, to recover the same, without respect to persons. JEREMIAH WARDER, WILLIAM WEST, DAVID POTTS, WILLIAM POLLARD, Assignees. ¶

N. B. Those who have any demands against said Caleb Jones, are desired to bring them in.

TO be SOLD, by public vendue, on the 25th of November inst. at 10 o'clock, six Negroe men, three of them understand farming in its several branches; the other three acquainted with the ship carpenter's business, as sawing, &c. A Negroe woman, with a boy 20 months old; she is a good cook, can wash, iron, bake and sew, and understands out-work well. A Negroe girl, about 15 years old; a Mulattoe girl's time; a Negroe boy, about 12 years of age; a genteel family waggon; a new pair of timber wheels, with a screw and chains; a cart, and other utensils of husbandry; three pair of working cattle; milk cows, and dry cattle; horses, mares and colts; hogs and sheep; a large quantity of Indian corn in crib; hemp, flax, rye, household furniture, and many other things, too tedious to mention. Credit may be had, by giving bond and security, if required. Attendance will be given, by

White Clay Creek, N. Castle county. RICHARD DENNIS.

N. B. All persons that have any demands against me, are desired to send in their accounts; and those indebted to me, to make speedy payment. *

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Friday, the 20th of this instant November, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at Daniel Thompson's tavern, in Upper Providence, Chester county, will be sold by vendue, a messuage, plantation, and tract of tolerable good land thereunto belonging, situate in Marple township, Chester county, containing 204 acres, more or less; bounded by lands of Jonathan Maris, James Worrall, Joshua Pennell, and others; late the estate of Hayes Pennell, seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Saturday, the 28th of November instant, at 10 o' Clock in the Morning, on the Premises,

FOUR Brick Houses or Tenements, situate on the West-side of Fourth-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets, being 15 Feet front, and 78 Feet deep, and rent for Twenty-seven Pounds per Annum; the Groundrent One Pound, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence. The Title indisputable. Attendance will be given at the Time and Place above mentioned, by

† JOHN HEATHCOTE, and MOSES PETERS.

TO BE SOLD,

THE noted TAVERN at Chester, formerly occupied by Aubrey Bevan, and now in the possession of Davis Bevan; it is conveniently situated, and a well accustomed house, has a very fine garden, a good stone stable, wash-house, oat-house, sheds, and all other conveniencies suitable for an inn, or tavern. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to DAVIS BEVAN, on the premises, to JOHN PEARSON, in Darby, or THOMAS PRYOR, and MARY BEVAN, in Philadelphia. ¶ 8 W.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
PRINCE of WALES,
THOMAS MASON,
COMMANDER;

HAS excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail precisely the Twenty-second Instant. For Freight, or Passage, apply to GEORGE NOARTH, ALEXANDER LUNAN, or said Commander.

For D U B L I N,

The Ship
NEWRY PACKET,
SEYMOUR HOOD,
Master;

IS a strong vessel, and has good accommodations for passengers; will sail in about 3 weeks, having two thirds of her cargo ready. For freight of flax-seed, or other goods, agree with John Pringle, or said Master, on board said ship, the upper side of Market-street wharff.

For St. K I T T S directly,

The SHIP
BRISTOL PACKET,
JOHN VESEY,
Commander;

Will sail with all possible Expedition, having three Fourths of her Cargo engaged, and ready to go on board. For Freight or Passage, apply to KEARNY and GILBERT, or said Master on board his Ship.

For B A R B A D O S,

The SHIP
ANN and DOROTHY,
WILLIAM GREENWAY,
Master;

A good Vessel, with excellent Accommodations for Passengers, will certainly sail the 25th Instant, having the greatest Part of her Cargo ready to put on board. For Freight or Passage, apply to REYNOLD KEEN, and JOSEPH STOUT, or to the said Master on board, at Mease's Wharff.

RUN away from the subscriber, living near Magotty-mill, on the head of the river, in Ann Arundell county, and province of Maryland, the 16th of August last, a convict servant man, named George Williams, thin visage, short black hair which curls, is about 5 feet 7 inches high, and has an impediment in his speech; had on, when he went away, a brown coat, flannel waistcoat, brown linen shirt, and trowsers, with old shoes. As this is the second time of his transportation to America, he may be artful enough to deceive any person who examines him, and make them believe he is no runaway. Whoever secures him in any goal, so that he may be had again, shall receive Three Pounds reward, if taken in Pennsylvania.

¶ WILLIAM MACCUBBIN, son of John.

Imported in the last vessels from London and Bristol, and to be sold by

JOSEPH SIMS,

At his store, below the Draw-Bridge, between Messieurs Powell's and Plumsted's wharffs, very cheap for ready money or short credit,

A GENERAL assortment of European and India goods, suitable to the season. ¶

For LONDON DERRY,

The SHIP
RAINBOW,
JAMES CORREY,
Commander;

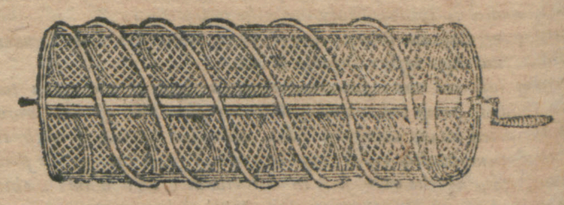
Now lying at Mr. Sims's Wharff, having Part of her Cargo already engaged, and is now beginning to load, she will be cleared to sail with the first of the Flax-seed Ships. For Freight or Passage, apply to GEORGE FULLERTON, or to the said Master on board. ‡

GEORGE FULLERTON,

Has just imported in the ship Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Gill, and the last vessels from England,

A NEAT and general assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the season, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms, for cash or the usual credit, at his store in Chestnut-street, between Front and Second-streets.

N. B. He requests all those who are indebted to him above twelve months, to pay their respective ballances before the 15th of November next; and all those that do not comply, may expect to be sued without respect to persons. †



MADE and sold by the subscriber, in Darby, 6 miles from Philadelphia, wire work of all sorts, particularly for flaxseed and wheat. And as he is the original inventor and institutor of that branch of business in America (and has not instructed any other person in the mystery thereof) apprehends himself best intitled to the benefits of the same, and in all probability is the best master of the work, having made all the wire boults used in the cities of Philadelphia and New-York, and likewise a considerable number of rolling screens for cleansing wheat, and has had long experience in the use of them; therefore any person applying by letter or otherwise, may be speedily supplied with wire work of any kind, which he will warrant; and by enquiring of Hugh M'Cullough, John Hall, M'Neale and Tolbert, Wills and Jackson, William and Andrew Caldwell, Connyngham and Nesbitt, Samuel Carson, and John Brown, of the city of Philadelphia; Peter Cloper, Thompson and Alexander, of New-York, all in the flaxseed way; and of Robert Lewis, Samuel Shaw, William Clark, Samuel Morton, Adam Hoops, and John Brown, all in the wheat way, may be informed of his abilities, and success therein.

‖ JOHN SELLERS.

RUN away from the Subscriber, in Cecil County, Susquehannah Hundred, Maryland, a likely Irish Servant Woman, named Mary Delany, about 24 Years of Age, can sew well, and likes to be employed in that Way, has sandy coloured Hair, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, speaks with the Brogue, is a good Scholar, and perhaps will change her Name. She took with her two Gowns; the one a white twilled Cotton, pretty much worn; the other a Calicoe, of a purple Stamp, Check Apron, old quilted black Petticoat, a Pair of old Stay Boddice, and black Calimancoe Shoes; an old Pewter Tea Pot, and midling large Prayer Book. Whoever secures said Servant in any Goal, or otherwise, so that her Master may have her again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

§ JOHN COOPER.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living on Elkridge, two Convict Servant Men, viz. Thomas Stafford, an Irishman, about 21 Years of Age, a tall slim Fellow; had on, when he went away, a short brown Kersey Coat, an Ozenbrigs Shirt and Trowsers, old Shoes, a brown Wig, and a pretty good Felt Hat. Christopher White, a native Irishman, has much of the Brogue upon his Tongue, pitted with the Small-Pox, is about 30 Years of Age, full 6 Feet high, and is a stout able bodied Fellow; had on, when he went away, a Snuff coloured Broadcloth Coat, a brown Wig, and a Felt Hat, fine Linen Shirt, Thread Stockings, and black Leather Shoes; it is supposed they have changed their Apparel, or will endeavour to change them. Whoever takes up and secures said Runaways, so as their Masters may have them again, shall have, if taken in Ann-Arundel County, Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows for each, and if out of the County, Three Pounds for each, including what the Law allows, and if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by HENRY OWINGS, and THOMAS BEACH. §6 W.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away last Night, from the Patapsco Furnace, near Elkridge Landing, in Anne Arundel, Maryland, two English Convict Servant Men, viz. Levy Barnett, about 23 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, spare made, swarthy Complexion, smooth Face, light brown Hair, dark Eyes, and down look; took with him the following Clothes, viz. one brown Fearnought Jacket, one Pair light blue Duroy Breeches, one Pair brown Rolls Trowsers, one Pair Sailors Ditto, two Ozenbrigs Shirts, one Pair blue Yarn Stockings, one Pair Country Shoes, with Copper Buckles, and one Felt Hat. William Roberts, a Welchman, about 26 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, a well made Fellow, of a dark Complexion, full Face, dark brown Hair, dark Eyes, and down Look; speaks much on the Welch Dialect, and is much addicted to strong Drink; had on, when he went away, one white Fearnought Jacket, one Pair brown Roll Trowsers, two Ozenbrigs Shirts, one Felt Hat, and a pair of old Shoes. Whoever takes up and secures said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall receive for each, if taken 15 Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, if 20 Miles, Forty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Three Pounds, and if out of the Province, the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought home to said Furnace, of Messieurs THOMAS HARRISON, and Company, per

JAMES WALKER.

N. B. As they are meanly clad, it is likely they may steal more Clothes, and endeavour to go off by Water; therefore all Masters of Vessels are forbid to harbour or carry them off at their Peril. † 8 W.

ON Saturday the 31st of October, Mr. JOHN LONG, Store-keeper in Chesnut-Level, the lower Part of Lancaster County, went from his Lodgings, at the Sign of the Harp and Crown, in Third-Street, in order to transact some Business in Town, and accordingly was in Mr. Jackson's and Mr. Meas's Store, about 11 o'Clock the same day, and since that Time has not been heard of. He wore short black Hair, and had on a brown Coat, black Cotton Velvet Jacket, Leather Breeches, plain square Silver Buckles in his Shoes, and a Silver Watch; as it is feared he is drowned, if any Person hears of him, and will inform Mr. WILLIAM CARSON, at the Harp and Crown, in Third-Street, or Mr. ROBERT PORTER, Sadler, in Market-Street, opposite the Prison, it will be thankfully acknowledged. ¶

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November 26, 1767. NUMB. 2031.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

An EXERCISE, *containing a* DIALOGUE, *and two* ODES, *performed at the public* COMMENCEMENT *in the* COLLEGE *of* Philadelphia, November 17, 1767.

Written by T. COOMBE, *B. A.*

POLLIO.

WHILE Autumn, gliding o'er the leafy Plain,
Droops in the Blaſt of pale November's Reign,
Amid the Scene the Graces deign to ſtray,
Lur'd by your Smiles, on this auſpicious Day.
Then hail, thrice hail, from rich *Caſtalia*'s Stream,
Blow your ſoft Shells, and wake the joyous Theme.

EUDOSIUS.

'Tis done! 'Tis done!---Hills, Woods and Vallies ring,
SCIENCE commands, and all the Muſes ſing.

AMYNTOR.

In *Egypt*'s Climes fair LEARNING firſt begun,
It roſe and travell'd with the Weſtward Sun;
Enraptur'd *Athens* catch'd the bright'ning Ray,
Her courtly Sons inhal'd the gladſome Day.
Next *Rome*, her Features rough with many a Scar,
Drank the pure Luſtre of the orient Star.
Here virtuous *Numa* form'd his godlike Thought,
Here *Tully*, *Piſo*, *Antoninus* taught;
And ſacred *Virgil*, lab'ring with his Theme,
With melting Muſic charm'd *Tiberia*'s Stream.
Heav'ns! What a Change, how ſunk the *Roman* Name,
That once, with Thunder, ſwell'd the Trump of Fame;
Her Forums, Temples, all in Ruins lie,
Torn and dejected to the weeping Eye!

POLLIO.

Theſe are thy Deeds, O *Luxury*, to whoſe Sway
Rome's tow'ring Genius owes its ſad Decay,
Exil'd from hence, *Philoſophy* ſerene,
With Step reluctant, ſought a milder Scene;
To *Albion*'s Coaſts the ſhining Stranger fled,
And all the Muſes follow'd where ſhe led.
Then Nature's Handmaids *Arts* were all our own,
The featur'd Canvas, and the ſpeaking Stone.
Then *Bacons*, *Sidneys*, *Boyles*, advanc'd to Light,
Reaſon's gay Dawn diſpell'd the Shades of Night.
Laſt *Newton* roſe---and borne on Eagle-Wings,
Collected Knowledge from a thouſand Springs,
Stopt the bright Planets in the blue Expanſe,
And ſaw thro' Nature at a ſingle Glance.

EUDOSIUS.

And name we *Britain* without filial Awe!---
The Queen of Juſtice, Liberty and Law;
Britain, whoſe Blood from antient Worthies runs,
Her Charter ſeal'd by Heroes and their Sons;
Britain, whoſe Name ſtrikes Terror all around,
The Sons of *Freedom* glory in the Sound.
Be this great Truth upon our Hearts impreſt,
He loves his *King*, who ſerves his *Country* beſt.

AMYNTOR.

Yes, my *Eudoſius*, 'tis a Truth I feel,
Thy Patriot Raptures kindle all my Zeal.
Methinks I ſee BRITANNIA Self-conſeſt,
The Star of Empire glowing on her Breaſt;
Thro' Clouds of liquid Gold ſhe wings her Flight,
To Climes where *Phœbus* ſheds his parting Light.
Triumphant *Conqueſt* marks her radiant Way,
And the NEW-WORLD is uſher'd into Day.
'Twas then,---O Mem'ry! ſave the glorious FEW,
'Twas then, this modeſt Dome was rear'd by YOU *,
Swift at your Word, a young *Lycæum* came,
The humble Rival of the *Græcian* Fame;
While YOU † preſide, its growing Worth ſhall ſpread,
Wide as the native Foreſts which we tread.
Then SCIENCE haſte!---diffuſe thy ſacred Rays,
Till the whole World be lighten'd with the Blaze.
Begin the Choral-Rite, ye tuneful Train,
Let the broad Vault re-echo with your Strain!

DUET.

SCIENCE! fair ſeraphic Maid,
Still extend thy boundleſs Sway;
Widely o'er yon Weſtern Shade,
Pour the golden Flood of Day.

PEACE, her Brows with Olive bound,
Strews the Plain with bloomy Flow'rs,
Smiling HARVESTS robe the Ground,
JOY prepares his Myrtle-Bow'rs.

POLLIO.

Rapt with the Thoughts, my Spirit mounts anew,
And all the Proſpect ruſhes to my View!
Fair Temples riſe, *Athenian* Beauties pleaſe,
Commerce unfurls her Canvas to the Breeze.
On purple Hills, the cluſt'ring Vines abound,
And laviſh *Culture* ſpreads Profuſion round;
Rich Fruitage blooms, majeſtic Gardens glow,
That vie with *Eden* or imperial *Stow*.
Gay *Attic* Manners mark the faultleſs Taſte,
And *Rome* revives amid the Deſart-Waſte.

EUDOSIUS.

On the torn Cliffs of yon romantic Steep,
Whoſe ſhelvy Summits threat the neighb'ring Deep,
RELIGION there ſhall ſhed her Silver Ray,
And the glad *Native* baſk in Goſpel-Day.
While no fierce Sounds his humble Cot invade,
The *Chief*, reclining in the duſky Shade,
Plucks the black Eagle from his Warrior-Creſt,
And bids Compaſſion warm his ſavage Breaſt.
As thus his Thoughts o'er paſt Adventures roll,
He feels ſoft Sorrow ſwell his throbbing Soul;
His Heart beats quick---his ſick'ning Spirit flies,
His boſom heaves with penitential Sighs----
Adown his Cheeks the trickling Sorrows flow,
And his Soul melts in Exſtaſies of Woe!

AMYNTOR.

Reſound ye Hills! ye diſtant Vales reſound,
Let all the Nations learn the gladd'ning Sound;
To where bleak *Zembla*'s Snow-clad Turrets ſhine,
And ſcorching *Afric* pants beneath the Line.
Then ſhall the brazen Tongue of Diſcord ceaſe,
And War's ſtern Front be ſoften'd into Peace;
Earth, in her Lap, the richeſt Gifts ſhall bring,
And Nature bloſſom in eternal Spring!

POLLIO.

Yet ere we part, indulge the tender Tear,
Which bleeding Friendſhip ſheds on STREPHON's Bier ‡.
The ſweeteſt Warbler in the tuneful Train,
STREPHON is dead, and huſh'd is Muſic's Strain.

EUDOSIUS.

Oft have we heard him trill his dulcet Lay,
Where yonder Woods their rural Shades diſplay;
And while ſoft Tranſport held the wond'ring Throng,
Thy Streams, O *Schuylkill*, liſten'd to his Song.

AMYNTOR.

Could Genius poliſh'd by the Smiles of Art,
Could gentle Manners, Sanctity of Heart,
A Life unſpotted as the Veſtal-Snow,
Fancy's warm Stroke, and Wiſdom's ſteady Glow;
Could theſe prevail, or ſtay the venom'd Spear,
Then had not STREPHON aſk'd this votive Tear.
But ah! good Heav'n, how intricate thy Ways,
In vain we ſtrive to pierce the devious Maze;
Death gave the Word---the Cloud-dreſt Scene is o'er,
The WISE, the GOOD, the TUNEFUL is no more!----

POLLIO.

Then pour your Dirges o'er his hallowed Urn,
Shall STREPHON die, and ſhall not MUSIC mourn!---

AIR.

Child of Anguiſh, weeping *Care*,
Haſte thee from the dewy Sod,
Seek him in the azure Air,
Seek him in the Courts of GOD.
To golden Lutes your POET ſings,
While prompting Angels wake the Strings!

* TRUSTEES. † PROVOST.

‡ The late Reverend and ingenious NATHANIEL EVANS, A. M.

From the BOSTON GAZETTE.

Meſſieurs EDES and GILL,

Having ſeen the Account of the ſudden Deaths of Mr. Robert Steward, *and his three Sons, by going down into a Well, I ſend you the following ſimple Account of my Practice, which, if you apprehend may be of Uſe, you may publiſh.*

WHEN a Well is opened, we always lower a Candle, as knowing that the ſame Effect the Well has upon the Candle, it will have on the Life of Man. If the Candle burn bright, we go down without Heſitation. If it wax dim, and go out, we conclude it utterly unſafe. And as Wells will lie open ſometimes a conſiderable Time before they are freed from the noxious Vapour, there have been ſeveral Means made uſe of to free the Well; as firſt, to lower down a well kindled Fire; which helps it but ſlowly, if at all. The next Means I tried was Powder, lowering it near the Water, and then throwing a Shovel full of Embers into it, to blow it up; which ſeemed more effectual. But the laſt and moſt effectual method that I know of, has been by drawing Water, and pouring it back into the Well. The laſt Time I had Occaſion for this, was laſt Week, a Well being opened in our Neighbourhood, and it being neceſſary to go down, as the Pump was in three Pieces, the Candle would burn but about two Feet below the ſtoning. I directed my Lad to draw about forty Pails of Water, and pour it back into the Well; which was done a little before Night on Thurſday, and the next Forenoon the Candle would burn bright down to the Water; and one went down into the Well, and ſet the Pump with all Safety.

Yours, S. T.

LONDON, September 14.

ON Tueſday expired, in great agonies, the wife to a dealer at Rotherhithe, who had, ſome days ago, by accident, ſwallowed a large pin.

September 15. *The Act of acceſſion of the Biſhop of Cracow is very remarkable, and couched in the following terms:*

"I, the under written, finding myſelf inveſted with the dignity of Paſtor in the Church, as well as that of Senator in the Republic, and obliged, by this double title, to defend both the immunities of the Holy religion, and the integrity of the laws and prerogatives of the country; having, moreover, in view the general union which exiſts between the Provinces of the Crown and the Grand Dutchy of Lithuania; I would not remain alone in blameable inaction, whilſt all the nation is labouring in the execution of a work of the greateſt importance. Yet I ſolemnly declare, by my preſent authentic acceſſion, that I only join and yield to all that concerns the defence of the laws and liberties of the country, impaired by the misfortunes of the times. Conſequently, I would not favour the too extenſive pretenſions of the Diſſidents; nor could I do it without expoſing my character, ſcandalizing all Chriſtianity, violating the moſt ſacred duties, ſtriking at the prerogatives of the Roman Catholic Religion, and entirely overturning thoſe laws which form the ſecurity of that religion. But if their demands are founded in equity, I engage to propoſe and ſupport them, not only as a Senator, but likewiſe in quality of Paſtor, of which I ought to ſet an example to the univerſe; and I perſuade myſelf, that the confederated citizens will not require of me a more ſolemn and more regular acceſſion, than this which I now make, for the common welfare of the country."

September 20.

Yeſterday morning a fire broke out at Mr. Hyde's, a ſtocking-trimmer in St. Thomas Apoſtle, which has intirely deſtroyed that houſe, and greatly damaged thoſe adjoining. The flames had got to ſuch a head before the family were alarmed, that Mrs. Hyde was obliged to throw her child, of a year old, out of a two pair of ſtairs window, which was caught in a blanket unhurt; but in following herſelf the ſame way (being with child) ſhe miſſed the blanket, and was killed on the ſpot. Mr Hyde likewiſe jumped out of the window, and broke one of his thighs, and fractured his ſkull. An elderly blind woman, who lay with the maid, and who firſt alarmed the family, is miſſing. The maid eſcaped over the top of the houſe. This accident is ſuppoſed to have been occaſioned by a ſtove, which is made uſe of in their way of buſineſs.

We hear from York, that there are at preſent in that city, a boy and girl of a ſurprizing ſize, they are twins, and but 18 years of his age, notwithſtanding which, the brother meaſures about 7 feet 3 inches, and the ſiſter 7 feet 2 inches.

TO be ſold by public Vendue, the 5th Day of December next, at LUDWIG KUHN's, Tavernkeeper, in Kenſington, two certain Ground or Yearly Rent Charges, one of 8l. per Annum, iſſuing out of a certain Lot of Ground, now in the Tenure of Catherine Wilbert. The other of 6l. iſſuing out of one other Lot, now in the Tenure of Conrad Ruſh. On each of theſe Lots is a good Dwelling-houſe, and other conſiderable Improvements.

Alſo two certain unimproved Lots, one containing in Length, on Duke-ſtreet, 380 Feet, and in Breadth, on Palmer and Cherry-ſtreets, 110 Feet. The other containing in Length, on Vienna-ſtreet, 233 Feet 6 Inches, and in Breadth, on Prince-ſtreet, 157 Feet.

Likewiſe to be ſold by private Sale, a certain Meſſuage, Tenement and Tract of Land, containing about 16 Acres, of which about 4 Acres is good improved Meadow Ground, joining Gunner's Creek. The ſaid Lots and Land ſituate in very pleaſant Parts of Kenſington. For Further Particulars, enquire of SAMUEL PALMER, or Mr. ALEXANDER ALLAIRE, in Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia, where a Plan thereof may be ſeen.

N. B. The Title is indiſputable. The Vendue to begin at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon. 6

JUST IMPORTED in the NANCY and SUKEY, Captain KEAIS, from LONDON, and to be ſold either *Wholeſale* or *Retail*, by

FRANCIS HOPKINSON,

At his Store in Walnut-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of ſuperfine and ſecond Cloths, of the very beſt Makers, and moſt faſhionable Colours, with Rattinets to match them, and all other ſuitable Trimmings; alſo a Quantity of fine Beaver Coating.

As theſe Cloths are imported on the moſt eaſy Terms, and are of the beſt Quality, he flatters himſelf he ſhall be able to give Satisfaction to all who will favour him with their Cuſtom. As he deals for Caſh only, he propoſes to *Retail* at the Prices the ſame Sort of Goods have been uſually ſold *Wholeſale*; and to thoſe who take a Quantity, he will allow ſuch Abatements as will make it worth their While. Tbc. 6 W.

For BELFAST,

The SHIP PHILADELPHIA,

David M'Cutcheon,

MASTER;

Will ſail the Beginning of December, having great Part of her Cargoe engaged. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ORR, DUNLOPE and GLENHOLME, M'NEIL and TOLBERT, or ſaid Maſter on board.

For NEWRY,

The BRIG FREE-MASON,

John Semple,

MASTER;

A ſtout new Veſſel, and has good Accommodations for Paſſengers; will ſail with all poſſible Expedition. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or to ORR, DUNLOPE and GLENHOLME; who have for Sale, at their Store, the Corner of Walnut and Water-ſtreets, a large and neat Aſſortment of 10 and 11 Nail Linen Checks, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and yd. 3-8ths Cotton and Linen Ditto, 3-qr. 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh Linens, Mancheſter Cotton Velvets, Iriſh Poplins, and Silk Handkerchiefs. Alſo a few Groce of black Bottles, &c.

For DUBLIN and BELFAST,

The SHIP PRINCE GEORGE,

Robert Beatty,

MASTER;

Will ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed Veſſels, having great Part of her Cargoe engaged. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ORR, DUNLOPE and GLENHOLME, M'NEIL and TOLBERT, or ſaid Maſter on board.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold, by public Vendue, on Friday, the 4th Day of December next, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, a Tract of land, ſituate in Warwick Townſhip, Bucks County, containing 44 Acres, more or leſs; bounded by Lands of John Podds, Land late of John Griffiths, and York Road; there is on the Place a good Stone-Houſe, and bearing Orchard; late the Property of Iſaac Lewis; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be ſold by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 8th Day of December next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, One Fourth Part of 140 Acres of Land, lying in Nockamixon Townſhip, Bucks County; late the Property of Alexander M'Ilroy; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE PLANTATIONS, viz. one containing upwards of 200 Acres, with a Dwelling-houſe, Frame Barn, good Orchard, and about 30 or 40 Acres of good Meadow, all within Bank; another of them contains about 150 Acres, with a Dwelling-houſe, good Orchard, and exceeding good Meadows, all within Bank; both the above Plantations have public Landings, adjoin each other, and are ſituate on Oldman's Creek, in a public Place for Buſineſs. The other Plantation contains about 200 Acres, of choice good Woodland, diſtant from the former about 3 Miles. Alſo 15 Acres of Land adjoining the laſt mentioned Place, of which about 8 Acres good Upland; the whole lying in Penn's Neck, Salem County. For further Particulars, apply to the Subſcriber, living on the firſt mentioned Premiſes, GEORGE LAWRENCE. † 5s. Tbc.

VIENNA, *September* 5.

ON Sunday laſt the Neapolitan Ambaſſador made his public Entry, which was very ſplendid and magnificent; and on Tueſday next he is to have his formal Audiences of their Imperial Majeſties, to demand the Arch-dutcheſs for the King his Maſter, with the uſual Ceremonies.

LONDON.

September 14. No leſs than 16 foreign ſhips, loaded with corn, have arrived in the river in the courſe of laſt week.

We hear that the Rev. Mr. Whitefield preached at Northampton, Sheffield, and Leeds, in his way to Scotland. At the laſt place it is computed that yeſterday ſe'ennight his congregation conſiſted of upwards of ten thouſand people.

Sept. 15. A few days ago a farmer's daughter near Trowbridge, in Wiltſhire, who had for upwards of two years been grievouſly tormented by ſwallowing a needle, which was beyond the reach of ſurgery to extract, was happily delivered of her pain, the needle having worked its way quite thro' the ſkin of her neck.

Sept. 18. They write from Madrid, that his Catholic Majeſty was about to aboliſh the great trade hitherto carried on between Manilla and Acapulco; which would have taken place many years ago, had it not been for the ſuperior influence of the Jeſuits.

It is aſſerted, thoſe gentlemen who have already conſented to ſerve in a new miniſtry, have abſolutely declared they will have no connection with the favourite, or his adherents.

We hear that the Right Hon. the Earl of Bute is almoſt recovered from his late illneſs, and will ſet out in a few days for his ſeat at Luton-Hoo in Bedfordſhire.

On Friday there was a great Board of Admiralty, when, it is ſaid, ſeveral ſmall ſhips were put into commiſſion, the command of which, we hear, was given to Lieutenants on half-pay.

Sept. 21. Among the different perſons talked of to ſucceed the late Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Right Hon. Colonel Barre, member of Wycomb, is mentioned as one qualified in all reſpects to fill that important office; his abilities not being inferior even to thoſe of a T- ----d or a G-----lle.

The following Toaſts have been drank at ſeveral Meetings, on occaſion of the approaching General Election:

AN ADDITION of Honeſt Men,
SUBSTRACTION of Grievances,
MULTIPLICATION of Elections,
DIVISION among Knaves: And
REDUCTION of our Debts.

Sept. 22. We are informed that the conteſts at the next enſuing General Election, are expected to be the greateſt ſince the late glorious revolution in 1689.

We are authorized to aſſure the public, that the account of a late negociation, printed in a monthly magazine, and in ſeveral news-papers, is, in many reſpects, utterly falſe; and in moſt, a perverſion and miſrepreſentation of facts, equally indecent to the ---------, and injurious to the parties concerned in that tranſaction.

Our patriot anceſtors were afraid that England would, in time of war, be loſt in a miſty morning. They ſaw and dreaded the conſequences that would unavoidably be attended on the enemy's fleet paſſing ours; they knew the inequality of our land armies, to that of our foes; reaſoned juſtly upon that knowledge. But far different principles prevail in this doating age; we ſee France and Spain exerting every nerve, in order to augment their navies, and enable themſelves to look us in the face at ſea; we know that victory depends on the number of ſhips, weight of metal, and ſize of the combating veſſels. Laſt war may convince us, that our ſuperior courage is not to be depended on, where the ſtake is ſo important; we have witneſſed the French fighting us at ſea with equal numbers, and if not conquering under thoſe circumſtances, yet behaving in ſuch a manner as to give us to underſtand, that a ſmall number of ſhips, men, and guns, in their favour, is ſufficient to inſure victory on their ſide. The art of war is now arrived at ſuch perfection, that diſcipline ſupplies the place of courage, and keeps the poltroon to that duty, which is willingly performed by the man of valour. What ſignifies then, in ſuch a ſituation of affairs, the ſuperior patriot diſpoſition of our naval officers and ſailors, they may lead them to death, but cannot conduct them to victory when engaged with ſuperior numbers, obſerving like rules of diſcipline, and equally well attending the ſeveral duties of their reſpective ſtations; one defeat at ſea would ruin our dependance, but twenty would not riſk that of our enemies. All the ſhipwrights we have in the kingdom ought to be provided in employment as far as poſſible, in order to prevent their entering into the ſervice of our foes; all of them that are neceſſary in order to build three ſhips for one conſtructed in France and Spain, ought, for ever, to be buſied in our docks. A leſs proportion of men of war, cannot give us abſolute ſafety, eſpecially now we have ſuch extenſive dominions to protect, which certainly ought to be aimed at, when we muſt pay the forfeit of a ſingle misfortune for our exiſtence.

A few days ago Mr. William Martin, hoſier of Coleman-ſtreet, had the honour of preſenting her Majeſty with a curious ſpecimen of his new invented womens patent ſilk mitts and gloves, made exactly after the manner of the French (that have been prohibited ſince June, 1765) at which her Majeſty was pleaſed to expreſs the higheſt approbation.

Letters from Jamaica inform, that the Spaniſh government have actually expended three millions of dollars in augmenting the fortifications at the Havannah, which were extended inland ſeveral miles.

Sept. 23. They write from Madeira, that a gold mine has lately been diſcovered in the iſland of Teneriffe, which was ſaid to be very rich, and ſamples of the ſame had been ſent to Liſbon, for the king's leave to work it to advantage.

WILLIAMSBURG, October 29.

Arrived in James river, the Leeds, Anderſon, from London, and in York river, the Brothers, Cawſey, from Briſtol.

Captain Cawſey, about 40 leagues from the Capes, ſpoke with Capt. Peterſon, from Virginia, then in great diſtreſs, having, in a terrible hurricane, which laſted better than two days and nights, loſt his boltſprit, all his topmaſts, boats, and had every thing ſwept off his decks. Captain Cawſey furniſhed him with a topmaſt, and ſome other neceſſaries, with which Capt. Peterſon intended returning to refit, but we have not yet heard of his arrival.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 12.

Laſt week a young lad, ſervant to Captain Bryce of this city, and a Negroe boy, belonging to Mr. Joſeph Middleton of Virginia, were unfortunately drowned in Wiccomico river, by carrying too much ſail.

From the BOSTON EVENING POST, Nov. 16, 1767.

Meſſieurs FLEETS,

Pleaſe to inſert the following in your uſeful Paper, as a proper Regard thereto may be of ſervice to the Community.

My Dear Countrymen,

YOU having been of late Years inſenſibly drawn into too great a Degree of *Luxury* and *Diſſipation*, not only in the *Weſt* and *Eaſt-India* Productions, but likewiſe in the unneceſſary Superfluities of Europe, enumerated in a late Vote of the Town of Boſton, with many others; that I cannot but think that the Inhabitants of this and moſt of the other Colonies, have the higheſt Reaſon to acknowledge their Obligation to the Town of Boſton, for ſetting ſo laudable an Example, as, by every prudent and legal Meaſure, to encourage the Produce and Manufactures of this Province, and to leſſen every ſuperfluous Expence as much as may be; by theſe Means, if poſſible, to prevent the threatened Loſs of the *whole Medium* of the Province, partly by the Remittances to Great-Britain of the Duties laid upon many of our Imports, and partly by the much larger Export, thro' the Hands of our Merchants, of our Gold and Silver, in Return for Britiſh Commodities, many of which are abſolutely needleſs, and with great Part of the Remainder we are indiſputably capable of ſupplying ourſelves; and though they are not ſo well *dreſſed* off as thoſe of *Europe*; ſince they coſt us nothing but the Labour of our *Heads and Hands*, we ought with the utmoſt Thankfulneſs to uſe them, till our *Artiſts* ſhall become more ſkilful; in which we have the ſhining Examples of our *Mother-Country*, and other *European* States, at their reſpective Commencement of providing Neceſſaries for themſelves; which *all* are under as well a natural as moral Obligation to do, as far as in their Power.---We would heartily, for this Reaſon, recommend to every Farmer the Growth of *Hemp* and *Flax*, that the Linen Manufactures may be eſpecially promoted and encouraged by *all Ranks* of People.---Further, if we may be *excuſed*, we think it our Duty to add, the moſt ſincere Recommendation of the Diſuſe of the moſt *luxurious* and *enervating Article* of *BOHEA TEA*, in which ſo large a Sum is annually expended by the American Coloniſts, altho' it may be well ſupplied by the Teas of our own Country, eſpecially by that called the *Labrador*, lately diſcovered to be a common Growth of the more Northern Colonies, and eſteemed very wholeſome to the Human Species, as well as agreeable.---

Thus my Countrymen, by conſuming *leſs* of what we are not really in Want of, and by induſtriouſly cultivating and improving the natural Advantages of our own Country, we might ſave our *Subſtance, even our Lands*, from becoming the Property of others, and we might effectually preſerve our *Virtue* and our *Liberty*, to the lateſt Poſterity. *Bleſſings*, ſurely, which no Man, while in the Exerciſe of his Reaſon, will contentedly part with, for a *few Foreign Triſles*. *Save your Money, and ſave your Country!*

To the PRINTERS.

GATHER up the Fragments, let nothing be loſt, *is a ſentence that deſerves to be written in Capitals of Gold, and might ſhine among the ornaments in the dwellings of mankind, from the throne to the footſtool. Oeconomy is a national as well as a private virtue, and perhaps as univerſally beneficial as any one virtue whatſoever; "a penny ſaved, is two-pence clear," is a ſaying, though common, yet of great importance both to individuals and the public, eſpecially to ſuch communities where caſh is ſcarce, and more eſpecially where their imports of the neceſſaries of life exceed the exports of all that can be ſpared from the neceſſities of the people. I have heard it ſaid of the city of London, that they amaſs great riches from ſuch things as are made no account of in many other parts of the world; there is not an excrement or excreſcence of any kind, but what is by ſome means or other turned (by induſtry and labour) into gold. Even horns, hoofs and bones, ſwine guts, and an hundred more &c's, contribute to their opulence. Should America follow the laudable example, how ſoon would the ballance of trade be turned in our favour, how many new manufactories would grow out of ſuch œconomy?*

I ſhall only mention one (but hope ſome able pen will ſet it in an engaging light, and propoſe other and better plans for the public.) The PAPER MANUFACTORY, *were it encouraged among us, and mills multiplied, would be a vaſt ſaving in our importations. The queſtion that will naturally ariſe is, How ſhall we ſtock them? The anſwer is, by good œconomy; every family in this vaſt province might contribute ſomething towards it: But what I have chiefly in view is, the vaſt quantity of tow that falls from the brake in the manufactory of flax. This may be had at almoſt every farmer's corn-door throughout this province, only for the bare charge of collecting and tranſportation. At preſent it ſerves only to divert children in making bonfires. What is then waſted, might employ conſtantly a good mill, and fully ſupply us with all our printing paper, vaſt quantities of which are wanted, eſpecially for loaf ſugar, and would, when exported, fetch the ſame price.---The coarſeneſs of this material may be an objection, but it may be ſaid in anſwer, that threſhing the tow with a flail, will cleanſe it from ſpiles or ſheaves, and filth.*

From the BOSTON GAZETTE.

OLD-COLONY, November 10, 1767.

GENTLEMEN,

YOU would be aſtoniſhed at the Concern expreſſed by the People in general at this Diſtance from the Metropolis, at the Conduct of the G------r, in anſwering the Application made to him by the very worthy *Boſton Repreſentatives*, for calling the Aſſembly together; in anſwering, I ſay, by a further Prorogation.

We cannot but look upon it as a Foretaſte of the numberleſs Evils, naturally ariſing out of the new Regulations, to render G-------'s, &c. independent upon the People.

There ſeems to be an abſolute Neceſſity for the G-----l C---t to be convened at all Events. I would therefore, in the Behalf of an *injured People*, pray you, as you are Members of the Aſſembly, and near the Metropolis, to join with the other Members, in requeſting their Speaker to convene the Houſe *forthwith*, in order to make their united Application to his E--------y, to give them Leave to ſit, in their Legiſlative Capacity, that humble Petitions may be made to our moſt *Gracious Sovereign*, for Relief from Meaſures which, if inſiſted on, and perſiſted in, muſt deſtroy our Being as a free People, and inevitably break off all commercial Communications with the Mother Country.---If we think ourſelves aggrieved, this Application home will be expected from us, as it was in the Time of the late *Stamp-Act*, and perhaps prevent what might otherwiſe be the too natural Conſequence of ſuch intollerable Burthens.---His Ex-----cy will not refuſe ſuch a joint Requeſt.---But if he ſhould, I would humbly propoſe, that the Members thus convened in their private Capacity, would addreſs the Throne.

The KING, from his native Goodneſs, and paternal Affection for His Subjects, will undoubtedly be moved with their Diſtreſſes, and grant their Prayer; eſpecially when he ſees that the expected Independence of our G------r upon us for his Support, has broken off his Connection with us, and weaned his Affections from us.

I am, Sirs, your moſt obedient humble Servant,

To the Members of the Aſſembly, near Boſton. H----- F-----.

BOSTON, November 16.

The Public may be aſſured that the Inhabitants of this Town in general, are going into more frugal Meaſures than have been come into at their late Meeting; particularly, by laying aſide Tea, and not purchaſing Woollens of any Kind for 12 or 18 Months, after the 1ſt of January next.

We are told that the L-------t G------r, in the Time of the Stamp-Act, publickly declared that there was no Manner of Diſtinction between an internal and external Tax:----Our Patriots were with him in this Sentiment, upon the Suppoſition that external Taxes were to be levied here, for the Purpoſes of a Revenue; and in this Opinion they entirely agree with the great Commoner, Mr. Pitt.

The good People of the Country are greatly diſtreſſed by the low Price of all Kinds of Proviſions.---The true Reaſon is, that the late Duties, and our great Extravagancies, have leſſened the Number of Inhabitants in the trading Towns, and diſabled many that remain from purchaſing.

We have it from good Authority, that the Aſ--m--ly of New-York are determined to make a conſtitutional Stand in Support of their Rights; and that the Inhabitants are reſolved to encourage Frugality and Manufactures.

Many Perſons in the Country have wondered what ſhould occaſion the preſent Scarcity of Money; their Wonder muſt ceaſe by being told, that lately only two Veſſels carried off about 160,000l. of our Silver and Gold, paid for Duties and Taxes on Sugar, Melaſſes, Rum, Cocoa, &c. &c. conſumed in the Province; and that it is computed by ſome, that near a Million of our Money in O. T. has already gone from us in this Way.

Judicious Perſons among us are apprehenſive that the new Duties laid the laſt P--------t without our Conſent, upon Tea, Paper, and Glaſs of every Kind, Painter's Colours, &c. &c. muſt, if paid, ſoon drain all our Money, which will be quickly felt by the Riſe of Intereſts, Fall of Landed Eſtates, Bankruptcies, Impriſonments, and the entire Ruin of Trade.

We have the Pleaſure to learn, that the great Ones here, who have been expecting their Salaries would be encreaſed by Thouſands out of the new Duties, now begin to think that they will all be *ſet afloat* by the new Meaſures now purſuing in this and the other Provinces.

We can confidently aſſure the whole World, that the People of this Province are as well diſpoſed to aſſiſt the Civil Magiſtrate in the lawful Exerciſe of Authority, without the Aid of Military Troops, as any of His Majeſty's Subjects in England; and that this County, and the Town of Boſton in particular, have always ſhewn as great a Readineſs to ſupport Government, as any County in this Province, notwithſtanding the late impudent Aſſertion of a certain furred Patagonian, who is NO JUDGE, to the contrary. S. X.

We hear that a Merchant in this Town re-ſhipped back to London (in Captain Cotting, one of the laſt Veſſels which ſailed from hence for that Place) upwards of £200 ſterling worth of SILKS, *they being an Article for which, at preſent, there is but very little Demand in theſe Parts.*

By Captain Boſworth from North-Carolina, we hear that Captain Fuller, in a Veſſel, belonging to this Place, was caſt away on the Swaſh, as ſhe was coming out; and that ſeveral other Veſſels were drove aſhore and damaged, in the late tempeſtuous Weather.

From Mendon we have the following Paragraph: "The Wife of Mr. Noah Cooke, of this Town, has had four Children, within the ſhort Space of one Year and 16 Days. What makes it the more remarkable is, that Mr. Cooke was a married Man four Years before his preſent Wife was born, and his laſt Child makes him Father of 19."

PROVIDENCE, November 14.

Yeſterday a letter from the ſelect men of the town of Boſton came to the town council of this town, incloſing the votes of the town meeting of Boſton, held on the 28th of October laſt, for encouraging the uſe and conſumption of all articles manufactured in the American colonies, with the form of a ſubſcription (agreed upon in ſaid meeting, and now filling up very faſt in that town, and other parts of the colony of the Maſſachuſetts Bay) not to purchaſe certain enumerated articles imported from abroad; and recommending to this town ſuch ſimilar meaſures, as may be judged will tend to the emolument of this town and colony.--- Upon this occaſion, it is hoped and expected that the town will be called together, to deliberate upon the important object of this application.--- We make no doubt, but the laudable example from Boſton will be followed here, as poverty and ruin moſt evidently threaten the whole country, as a conſequence of the immenſe imports from abroad of ſuperfluities, and ſuch articles as may be manufactured here.

NEWPORT, November 16.

This paper is the manufacture of this colony; and if the inhabitants would be careful in preſerving rags, we might ſoon be furniſhed with a ſufficiency of paper, of all kinds, without ſending out of the government for it. It is with pleaſure we can inform the public, that ſome perſons have reſolved to ſave all their rags for this neceſſary purpoſe; and it is earneſtly requeſted that the people in general would immediately adopt the ſame laudable reſolution.

If thoſe gentlemen and ladies, deſirous of promoting the proſperity of the community, whoſe example and influence might be of the utmoſt advantage, would exert themſelves in countenancing, encouraging and inculcating the virtues of œconomy and induſtry, they would now, in a peculiar manner, deſervedly merit the higheſt applauſe. They cannot be inſenſible that ſome meaſures, for the public good, are abſolutely neceſſary to be immediately purſued.---The example of a neighbouring government at once occurs to be an expedient worthy the imitation of every individual among us, as the moſt effectual means of reſtoring us to a flouriſhing and reſpectable ſtate, viz. by encouraging œconomy and manufactures, and retrenching the conſumption of European ſuperfluities.---It is obſervable, that we have been no ways backward in concurring with our neighbours in the ſuperfluous expences and extravagancies, which have been the means of reducing them and us to our preſent poor, indigent and diſtreſſed circumſtances: And we ſurely ought, in a ſupreme degree, to be more alert and emulous in copying thoſe examples, which neceſſarily tends to our reſtoration to wealth and proſperity, and muſt lay a good foundation for our arrival to a ſtate of opulence and grandeur.

NEW-YORK, November 19.

Tueſday laſt near 20 Negroes received the Diſcipline of the Whip, at the public Poſt, having been detected the Thurſday Night before, in a junketting Frolick, deſigned at a poor white Man's Houſe, in the Out-Ward of this City, where two Pigs ready for the Fire, and two Gallons of Wine, awaited them; and though the Proofs were not poſitive, they were ſuch as left the Deſign out of Doubt: It is ſuch Houſes that ruin Servants, as the Receiver is as bad as the Thief.

Extract of a Letter from a Spaniſh Gentleman in Authority at Jucutan, to an Engliſhman at the Bay, dated Merida, Auguſt 21, 1767.

"*By yours of the 2d Inſtant, I ſee with what Earneſtneſs you ſolicit to cut Logwood in the Bay of Spirito Santo, and as it does not appear to me to be lawful, nor comprehended, as you ſuppoſe, in the Treaty of Peace, you will abſtain from ſettling in that Place, having no Pretence to do it, nor is it in my Power to permit it; although ſome from your Settlement took the Liberty to endeavour to execute it:--- What you will acquaint them, is, that if they perſiſt in it, I will take the neceſſary Steps.*"

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Sept. 15.

"The King in Council have adopted the Scheme of ſettling a Colony on the Ohio; and the Lords of Trade are forming the Plan:---The French have eſtabliſhed two free Ports in the Weſt-Indies, St. Lucea, and St. Nichola, which occaſions much Speculation here in England, as it is thought it will be the Means of introducing many French Manufactures into the Engliſh Colonies; for the Arret that eſtabliſhes thoſe free Ports, allows a free Exportation of all European Manufactures, as well as of Rum and Melaſſes."

Extract of a Letter from Niagara, dated Sept. 29, 1767.

"*Having no News which can be agreeable, I muſt even tell you of our Misfortunes in this upper Country. On the 24th Inſtant, one of the Soldiers of the Company I belong to, gathered ſome Roots, which he thought were the Indian Potatoes, which he brought home, and after boiling them, ſhared them with ſix of his Companions, two of which were ſuddenly taken ill; the Doctor being ſent for, and hearing what they had been eating, began to prepare Vomits for them; but before he was able to return from the Hoſpital, one of them died in the greateſt Agonies I ever ſaw: Finding the Root had been poiſonous, we began immediately to pour Sweet Oil down their Throats, and giving them ſweet Milk, to make them throw up the Poiſon; however, another of them died 10 Minutes after being taken ill. We kept the other five drinking Sweet Oil and Milk, and of Courſe puking, from Half after 8 at Night to 3 in the Morning, when they were entirely worn out with Fatigue. There was another of them died the 27th Inſtant at Night, and a fourth is ſtill in the utmoſt Danger; three of them are, to all Appearance, out of Danger. The unhappy Man who gathered the Root, was the ſecond who died. Inſtead of the Indian Potatoes, it was that called the Deadly Carrot they eat; it is about two Inches long, or rather oblong; the Indians uſe it to poiſon one another.*"

We hear from Hampſtead, on Long-Iſland, that on Thurſday laſt, ſeveral Men having been employed in digging a Well for one John Hall of that Place, they all went to Dinner, except two Men, who, when the reſt returned, were found buried in the Well, by the falling in of the Earth, except that both the Arms of one, and one Arm of the other, were not covered. All poſſible Diligence was uſed in removing the Earth, and about the Middle of the Afternoon one was got out, and at Sunſet the other, both alive. Whether they were hurt or not we have not yet heard.

PHILADELPHIA, November 26.

The following Character was deſigned for our laſt, but the Copy unluckily happened to be miſlaid.

Forks of Brandywine, in Cheſter County, Nov. 16, 1767.

Laſt Wedneſday Evening departed this Life, in the 59th Year of his Age, JOHN CULBERTSON, Eſq; after a very long and diſtreſſing painful Illneſs, occaſioned by a Complication of bodily Diſorders; which he bore with great Patience, and becoming Submiſſion to the Holy Will of God. He was an honeſt good Man, a devout ſincere Chriſtian, of undiſſembled Piety, and great Integrity, and of excellent natural Parts, which he improved much to the Benefit of Church and State. His

Death is a very ſenſible Loſs to the religious Society of which he was a Member. He was interred in the moſt plain and decent Manner, without the Uſe of ſpirituous Liquors, or any other needleſs Superfluities, in Obedience to his own Requeſt, before his Death. His Remains were attended to the Grave by a numerous Crowd, of various Denominations.

[*It is moſt heartily to be wiſhed that the Uſe of ſtrong Liquors, which prevails in Country Places, among People of various Societies at Funerals, were entirely laid aſide, together with all other needleſs Expences.*]

Yeſterday arrived here the Sloop Patience, Captain Ward, from Wilmington, in North-Carolina, who informs us, that on his outward bound Paſſage he met with the Gale of Wind, ſo often mentioned in our Papers, in which he received conſiderable Damage; the Particulars of which are, That on the 14th of October he made Cape-Fear, but the Wind blowing hard, he was drove over the Frying-Pans, at 4 o'Clock P. M. He was obliged to lay to till next Day, about 8 o'Clock in the Morning, when his Mainſail was ſplit, and came down on the Deck, and he was forced to lay to, under his bare Poles, for 52 Hours. On the 17th, about 7 o'Clock, he ſhipped a Sea, which waſhed overboard between 20 and 30 Barrels (which were on his Deck) and his Boat, and ſtove the Binnacle. About 4 o'Clock, the ſame Day, ſhipped another Sea, which ſtove the Companion, and laid her on a Careen for 3 or 4 Minutes; in which Time ſo much Water ran down her Cabbin, and Fore-ſcuttle, that, after ſhe righted, it was an Hour before they got her free. On the 18th the Gale abated, and on the 25th, with much Difficulty, he got into Wilmington, where he found Captain Greble in a Sloop, who had put in there to refit, having been almoſt tore to Pieces in the above Gale, on his Paſſage from Jamaica for this Port. Captain Oldfield, from Rhode-Iſland, was arrived there, and had met with ſome Damage, as had ſeveral other Veſſels, that had come in there. Captain Ward left Captain Tongue, in a Sloop belonging to New-York, loading at Wilmington for the Weſt-Indies.

Captain Ward further informs, that on the 26th of October, a large Quantity of Mahogony Boards and Scantling, were ſeen floating off Cape-Fear, and ſeveral Ships Long Boats were picked up in the Sound.

On Sunday laſt Captain Ward came to an Anchor in our Bay, when the Wind blew exceſſive hard, in which he parted one of his Cables, and loſt an Anchor, but happily rode it out with the other.

Yeſterday Se'nnight, about Eight o'Clock at Night, as James Bright was coming up to Town from Raccoon-Creek, in a Wood Flat, the Wind blowing very hard, he was obliged to come to Anchor on the Jerſey Side, about three Miles above Cheſter, and ſoon afterwards his Flat filled and overſet, by which unhappy Accident two Men were drowned; Mr. Bright got on her Side, where he continued till next Morning, when he was taken off by a Boat from the Shore. The Perſons drowned were James Cole, and John Connor.

Laſt Thurſday Night ſome Rogues broke into a Slop-ſhop, in Front-ſtreet, and carried off ſeveral Seamens Jackets, about a Dozen Pair of Trowſers, two Great Coats, and other Things, to the Value of about Twenty Pounds; it is thought the Villains were diſturbed before they had fully accompliſhed their Deſign, by the Watchman going by, when the Family were alarmed, and came down Stairs, but they got off undiſcovered.

And on Sunday Night three ſeveral Attempts were made at the next Houſe, but the Noiſe they made awakened the Family, who being on their Guard, prevented the Deſign of the Rogues.

Saturday Night laſt, a Sailor going on board a Ship outward-bound, being intoxicated with Liquor, fell into the Dock, and was drowned.

At a Court of Oyer and Terminer, held at Reading, for Berks County, on Saturday, the 14th Inſtant, Catherine Krips was tried for, and convicted of, the Murder of her Baſtard Child, for which ſhe received Sentence of Death.

*** The Piece ſigned EUGENIO, is come to Hand, and will be inſerted in our next.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Your inſerting the following Letter in your Gazette, taken from the London Evening Poſt, will oblige a Number of your Readers.

To the PRINTERS.

SIRS,

THE Pragmatic Sanction, as it is called, or Royal Proclamation, or Law lately made in Spain, muſt, by all rational Men, be conſidered as extraordinary in its Nature.

Every Friend to the natural and ſocial Rights of Mankind, muſt conceive the ſtrongeſt Indignation at ſuch tyrannical Proceedings towards a whole People; for admitting the Jeſuits to be Atheiſts, Traitors, nay Devils incarnate, ſtill they were, as a Community, one of the Members of that national Body Politic, and ought not to have been cut off from it, without being firſt proved ſo infectiouſly tainted, as to warrant in Juſtice, ſuch an Amputation.

If a Sovereign can, by the Laws of God, Juſtice or Right, diſpoſe of any Body of his People, whom he pleaſes, without aſſigning any other Reaſon, than his Will, *upon ſecret Deliberations, and for Cauſes known to himſelf*; what Security has any other Part, or even the whole of his People, that he will not do the ſame by them? And to tell them, they muſt ſubmit to this being done in Silence, under the Penalty of being treated as guilty of High Treaſon, and even at Will to abrogate all obſtructive Laws for that Purpoſe, is ſurely exerting a Power in which no People can acquieſce, till every Sentiment of Juſtice, Right or Humanity, becomes obliterated from their Minds.

The Almighty never lodged ſuch a Power in the Hands of any ereated Being, his divine Laws, like his Attributes, being to do Juſtice, and love Mercy: And no human Juſtice can be warrantable, that is not manifeſted to be right. The King of Spain might with as much Propriety, order his Subjects to turn Mahometans, for Reaſons, *that he reſerves within his Breaſt*, with forbidding them, under the Penalty of High Treaſon, to write, ſpeak, or declaim on the Subject, and with abrogating all obſtructive conſtitutional Laws for that Purpoſe, by his arbitrary Proclamation; or he might as well confiſcate and baniſh every religious Order, or every civil Community on the like Pleas, and with exactly the ſame Injunctions to the reſt of his People, concerning his Proceedings.

We all know the Conſtitution of Spain was originally Gothic, like our own; and we alſo know, that the preſent King's Father was preferred to ſucceed to that Throne, conditionally for the Good of the People, and the entire Preſervation of the Spaniſh Dominions; they had then an acknowledged Right of thinking for themſelves, but now they are told, it belongs not to them to judge of, or interpret the Sovereign's Commands, which is abſolutely reducing them to the Condition of the moſt abject of Slaves. Theſe Jeſuits have Fathers, Brothers, and Kinſmen of all Degrees, amongſt all Ranks of the Spaniards, who are to require no Reaſons for their Confiſcation and Baniſhment, while all natural Affection is even demanded to be ſilently ſacrificed. Think, oh my Countrymen! to what Men become ſubjected, when their Liberties are loſt; learn to value your own, and teach your Children to do the ſame, beyond Fortune, or even Life.

I am yours, &c.

A FRIEND TO OPEN JUSTICE.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 18s. Wheat 7s. Indian Corn 3s. 2d. Ship Bread 17s. Middling Ditto 24s. Pipe Staves 10l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Beef 56s. Pork 65s. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 40 to 56s. Melaſſes 22d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 11s. Turpentine 16s. 6d. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 17s. Liſbon Salt 18d. Flaxſeed 6s. 9d. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 4d. Halfpenny to 5d. Cotton 1s. 10d. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 7l. 10s. Muſtard-ſeed 32 s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Suſanna, T. Moore, from Dominica. Sloop Hannah, L. Robinſon, and Sloop Delaware, S. Starbuck, Nantucket. Schooner Phœnix, T. Ingraham, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Betſey, T. Jewſon, and Sloop Hannah, J. Littlebridge, North-Carolina. Sloop Three Friends, W. Wyer, Piſcataqua.

OUTWARDS. *Schooner Betſy, C. Biddle, and Ship Hayfield, W. Matthews, for Cork. Brig Hibernia, J. Caton, Weſt-Indies. Brig James, W. Carliſle, St. Croix. Ship Prince George, R. Beatty, Dublin. Ship Philadelphia, D. M'Cutchon, Belfaſt. Brig Dolphin, G. Stevenſon, and Snow Barbados-Packet, S. Chancellor, Madeira. Ship Glory, J. Webſter, and Brig Thomas, R. Wilſon, Jamaica. Snow Betſy, L. Simmons, Antigua. Brig Sally, S. Devonſhire, and Brig Perry, M. Coghlan, Liſbon. Snow Sally, E. Spain, South-Carolina. Brig Charming Manette, J. Bayes, Grenades. Brig Free Maſon, J. Semple, Newry.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Speedwell, W. Allen, to Grenades. Brig Philadelphia-Packet, J. Harriſon, Ship Walworth, E. Boggs, and Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, South-Carolina. Schooner Maryland-Packet, R. M'Clean, Maryland. Sloop Sally, T. Albertſon, New-York. Sloop Marigold, J. Moore, Virginia. Ship Pennſylvania-Packet, N. Falconer, London. Sloop Alice, B. Newbould, Tortola. Sloop St. George, G. Judkin, St. Euſtatia. Ship Prince George, J. Hatborn, Briſtol. Schooner Patience, W. Kidd, Madeira. Brig Patty, J. Wilſon, Gibraltar. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Sloop Ranger, J. Fairy, St. Kitts. Brig Peggy, P. Denny, Cork. Schooner Polly, J. Newton, New-Providence. Schooner Speedwell, S. Davidſon, Dominica. Schooner James, J. Criſpin, North-Carolina. Ship Rachel, W. Hardcaſtle, Jamaica.*

The MEMBERS of the
St. ANDREW's SOCIETY

ARE deſired to attend their Anniverſary Meeting, at the *Lodge*, in *Lodge-Alley*, on *Monday*, the 30th of *November* inſtant, at 6 o' Clock in the Evening.

JOHN ROSS, *Secretary*.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A VALUABLE BREW HOUSE, with all the utenſils in the borough of Lancaſter; for terms apply to John Barr, Eſq; or to the ſubſcriber in Philadelphia,

Tuc 4 W. ALEXANDER STEDMAN.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A Valuable Plantation, or Tract of Land, containing 300 Acres, with a good Title, ſituate on the Great Road, leading from Nottingham to Chriſtiana Bridge, 10 Miles from ſaid Bridge, 11 Miles from Charles-Town, and 6 from the Head of Elk. It contains about 50 Acres of Meadow, all well watered, a large Orchard of fine Trees, which ſeldom fail to produce plentifully, with a conſiderable Quantity of Land uncleared, which is beautifully timbered. There are alſo on ſaid Premiſes, a large, elegant and commodious Dwelling-houſe; a Griſt-mill in good Order for Merchant Buſineſs; a large Malt-houſe and Brewing-houſe, convenient, and in good Repair. There is alſo upon ſaid Tract, and ſaid Great Road, more than Half a Mile diſtant from the Mill and Dwelling-houſe, a Houſe and Kitchen, &c. very commodious for Store or Tavern; both of which have been kept there for ſome time paſt. The ſaid Houſe and Kitchen will be ſold ſeparate, if deſired by the Purchaſer; or with any Quantity of Land, from one Acre to one Hundred. For further Information, apply to the Subſcriber on the Premiſes, or to Mr. THOMAS COOK, in Queen-ſtreet, near the Swediſh Church.

¶ MOSES ANDREWS.

WILLIAM BEDFORD,

Begs Leave to inform his Friends, that he has removed from Cheſtnut-Street, to the Houſe lately occupied by Mr. JOHN LEACOCK, Silver-Smith, next Door to Mr. Andrew Doz, in FRONT-STREET, a little above the DRAWBRIDGE;

WHERE he continues to make all Sorts of SADDLES, Saddle-Bags, Portmanteaus, Bridles, Collars, and Gears for Waggons and Carts, in the neateſt Manner, and at the loweſt Prices, with an Abatement to thoſe that take a Quantity. ¶

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the Fourth Day of December next,

A Certain Tract of Land, and Plantation, ſituate in St. George's Hundred, and County of New-Caſtle, containing 170 Acres; alſo 12 Acres and 60 Perches of Meadow-Ground, on Silver-Run; alſo about 8 Acres of Meadow-Ground, on Auguſtine-Creek; alſo two Lots, containing 14 Acres and 54 Perches of Meadow-Ground; alſo one Acre of Faſt-Land, on Wolf-Iſland; alſo 7 Acres and 27 Perches of Meadow-Ground, above Wolf-Iſland aforeſaid; being Part of the Real Eſtate of James Piper, deceaſed. Attendance will be given, at 10 o'Clock, on the Premiſes, at which Time the Terms of Sale will be made known, by JOHN MERISS, and SUSANNA PIPER, Adminiſtrators.

By Order of the Orphan's Court,

¶ RICHARD M'WILLIAM, Clerk.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, out of a Paſture, from the Subſcriber, in New-Caſtle, the 16th of November inſt. (being the Fair Night) a brown Gelding about 8 or 9 Years old, ſhod before, his hind Feet a little wore before the Hoof in travelling, he is about 14 Hands high, paces, trots and gallops, but is moſt natural to the Trot, and of a good Carriage; had a roach'd Mane, bob Tail, trimmed about the Foretop, high boned, a ſmall Lump on his Back, appearing like the Bruiſe of a Saddle, and but in middling Caſe, as he has had the Diſtemper. Whoever takes up, and gives Intelligence to the Subſcriber, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall be intitled to a Reward of Twenty Shillings, with reaſonable Charges; and for the Thief, upon Conviction thereof, ſhall have Five Pounds, paid by

¶ 5s. tf. ZACHARIAH VAN LEUVENIGH.

WAS committed to my Cuſtody, on the 16th of this inſtant November, on Suſpicion of being a Runaway Servant, a Man, who calls himſelf Patrick Hamilton, ſays he was born in London, but brought up in Cork, about 30 Years of Age, and about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, wears his own black Hair, is of a dark Complexion, and had on, when committed, an old dark coloured Great Coat, too ſhort for him, a dark coloured Coat, Jacket and Breeches, Check Shirt, a ſtriped Woollen Jacket, with the Stripes acroſs, old Felt Hat, Yarn Stockings, and coarſe Shoes. His Maſter, if any, is deſired to come, pay Charges, and take him away, or he will be ſold for his Fees, in ſix Weeks from the Date hereof, by ⊕

Cheſter Goal, Nov. 23, 1767. JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler.

TO BE SOLD,

BY public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Five o' Clock in the Evening of the 30th Inſtant,

The SHIP SUCCESS,
SAMUEL NUTTLE
Commander;

With all her Tackle, Furniture and Apparel, as per Inventory, now lying at James Pemberton's Wharff.

November 23, 1767.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

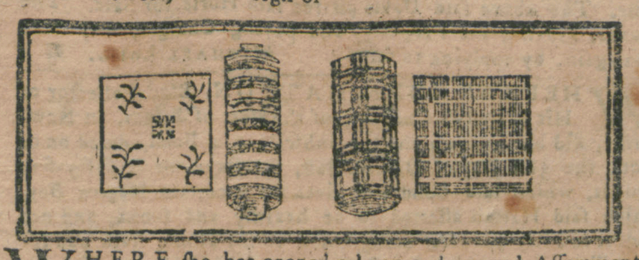
JOSEPH SIMS,

At his ſtore, below the Draw-Bridge, between Meſſieurs Powell's and Plumſted's wharffs, very cheap for ready money or ſhort credit,

A GENERAL aſſortment of European and India goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon. ¶

MAGDALEN DEVINE,

Takes this Method of acquainting her FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC, that ſhe hath moved her Shop and Store to the Houſe lately occupied by FRANCIS WADE, on the Eaſt Side of Second-Street, between Black-Horſe Alley and Market-Street, at the Sign of



WHERE ſhe has opened a large and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent Seaſon, which ſhe will ſell, as uſual, Wholeſale and Retail, on the loweſt Terms, for Ready Money, or ſhort Credit.

WHEREAS I ſaw an advertiſement in the Pennſylvania Gazette of Samuel Fiſher's, cautioning all perſons againſt taking any aſſignments on two notes of his, paſſed to me for value received, which he ſays I obtained fraudulently; I now take this public method to inform him and the public, that if ſaid notes be not paid according to agreement when they become due, I will ſue him for the contents of them according to law, as I obtained them lawfully, which was for my intereſt of the place I then lived in, and do ſtill keep poſſeſſion of for him, to my great diſadvantage, as I, on ſaid agreement, purchaſed another place, and removed my goods and family. THOMAS COOPER.

N. B. The conditions of our agreement can be proved by Edward Doyle, who was preſent at the agreement, drew the articles, and witneſſed the notes at his own houſe. †

TO BE SOLD,

THAT noted and well-accuſtomed TAVERN, belonging to the Subſcriber, with 100 Acres of good Land and Meadow adjoining the ſame, whereon he now lives, at the lower Croſs-Roads, near Deer-Creek, in Baltimore County, Maryland. The Houſe is new, two Stories high, 4 Rooms on a Floor, a Cellar under the Whole, with Stables, and other Buildings and Improvements, convenient and ſuitable for moſt Kinds of Buſineſs, either for Merchants or Tradeſmen, ſituated in the Heart of a healthy and rich Part of the Country, and where a great Variety of Roads, from diſtant and different Parts of the County, as well as from Pennſylvania, &c. meet, about 6 or 8 Miles from ſeveral Places of Navigation, where Veſſels of any Burden often come, convenient to different Places of Worſhip, and but a ſmall Diſtance from ſundry Mills. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the above, may at any Time be farther informed, as to Title and Terms, by applying to ‖ GEORGE STEWART.

RAN away, the 23d Day of November inſt. from James Bennet, living in Kennet Townſhip, Cheſter County, an Engliſh Servant Man, named WALTER LINDY, born in Wiltſhire, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, thick ſet, pock-marked, pale Complexion, ſtrait black Hair, black Eyes, ſhort blue lappelled Jacket, with white Lining, and a ſtriped ſpotted under Jacket, old Leather Breeches, with a ſquare Patch on the right Knee, two Check Shirts, ſmall Check, a Buckle in one of his Shoes, the other tied with a String, and a half-worn Felt Hat. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, paid by me ‖ JAMES BENNET.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A PLANTATION or tract of land, in Baltimore county, Maryland, near Deer creek, whereon he now lives, containing 300 acres, with all the valuable improvements thereon; the ſoil fertile, and natural to the production of moſt kinds of grain, graſs, &c. well timbered and watered, being part of a larger tract, including that commonly known by the name of the Croſs Roads, where George Stewart now lives, convenient to a variety of places of worſhip, near ſeveral mills, and about 6 or 8 miles from Swan-creek, and other landings, where veſſels of any burthen frequently come.

Alſo to be ſold, one other tract, in My Lady's Manor, in the county aforeſaid, containing 170 acres of good land, whereon are two dwelling houſes, and a number of other buildings and improvements, ſuch as barns, ſtables, orchards, ſtill-houſe, &c. two very fine meadows, 15 acres, under clover and timothy graſs, and a compleat new merchant and griſt-mill, with two pair of ſtones, and ſuitable cloths for merchant and country buſineſs; the boulting and hoiſting works all go by water; the mill-houſe built with good ſtone and lime, 45 feet long, and 34 feet wide, with every conveniency for carrying on merchant and country work to advantage, being on Great Gunpowder Falls, a never failing ſtream of water; the dam and race capable of being always kept in good order at a trifling expence, ſituate in a part of the country, where may be had plenty of wheat in the ſcarceſt ſeaſons, and about 20 miles from Baltimore town, on the great road leading from that to York-town, and other parts of Pennſylvania; adjoining ſaid mill is alſo built a very good and convenient ſaw-mill.

One other tract or parcel of land, in Donegall townſhip, Lancaſter county, and province of Pennſylvania, containing 319 acres, with good improvements; the land good, and natural to graſs, wheat, rye, &c. &c. On ſaid tract may be made a large quantity of meadow, having conſtant ſtreams of water running through it, convenient to water great part of it at pleaſure; the whole well timbered, and not a mile from a good merchant-mill.

One other tract of land in Paxton townſhip, and county aforeſaid, at the Narrows on Saſquehanna, about three miles from Mr. Hunter's, containing 240 acres; the land is very valuable, but the improvements mean, having been never repaired ſince their deſtruction by the Indians, in the laſt war; on this tract are good conveniencies for making meadow, &c. and is well ſituated for range for cattle.

Alſo to be ſold, one other tract, with ſome ſmall improvements, containing 300 acres of excellent land, on Cuſhakockla, in Cumberland county. To all or any of which will be made an indiſputable title. For terms of ſale, and other particulars, apply to THOMAS HARRIS. ¶

For LONDONDERRY,

The SHIP
MARQUIS of GRANBY,
ARCHIBALD M'ILVAINE Maſter;

Is now loading, and has great Part of her Cargoe engaged, and will ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed Ships. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or CONYNGHAM and NESBITT.

November 26, 1767.

FOR BELFAST.

The Ship NANCY,
SAMUEL HANNAH, Maſter;

WILL ſail by the 15th of December next. For Freight or Paſſage apply to WILLS and JACKSON, below the Drawbridge, or to the ſaid Captain on board, at Meaſe's Wharff.

N. B. Said Wills and Jackſon have erected a compleat Sett of Works for cleaning Flaxſeed, in the Stores on Mr. Meaſe's Wharff, where they receive Seed to clean, and ſhall be obliged to thoſe who will pleaſe to favour them with their Buſineſs in that Way. They have for ſale, a few Barrels and Tierces of Iriſh Beef; likewiſe, Jamaica Spirits, in Hogſheads. §

THIS is to give Notice, that the Subscriber, MICHAEL LONG, in Fifth-street, near the State-House, Philadelphia, has in his Custody, a sorrel Horse, with a white Mane and Tail, about 14 Hands high, and about 9 Years old; he was rid into Philadelphia by William Davis, a Deserter from the 60th or Royal American Regiment, who is now in Prison for the same. The above said Davis offered said Horse for Sale. The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again, by applying to said MICHAEL LONG. ¶

WHEREAS JOHN HATTON, Esq; Collector of His Majesty's Customs, of the Port of Salem, in New-Jersey, did obtain from me the Subscriber, a Bond, dated on or about the 31st Day of October last, for Payment of Fifty-five Pounds, which said Bond was given for a certain Negroe Boy, which said Hatton asserted to be healthy and sound, and not subject to Fits, but after being taken to my House hath had several Fits; upon which I took him back to said Hatton with the Bill of Sale, and said Hatton accepted him and the Bill of Sale, and promised to deliver up the Bond, but now refuses to comply with his Agreement; therefore I take this Method to forewarn all Persons from taking an Assignment of said Bond, as I am determined not to pay it. JACOB SCOGGIN. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 16th inst. from the Subscriber, living in Baltimore Town, an indented Irish Servant, named Thomas Owings, a stout well set Fellow, about 25 Years of Age, has a large Mouth, and speaks good English, wears short brown Hair; had on, and took with him, a blue Cloth Coat, half worn, an old Snuff coloured Coat, a white Flannel Jacket, lappelled, without Sleeves, a Pair of blue coarse Cloth Breeches, lined with Ozenbrigs, quite new, a Pair of coarse Yarn Stockings, ribbed, Country made Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and Ozenbrigs Shirt; he is a Plaisterer by Trade, and his Cloaths are stained with Lime. He stole and took away with him, a large black Gelding, a Man's Hunting Saddle, with Buckskin Seat, and an old Bridle; the Horse is lame in his Shoulder, has constantly been used in a Waggon, paces heavy, and is shod all round; it is supposed he has stole some other Cloaths, may have a Pass, and change his Name; he has been in the Country about four Months. Whoever takes up and brings home said Servant, shall have Five Pounds Reward, and for the Servant and Horse, the above Reward, paid by JOHN DEAVER. ¶ 5 W.

STRAYED away from Kensington, Philadelphia County, on the 3d of October last, a black Mare, about 13 Hands high, paces and trots, shod before, a Piece broke out of one of her Hoofs, a hanging Mane, switch Tail, about 9 Years old, with a Brand on her near Buttock F S. Whoever takes up said Mare, and brings her to Daniel Hathorn, near the Bridge, in Second-street, Philadelphia, or to the Subscriber, living near the Head of Chester River, in Kent County, Maryland, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by EDWARD COMEYGES. ¶

CAME to the Plantation of the Subscriber, in Bensalem Township, Bucks County, about the Middle of October last, a dark bay Horse, about 14 Hands and a Half high, very low in Flesh, with a Star in his Forehead, both hind Feet white, shod before, no Brand-mark discoverable, supposed to be about 12 Years old. The Owner is desired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away. GILES KNIGHT. ¶

CAME to the Plantation of JACOB SLOUGH, in Norriton, Philadelphia County, about the latter End of August, a red Calf, with a white Head. The Owner proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have it again.

* JACOB SLOUGH.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subscriber, living in Pikeland Township, Chester County, the 26th of October last, three COWS; one a Brindle, with a Bell, the other two red, with white Faces, and Ear-marked, about 9 Years old. The Owner is desired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take them away. ADAM AXLINE. ‡

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscribers, are hereby notified, that unless they discharge their respective Ballances, on or before the First Day of January next, their several Bills, Bonds and Accounts, will, without Regard to Persons, be delivered to an Attorney, in order to be put in Suit.

BAYNTON and WHARTON.
BAYNTON, WHARTON, and MORGAN.

NEAVE and HARMAN,

Have for Sale, at the House of Samuel Neave, the Corner of Second and Spruce Streets, on the most reasonable Terms, for Cash, or short Credit,

A VERY large and neat Assortment of superfine Broadcloths, fine, super and Drab Cloths, Rattinets and Shaloons, superfine Bath Coatings; with a general Assortment of European Goods, suitable for the Season; which they are now opening, imported in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and other Vessels, lately arrived.

Likewise, choice old Madeira WINES, of the Vintage of 1763, 1764, and 1765; old Teneriffe Wines, West-India Rum, Pimento, Tea, Coffee, &c. &c. &c. Tbc. 3 m.

NOTICE is hereby given to the CORPORATION for the Relief of poor and distressed PRESBYTERIAN MINISTERS, and their WIDOWS and CHILDREN, that they are to meet on Wednesday, the 16th Day of December next, at the First Presbyterian Meeting-house in this City, at Eleven of the Clock before Noon, to transact all such Business as usually comes under their Consideration, at their general Meeting in the Fall of the Year; and in particular, to consider some Applications to be made by some Ministers on the Frontiers of this Province, by

† FRANCIS ALISON, Secretary.

ABOUT three Months ago was committed to the Workhouse of Philadelphia, two Negroe Men; one belongs to Daniel Hughes; the other is an old Negroe, and speaks very bad English; and as they have been advertised in the Papers several times, this may serve once more to inform their Masters, that if they do not come in three Weeks from this Date, pay Charges, and take them away, they will be sold for the same by the Keeper of said Workhouse. ⊕ November 17, 1767.

A few CHESTS of BOHEA TEA,

Just imported from London, to be sold cheap, by
CARSAN, BARCLAY and MITCHELL. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to Sale, by public Vendue, at the House of John Snider, in Faulkner's Swamp, on Monday, the 30th Day of November inst. at 2 o' Clock in the Afternoon, a Tract of Land, containing about 27 Acres, with a Log Dwelling-house and Barn erected thereon, bounded by Lands of Johannes Pouse, Joseph Spytill, and others, late the Property of Michael Stoffelt, taken in Execution by William Parr, Esq; late Sheriff, and to be sold by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

STOLEN, the Twelfth of this instant November, from the Porch of Gilbert Deacon, in Water-street, Philadelphia, below the Drawbridge, a light coloured Piece of Kersey, about 20 Yards. Whoever discovers said Cloth, so that the Owner may get it again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, from GILBERT DEACON. ¶

FLEW AWAY, on Tuesday, the 17th Instant,

A MOCKING BIRD.

Whoever has catched such a Bird, by bringing it to the PRINTERS hereof, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Tuesday, the 1st Day of December, at the House of Lawrence Remick, in Worcester Township, on Skippack Road, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a certain Plantation or Tract of Land, lying in Worcester Township, containing about 20 Acres, with a Log Dwelling-house erected thereon, bounded by Lands of Nicholas Workhauser, and Richard Osburn; late the Property of Josiah Evans; taken in Execution by William Parr, Esq; late Sheriff, and to be sold by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On the 27th Day of this instant November, if not sold before at private Sale, at Bridgetown, commonly called Mount-holly, New-Jersey,

A HOUSE and Lot of Ground in said Town; the House is 36 Feet Front on an open Street, and 20 Feet in Depth, three Rooms on the first Floor, Cellars under two of the Rooms, and two Rooms on the second Floor, a Lean-to Kitchen, a Work Shop adjoining the House, about 26 Feet Front, and 18 Feet in Depth, and a Garden back of both House and Shop. A Lot of Ground near the House, containing about one Acre and 56 Perches, through which there is a constant Stream of Water, which renders it suitable for divers Businesses; the House is situated on high Ground, and in pretty good Repair, and in a Town where Trade is more lively than in most small Towns. Any Person inclinable to purchase the Premises, by paying Twenty-five Pounds, may have some Years allowed for paying the Remainder, giving Security, if required, and paying Interest. For further Information, apply to JOHN SMITH, in Burlington, JOHN SHINN, or HENRY PAXSON, in Mount-holly, who will shew the Premises, or JOHN PEMBERTON, in Philadelphia. ¶

Just imported, and to be sold very cheap for ready money, or the usual credit, by

STEPHEN CARMICK,

At his store, in Water-street, the third door above Market-street, viz.

VERY best upperband ticklingburghs, hempen, and the very best hempen sprig linen, brown roles, ell wd. brown hessens, 9-8ths broad fold fine brown and white Russia sheeting, Russia drabs, fine and coarse 3-qr. Russia linen, 9-8ths white and brown Irish sheeting, 7-8ths British linens, low priced, 7-8ths, and fine 7-8ths and yd. wd. Irish linens, blue and white Scotch handkerchiefs, red spotted ditto, spotted bandanoes, lungees, persian taffeties, cotton and linen checks, printed cottons, single purple, two purple, purple ground ditto, fine dark cotton chintz, fine cotton holland, damascus for jackets, English ticken and bed bunts, fine and coarse cambricks and lawns, muslins, mens and womens thread stockings, fine, super and superfine broadcloths, drabs, plains, red and blue duffils, cloth coloured and blue naps, red and white flannels, poplins, dorsetteens, shaloons, camblets, Scotch stitching and coloured threads, small, midling and large pins, tablecloths, sewing silks, buttons and mohair, silk and cotton laces, black and blue cotton velvets, pillow fustian, lettered and scarlet gartering, shirt buttons, writing paper, horse whips, handsaws, augers, files, taylors shears, sham and real buck and ivory knives and forks, ditto in cases, mill-saws, powder and shot, bar lead, frying pans, iron wire, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9 best Bristol crown window glass, G B wool cards, pewter and sadlery in casks, bridles, tea kettles, best four thread black and and cloth coloured knit breeches, crapes, hair shags, silverets, messinets, tapes, nutmegs and pepper, 3, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, small trace chains, tin in boxes, coffee, cocoa; also Turlington's balsam, Scots pills, Bateman's drops, Stoughton's bitters, put up in small boxes, and will be sold very cheap.

To be SOLD at public Vendue, at the London Coffee-House, on Saturday, the 28th of November instant, at 4 o'Clock in the Evening, by the Executors of John Reily, deceased,

A Commodious three Story Brick House, well finished, and almost new, situate on the East Side of Second-street, a little below Chestnut-street, at the Corner of Taylor's Alley; containing in Front, on said Street, 20 Feet and 1 Inch, and in Depth, on Taylor's Alley, 117 Feet, with a Stable and Chaise House thereon; now in the Tenure of Mr. Walter Shee, subject to a Ground-rent of 18 l. per Annum,

Also, a Ground-rent of 12 l. per Annum, issuing out of a certain Lot of Ground on the South Side of Market-street, in the Possession of George Leichler; the Lot containing in Front 19 Feet, and in Depth 118 Feet, with a good Brick Building thereon. Any Person inclining to purchase the above Premises before the Day of Sale, may apply to JOHN ROSS, Esq; JOHN ORD, and Captain JOHN ROSS, Executors aforesaid. ‡

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Saturday, the 5th day of December next, about 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold, by vendue, a messuage, plantation and tract or parcel of good land thereunto belonging, containing about 150 acres, with the moiety or half part of a water corn grist-mill, and the half part of a saw-mill, thereon erected, situate in the township of Willistown, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of Thomas Massey, Andrew Steel Smedley, and Crumb-Creek; there is a large quantity of good meadow on the premises; the ploughable land is good, the mill lately repaired, the dwelling-house is good, and built of stone, a large barn, and other conveniences; upon the whole, it may be said to be a compleat plantation; late the estate of Samuel Grubb, seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Carlisle goal, Cumberland county, October 24, 1767.

WAS committed some time ago, to said goal, on suspicion of being a runaway, a person who called himself ANDREW KEAZ, but has since confessed his name to be JOE DIXON, is a slender, thin faced, little fellow, a collier by trade, speaks the Spanish and Portugueze tongues well, says he was born in Fyall, and is well acquainted about Baltimore-Town. His master, if any he has, is hereby notified to come forthwith, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold, in a short time, for his expences, by

HENRY CUNNINGHAM, Goaler. †

WHITE and CALDWELL,

Have imported from London, in the Ship Nancy and Suckey, Captain Keais,

A LARGE and neat Assortment of WOOLLENS, suitable to the Season; also some best German Steel.

They have also for Sale, at their Store in Chestnut-street, very neat Tin-plate Stoves, and Pig Metal of the best Quality. Tbc.

MOLES PATTERSON,

WRITING-MASTER, in Second-street, one door above Union-street, Philadelphia,

GIVES notice, that BOYS may be boarded with him, on reasonable terms, instructed in English, accompts, &c. and taught in a short time, to write a genteel hand. He has good accommodations for several more than he now has; and as these, under Providence, are the means by which he gets his bread, all who commit children to his care, may be assured, his best endeavours shall not be wanting to improve them in learning, and make them happy in their situations. ¶ 6 w.

Just imported, and to be sold by

DANIEL DRINKER,

Wholesale and retail, at his house, in Walnut-street, between Second and Third-streets,

A Large assortment of white and enamelled stone ware. A neat assortment of china, glass, and sundry other kinds of ware. Also a quantity of Dutch stone pickling jars, butter pots, bottles, jugs and mugs.

N. B. Country shopkeepers and others, may depend upon having them carefully put up, on very reasonable terms. ¶

TO be SOLD, by public vendue, on the 3d day of December next, at the dwelling-house of Gabriel Davis, in the township and county of Gloucester, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, horses, cows and hogs, waggons, plows, harrows, sundry feather beds, chest of drawers, and divers other articles of houshold goods, too tedious to mention. Also, at the same time, will be sold, the following tracts of Land, viz.

No. 1. Contains 178 acres of land, on which is a good brick dwelling-house, two stories high, with four rooms on each floor, a good barn and orchard, 40 acres of land cleared, the rest well timbered, and is good strong land; also about 15 acres of meadow.

No. 2. Contains 200 acres, with a frame dwelling-house, barn and orchard, about 40 acres of land cleared, the rest well timbered, and 20 acres of meadow; both situate on the north side of the north branch of Great Timber Creek, and adjoin each other.

No. 3. Contains 60 acres, with a good dwelling-house thereon, about 10 acres of land cleared, and 5 acres of meadow; all situate on the Great Road leading from Gloucester to Great Egg Harbour, about 5 miles from the town of Gloucester.

No. 4. Contains 5 acres of cedar swamp, a few miles from the above premises; being all late the real and personal estate of the said Gabriel Davis. The conditions will be made known at the day of sale, by SAMUEL CLEMENT, assignee. ¶

For GLASGOW,

The BRIGANTINE PEGGY,

Robert Speir,

MASTER;

Has Part of her Cargoe engaged, and will sail about the 25th Instant; she is a fine strong Vessel, and has good Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, apply to the COMMANDER on board, at Fishburn's Wharff, WILLIAM SEMPLE, or DAVID SPROAT and COMPANY. ¶

For LONDONDERRY,

The SHIP ROSE,

WILLIAM DYSART, Master,

Will certainly sail the 10th of December.

And for DUBLIN,

The SHIP ROSANNA,

PAUL COX, Master;

Will certainly sail the Fifth of December at furthest. For Freight or Passage in either, apply to said Masters at Stamper's Wharff, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY and MITCHELL; who have for Sale, Irish Beef, Rose Butter, best English Cordage, Sail Canvas, No. 1 to 9; and two Anchors, about 1000 Weight each. They have also a neat Assortment of Cottons, Chints, printed Linens, Calicoes, Hosiery, &c. which they will sell on very reasonable Terms. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

By the subscriber, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, the following tracts or parcels of land, viz.

PART of a tract or parcel of land, containing 1000 acres, known by the name of NEWFOUNDLAND, situate on a branch called the Western Run, in the county aforesaid, about 16 miles from Baltimore town; of which there are about 300 acres of cleared land, 25 acres of good meadow, set with timothy and clover, and 60 or 70 acres more of meadow may be made, with very little expence. There is on said land, a large new brick dwelling-house, passage, kitchen, quarter, milk-house, corn-house, stables, barns, and all other out-houses, suitable thereto; a large orchard of exceeding good fruit, the land very rich, level, and full of timber, and kind to any sort of produce, and is well watered in all parts of it; it will be sold all together, or in lots, as the purchasers may chuse.

A tract or parcel of land, adjoining the above tract, containing 100 and odd acres, whereon may be made a piece of choice meadow, at little expence. Any person or persons, inclinable to purchase the said land, may see the same, by applying to Mr. SAMUEL WORTHINGTON, living adjoining thereto.

A tract or parcel of land, containing 400 and odd acres, situated on Gun powder river, in a place called MIDDLE RIVER NECK, in Baltimore county, about 16 miles from Baltimore town, and in sight of Joppa; the land being entirely level, very rich, and vastly full of various sorts of timber, suitable for any kind of business; fish and water fowl, in as great plenty, in their seasons, as in any part of the county; there is of the said land about 120 acres cleared, on which is a good frame dwelling-house, passage and kitchen, quarter for servants, corn-house, stables, good barn, large yard, and garden, a good well, with a pump, and very fine water; all the said improvements are new, except the barn. Any person inclinable to purchase, may apply to Mr. NATHAN NICHOLSON, who will shew them the land. For terms apply to the subscriber in the county aforesaid, VACHEL WORTHINGTON,

N. B. As the above lands are sold for the payment of my creditors, I take this public method of requesting their indulgence for the payment of the money, till the sale of the above lands, when they may depend on being paid, which I hope will be in my power in five or six months at furthest; and as troubling me for the said money will only add costs to the debts, I hope this request will be granted to, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

†6 w. VACHEL WORTHINGTON.

ROBBED, and run away from the ship Meliora, about 2 o'clock in the morning, August 28, then lying at anchor off the mouth of Chester river, two sailors; one named Henry Pratt, aged about 26 years, is a well looking fellow, dark complexion, black curled hair, and of a middle size; the other named John Henry, aged about 22 years, is a short fellow, round face, swarthy complexion, and wears a wig. They carried off the ship's yaul, 18 feet long, four oars, a sprit sail, bent on an oar instead of a mast. Whoever secures both sailors and yaul, and brings them to Queen's town, or to the ship in Wye river, shall receive Four Pistoles, or for the yaul only, One Pistole, and all reasonable charges, paid by

* *JOHN MONTGOMERIE.*

STRAYED away from Isaac Worthington, living in Warwick township, Bucks county, a young sorrel MARE, 4 years old, near 14 hands high, natural pacer, with a star in her forehead, a small snip on her nose, and one of her hind feet white. Whoever takes up said Mare, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, paid by ISAAC WORTHINGTON. §

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